

Avian Influenza Report

VOLUME 11, NUMBER 25

Reporting period: June 14, 2015 – June 20, 2015 (Week 25)
(Published on June 23, 2015)

Summary

1. There were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported by the World Health Organization (WHO).[#]
2. From 2010 to 2014, 32 to 62 confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) were reported to WHO annually (according to onset date). In 2015 (as of June 20), 139 cases were reported by WHO* (according to onset date).
3. Since the previous issue of Avian Influenza Report, there were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) reported. Since March 2013 (as of June 22, 2015), there were a total of 673 cases reported globally. In the third wave since November 2014 (as of June 22, 2015), 213 cases have been reported in the Mainland.

[#] Since November 21, 2012, WHO only publishes information on human cases with avian influenza A(H5N1) infection in “Influenza at human - animal interface: Monthly Risk Assessment Summary”. Only cases of human infection with H5N1 involved in events that are unusual or associated with potential increased risks will be reported in Disease Outbreak News.

* According to the latest report published in May, 2015.

This week's highlights

(as of June 22, 2015) (Sources: WHO, National Health and Family Planning Commission (NHFPC), Mainland health authorities, Centre for Health Protection (CHP) and World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE))

Table 1. Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) / avian influenza A(H7N9)

| | No. of H5N1 cases (No. of deaths) | No. of H7N9 cases (No. of deaths) | Details |
|---------------------------------|--|--|----------------|
| In this reporting period | 0(0) | 0(0) | - |

Table 2. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1)

| | Place of occurrence | No. of cases (No. of deaths) | Details |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------|
| In this reporting period | - | 0(0) | - |

For the cumulative no. of human cases by place, please refer to [WHO/WPRO](#) website.

Table 3. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9)

| | Place of occurrence | No. of cases (No. of deaths) | Province / Region / Municipality | City / District / Area | Age (years) | Sex | Condition at time of reporting | Date of report |
|------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------|----------------|
| New cases | - | 0(0) | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Geographical distribution of human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) reported in Guangdong since November 2014 (latest case was reported on 7/3/2015)

