

Avian Influenza Report

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Reporting period: May 11 – May 17, 2014 (Week 20) (Published on May 20, 2014)

Summary

- 1. There were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported by the World Health Organization (WHO). $^{\#}$
- 2. From 2008 to 2013, 32 to 73 confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) were reported to WHO annually. In 2014 (as of May 17), 15 cases were reported by WHO[^].
- 3. During this reporting period, 5 confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) were reported by the National Health and Family Planning Commission (NHFPC). The cases were from Guangdong (3), Hunan (1) and Jiangsu (1). Since March 2013 (as of May 17, 2014), there were a total of 441 cases reported.

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[#] Since November 21, 2012, WHO only publishes information on human cases with avian influenza A(H5N1) infection on a monthly basis in "<u>Influenza at human - animal interface: Monthly Risk Assessment Summary</u>". Cases of human infection with H5N1 will only be reported in Disease Outbreak News for events that are unusual or associated with potential increased risks

[^] According to date of disease onset

This week's highlights

(as of May 17, 2014) (Sources: WHO, NHFPC, CHP and the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE))

Table 1. Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) / avian influenza A(H7N9)

	No. of H5N1 cases (No. of deaths)	No. of H7N9 cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	0(0)	0(0)	-

Table 2. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	-	0(0)	-

For the cumulative no. of human cases by place, please refer to WHO/WPRO website.

Table 3. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Province / Municipality	City / District / Area	Age (years)		Condition at time of reporting	
	China	5(0)	Guangdong	Meizhou	71	M	stable	14/5/2014
In this			Guangdong	Meizhou	86	M	critical	16/5/2014
reporting			Guangdong	Zhongshan	37	M	critical	17/5/2014
period			Hunan	1	74	F	serious	12/5/2014
			Jiangsu	-	66	M	critical	16/5/2014

Table 4. Cumulative number of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) since 2013

been re	d H7N9 human cases have eported in the following countries / areas	Cumulative no. of cases (441 cases in total) (as of May 19, 2014)			
	Zhejiang Province	138			
	Guangdong Province	108			
	Jiangsu Province	54			
	Shanghai Municipality	41			
	Fujian Province	22			
	Hunan Province	23			
	Anhui Province	14			
	Hong Kong [%]	10 (*all cases imported from Guangdong			
		Province)			
Chino	Jiangxi Province	8			
China	Henan Province	4			
	Beijing Municipality	4			
	Guangxi Province [®]	3 ([®] 1 case imported from Guangdong Province			
	Shandong Province ⁺	3 ([†] 1 case imported from Jiangsu Province)			
	Taiwan*	4 (*3 cases imported from Jiangsu Province and 1 case had travel history to Beijing and Jiangsu Province)			
	Guizhou Province [‡]	1 (*imported from Zhejiang Province)			
	Hebei Province	1			
	Jilin Province	2			
Malaysia ^{&}		1 (*imported from Guangdong Province)			

Table 5. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A infections other than avian influenza A(H5N1 / H7N9) reported in the past 6 months

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	-	1	-
		1(1)	Avian influenza A(H5N6): Sichuan Province: A 49-year-old man, reported on 6 May 2014.
Previously			Avian influenza A(H10N8):
reported cases	China		Jiangxi Province: A 75-year-old man, reported on 13 February 2014. ii
		3(2)	Jiangxi Province: A 55-year-old woman, reported on 25 January 2014. iii
			 Jiangxi Province: A 73-year-old woman, reported on 17 December 2013. iv

Table 6. Hong Kong: Confirmed reports of avian influenza A(H5N1) or avian influenza A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds since 2013

	No. of reports of H5N1 in poultry / wild birds	No. of reports of H7N9 in poultry / wild birds	Details
In this reporting period	0	0	-
Cumulative since 2013	1θ	1#	-

^oFor further information, please visit the website of the <u>Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department</u>

^{*} Live poultry imported from Mainland tested positive for H7 avian influenza virus

¹ Detection of avian influenza A(H5N6) virus from a patient in Sichuan closely monitored by DH

ii CHP notified by NHFPC of fatal human case of avian influenza A(H10N8) in Jiangxi

One case of avian influenza A(H10N8) in Mainland closely monitored by DH

CHP notified by NHFPC of human fatal case of avian influenza A(H10N8) in Jiangxi

Table 7. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5) or A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds reported in this week

Places of occurrence	No. of reports of H5N1	No. of reports of H7N9	Details
-	-	-	•

For cumulative reports of avian influenza A(H5N1) or A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds, please refer to the <u>OIE</u> website.