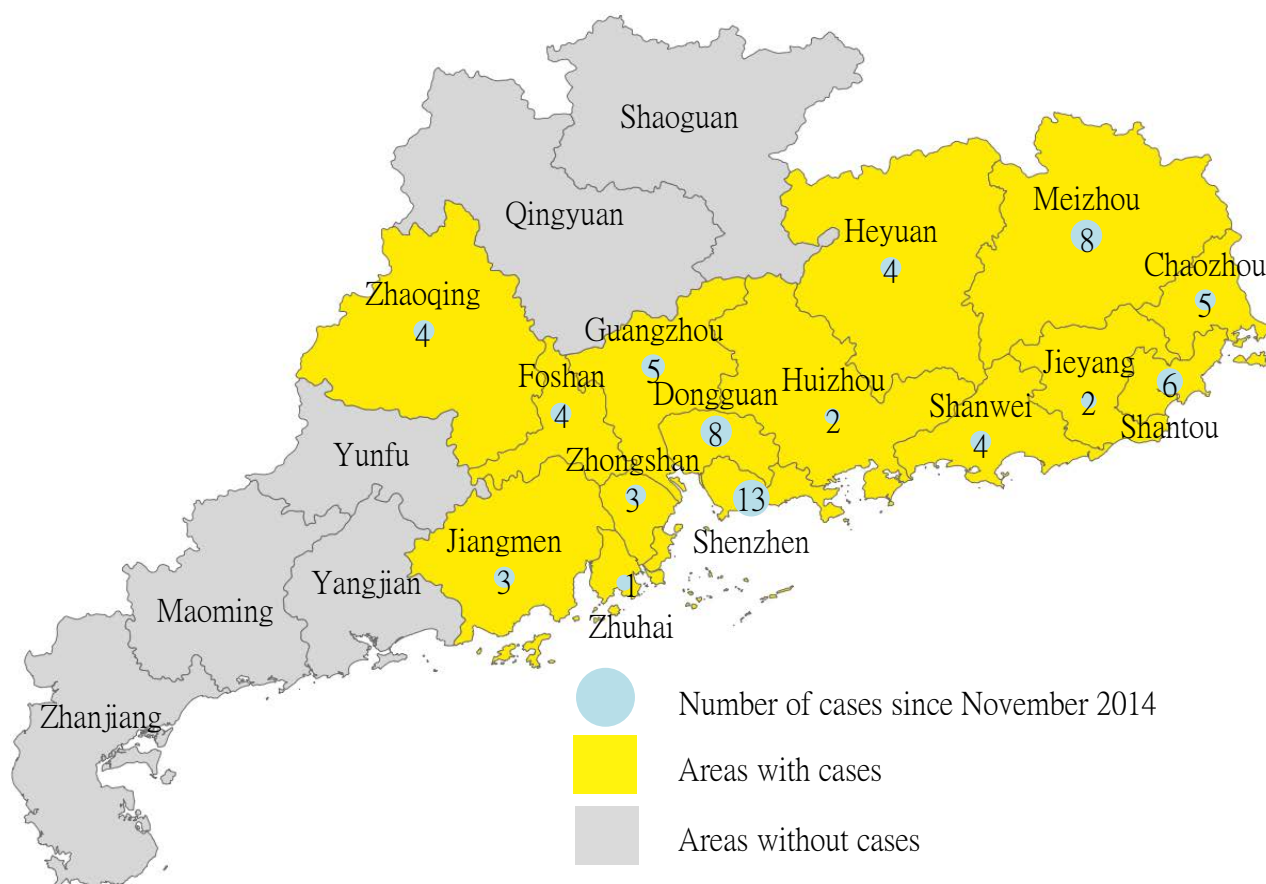


Table 4. Cumulative numbers of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) since 2013 and since November 2014 respectively

| Confirmed H7N9 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas | | Cumulative no. of cases since 2013 (673 cases in total) (as of June 22, 2015) | Cumulative no. of cases since November 2014 (213 cases in total) (as of June 22, 2015) |
|---|----------------------------------|--|---|
| | Zhejiang Province | 183 | 44 |
| | Guangdong Province | 181 | 72 |
| | Jiangsu Province | 77 | 21 |
| | Fujian Province | 63 | 41 |
| | Shanghai Municipality | 48 | 7 |
| | Anhui Province | 28 | 11 |
| | Hunan Province | 26 | 2 |
| | Jiangxi Province | 11 | 3 |
| | Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region | 10 | 7 |
| | Shandong Province | 7 | 2 |
| | Beijing Municipality | 6 | 1 |
| | Henan Province | 4 | - |
| | Guangxi Province | 3 | - |
| | Jilin Province | 2 | - |
| | Guizhou Province | 2 | 1 |
| | Hebei Province | 1 | - |
| | Hubei Province | 1 | 1 |
| Canada | | 2* | 2* |
| Hong Kong | | 13* | 3* |
| Malaysia | | 1* | - |
| Taiwan | | 4* | - |

* All cases imported from Mainland China

Table 5. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A infections other than avian influenza A(H5N1 / H7N9) reported in the past 6 months

| | Place of occurrence | No. of cases (No. of deaths) | Details |
|---|---------------------|------------------------------|--|
| In this reporting period | - | 0(0) | - |
| Previously reported cases (in the past 6 months) | Mainland China | 2(1) | Avian influenza A(H5N6): □ Guangdong Province: A 58-year-old man, reported on December 23, 2014 ⁱ □ Yunnan Province: A 44-year-old man, reported on February 9, 2015 ⁱⁱ |

Table 6. Hong Kong: Confirmed reports of avian influenza A(H5) or avian influenza A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds since 2014

| | No. of reports of H5 in poultry / wild birds | No. of reports of H7N9 in poultry / wild birds | Details |
|---------------------------------|--|--|---------|
| In this reporting period | 0 | 0 | - |
| Cumulative since 2014 | 2 [*] | 2 [#] | - |

* The Government confirmed on April 9, 2015 that the carcass of a peregrine falcon found at a construction site in Hung Shui Kiu, Yuen Long was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that the carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Sai Kung on April 29, 2015 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed on January 27, 2014 that a number of samples from a batch of live chickens imported from a registered poultry farm in Shunde District of Foshan City in Guangdong were tested positive for H7N9 virus.