Table 8. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO since 2003 (by onset date) \S

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Overall
Cases	4	46	98	115	88	44	73	48	62	32	39	15	664
Deaths	4	32	43	79	59	33	32	24	34	20	25	6	391
Case Fatality Rate	100%	69.6%	43.9%	68.7%	67.0%	75.0%	43.8%	50.0%	54.8%	62.5%	64.1%	40%	58.9%

[§] Further breakdown by countries is available at WHO website

Countries / areas with documented avian influenza A H5N1, H7N9 or other highly pathogenic avian influenza cases in the recent 6 months (including infections in birds/humans and relevant environmental samples) (Sources: WHO, OIE, NHFPC and official websites; Blue color:

Avian influenza A(H7N9) affected area; Red color: Avian influenza A(H7N9) and avian influenza A(H5N1)/(H5) affected area) * Most recent occurrence in that country / area. (as of 19 May 2014)

Italics: Not listed as an affected area because the case was imported.

Country/ Area	Date of last	Human	Poultry cases/	Wild bird
	report	cases	environmental	cases
	-		samples	
Cambodia	21/03/2014	Y	Y*	N
Canada (not an affected area)	09/01/2014	Y**	N	N
China				
Anhui	28/04/2014	Y* ^{vi}	-	-
Beijing	06/02/2014	Y*vii, viii	-	_
Fujian	29/03/2014	Y*ix	-	-
Guangdong	17/05/2014	Y*x	Y^{xi}	-
Guangxi	11/02/2014	Y ^{xii,xiii}	Y*xiv	_
Guizhou	18/02/2014	Y ^{xv}	$Y^{*^{xvi}}$	N
Hebei	21/12/2013	N	$Y^{*^{ ext{xvii}}}$	N
Hong Kong (not an affected area)	13/04/2014	Y*xviii	Y^{xix}	-
Hubei	13/01/2014	N	Y*xx	N
Hunan	12/05/2014	Y*xxi, xxii	Y ^{xxiii}	_
Jiangsu	16/05/2014	Y*xxiv	-	-
Jiangxi	01/05/2014	Y*xxv	-	-
Jilin	09/05/2014	Y*xxvi	-	-
Macau	18/03/2014	-	Y* ^{xxvii}	-
Shandong	05/03/2014	Y*xxviii	Y ^{xxix}	N
Shanghai	23/01/2014	Y*xxx	-	-
Taiwan	02/05/2014	Y ^{xxxi}	Y*xxxii	N
Yunnan	07/03/2014	N	Y*xxxiii	N
Zhejiang	28/02/2014	Y*xxxiv	Y ^{xxxv}	-
Democratic People's Republic of	22/04/2014	N	Y *	N
Korea				
Egypt	24/03/2014	Y*	Endemic	N
India	21/02/2014	N	Y	Y*xxxvi
Indonesia	22/11/2013	Y*	Endemic	N
Japan	18/04/2014	N	Y*xxxvii	N
Laos	31/03/2014	N	Y*xxxviii	N
Libya	12/03/2014	N	Y *	N
Malaysia (not an affected area)	12/02/2014	Y*xxxix	•	-
Nepal	26/02/2014	N	Y*	N
Republic of Korea	30/04/2014	N	$Y^{*^{xl}}$	N
Vietnam	20/03/2014	Y	Y*	N

WHO reported on 9 January 2014, a new confirmed human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Canada. The patient had visited Beijing from 6 to 27 December 2013, before his symptom onset on 27

On 28 April 2014, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Anhui Province according to the latest report of the Mainland health authority. On 6 February 2014, CHP was notified by NHFPC regarding a human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Beijing Municipality.

on 1 February 2014, a human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) was confirmed in Guangxi Province.

The service of February 2014, a human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) was confirmed in Guangxi Province.

The service of February 2014, specimens from a market in Guangxi Province were tested positive for avian influenza A(H7N9).

[&]quot;On 6 February 2014, CHP was notified by NHFPC regarding a human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Beijing Municipality.
"WHO reported on 9 January 2014, a new confirmed human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Canada. The patient had visited Beijing from 6 to 27 December 2013, before his symptom onset on 27 December 2013.

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On 1 February 2014, a human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) was confirmed in Guangxi Province

on 16 January 2014, CHP was notified by NHFPC regarding an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Guizhou Province, which is imported from Zhejiang Province. The patient became ill when he was working in Zhejiang Province.

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***i On 18 February 2014, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1) was reported on a poultry farm in Guizhou Province.

***ii On 12 December 2013, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2) was reported on a poultry farm in Hebei Province.

***iii On 13 April 2014, CHP confirmed an imported human case of avian influenza A(H5N2) on 13 April 2014, CHP confirmed an imported human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Hong Kong.

***iii In Hong Kong, a number of samples from a batch of live chicken imported from a registered poultry farm in Shunde District of Foshan City of Guangdong Province were confirmed H7 positive on 27 January 2014, (http://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/201401/27/P201401270847.htm)

xx On 13 January 2014, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1) was reported on a poultry farm in Hubei Province.

Other confirmed human cases of avian influenza infections not included in the above table:

(1) On 30 December 2013, CHP recorded a confirmed human case of influenza A(H9N2) affecting a man aged 86 years.

xxi On 12 May 2014, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Hunan Province according to the latest report of the Mainland health authority. xxii On 7 March 2014, WHO reported a confirmed human case of avian influenza A (H5N1) in Hunan Province.

On 7 March 2014, WHO reported a contirmed numan case of avian influenza A (Ta)N1) in runnan ritovince.

xxiii On 7 March 2014, specimens from markets in Hunan Province were tested positive for avian influenza A(H7N9).

xxiv On 16 May 2014, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jiangsu Province according to the latest report of the Mainland health authority.

xxii On 16 May 2014, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jiangsu Province according to the latest report of the Mainland health authority.
xxii On 9 May 2014, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jiangsu Province.
xxii On 9 May 2014, CHP was notified by NHFPC regarding a human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jilin Province.
xxiii On 18 April 2014, Macau SAR reported that environmental samples taken from a market were tested positive for H7N9.
(http://www.gcs.gov.mo/showNews.php?PageLang=C&DataUcn=77827&Member=0)
xxiii On 5 March 2014, CHP was notified by NHFPC regarding an imported human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Shandong Province. The patient became ill when he was in Jiangsu Province.
xxiii On 20 January 2014, specimens from a poultry farm in Shandong Province tested positive for avian influenza A(H5N2).
xxiii On 23 January 2014, CHP was notified by NHFPC regarding an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Shanghai municipality.
One case of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) imported from Mainland China was reported in Taiwan on 25 April 2014.
xxiii On 2 May 2014, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1) in poultry specimen in Taiwan.
xxiiii On 7 March 2014. highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1) in poultry was reported in Yunnan Province.

On 2 May 2014, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(113/12) was detected in a pointly specifical in futuration on 7 March 2014, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1) in poultry was reported in Yunnara Province.

xxxiii On 2 Rebruary 2014, CHP was notified by NHFPC regarding 2 human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Zhejiang Province.

xl On 30 April 2014, avian influenza A(H5N8) was reported on poultry farms in the Republic of Korea

 ${\it Table~10.} \quad \textbf{Confirmed human cases of avian influenza~A(H5N1)~reported~to~WHO~since~} \\ \textbf{2003}$

Country	Cumulative no. of cases (December 2003 to May 2014)	No. of recent cases (February to May 2014)
Azerbaijan	8	0
Bangladesh	7	0
Cambodia	56	9
Canada	1	0
China	47	2
Djibouti	1	0
Egypt	175	2
Indonesia	195	0
Iraq	3	0
Laos	2	0
Myanmar	1	0
Nigeria	1	0
Pakistan	3	0
Thailand	25	0
Turkey	12	0
Vietnam	127	1
Overall	664	14

Table 11. Details of the recent confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO (February to May 2014) (Sources: WHO)

Date of report by WHO	Country	Province / Region	District / City	Sex	Age	Outcome at the time of reporting
07/02/2014	Cambodia	Kampong Thom	Santuk	M	5	Stable
07/02/2014	China	Guangxi	Liuzhou	M	75	Critical
14/02/2014	Vietnam	Dong Thap	-	F	60	Fatal
14/02/2014	Cambodia	Kratie	Snourl	M	8	Fatal
21/02/2014	Cambodia	Kratie	Snourl	M	4	Mild
07/03/2014	China	Hunan	-	F	5	Recovered
07/03/2014	Cambodia	Kampong Cham	Cheung Prey	F	10	-
07/03/2014	Cambodia	Kampong Cham	Ponhea Krek	F	11	-
14/03/2014	Cambodia	Phnom Penh	Khan Por-SenChey	M	3	Fatal
14/03/2014	Cambodia	Kandal	Leuk-Dek	M	8	-
14/03/2014	Cambodia	Kampong Chnnang	Rolea Pa Ear	M	11	Fatal
21/03/2014	Cambodia	Kampot	Banteay Meas	F	2	Fatal
24/03/2014	Egypt	Behaira	-	F	56	-
24/03/2014	Egypt	Demitta	-	M	4	-

Avian Influenza Report is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office, Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health. This report highlights global avian influenza activity in humans and birds.