The Government found on December 30, 2014 a number of samples from a consignment of live chickens from a registered farm in Huicheng District of Huizhou in Guangdong tested positive for H7N9 virus.

ⁱ CHP notified by GHFPC of a confirmed human case of avian influenza A(H5N6) in Guangdong.

ⁱⁱ CHP notified by NHFPC of a confirmed fatal human case of avian influenza A(H5N6) in Yunnan.

Table 7. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5), A(H7N9) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds reported in this week

| Places of occurrence | No. of reports of H5N1 | No. of reports of H5N2 | Details |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Ghana, United States, Taiwan, Mainland China, Israel, Nigeria | 4 | 2 | <p>Ghana: Samples from poultry in Volta Region and Greater Accra Region were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1). (<i>OIE</i>, June 17, 2015)</p> <p>United States: Samples from birds in Wisconsin State and Michigan State, and samples from poultry in Minnesota State, Nebraska State and Iowa State were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2). (<i>OIE</i>, June 17, 2015)</p> <p>Taiwan: Samples from poultry in Yunlin County were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2). (<i>OIE</i>, June 18, 2015)</p> <p>Mainland China: Samples from poultry in Jiangsu Province and Guizhou Province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1). (<i>OIE</i>, June 19, 2015)</p> <p>Israel: Samples from poultry in Hazafon Region were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1). (<i>OIE</i>, June 20, 2015)</p> <p>Nigeria: Samples from poultry in Plateau State were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1). (<i>OIE</i>, June 22, 2015)</p> |

For cumulative reports of avian influenza A(H5N1) or A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds, please refer to the [OIE](#) website.

Table 8. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by onset date) [§]

| | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Overall |
|---------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Cases | 4 | 46 | 98 | 115 | 88 | 44 | 73 | 48 | 62 | 32 | 39 | 52 | 139 | 840 |
| Deaths | 4 | 32 | 43 | 79 | 59 | 33 | 32 | 24 | 34 | 20 | 25 | 22 | 40 | 447 |
| Case Fatality Rate | 100% | 69.6% | 43.9% | 68.7% | 67.0% | 75.0% | 43.8% | 50.0% | 54.8% | 62.5% | 64.1% | 42.3% | 28.8% | 53.2% |

[§] Further breakdown by countries is available at [WHO](#) website

Table 9. Countries / areas with documented avian influenza A H5N1, H7N9 or other highly pathogenic avian influenza cases in the recent 6 months (including infections in birds/humans and relevant environmental samples) (Sources: WHO, OIE, NHFPC and official websites; **Blue color: Avian influenza A(H7N9) affected area (may also include other non-H5N1 highly pathogenic avian influenza A); Red color: Avian influenza A(H7N9) and avian influenza A(H5N1) affected area (may also include other non-H5N1 highly pathogenic avian influenza A)**) * Most recent occurrence in that country / area. (as of June 22, 2015)
Italics: Not listed as an affected area because the case was imported.

| Country/ Area | Date of last report | Human cases | Poultry cases/ environmental samples | Wild bird cases/ others |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Bhutan | 16/04/2015 | N | Y* ⁱⁱⁱ | N |
| Bulgaria | 26/03/2015 | N | Y ^{iv} | Y* ^v |
| Burkina Faso | 09/05/2015 | N | Y* ^{vi} | N |
| Canada | 01/05/2015 | Y* ^{vii} | Y ^{viii} | Y* ^{ix} |
| Cote D'Ivoire | 28/05/2015 | N | Y* ^x | N |
| Egypt | 01/05/2015 | Y* ^{xi} | Endemic | N |
| Germany | 26/01/2015 | N | Y* ^{xii} | Y ^{xiii} |
| Ghana | 17/06/2015 | N | Y* ^{xiv} | N |
| Hong Kong | 05/05/2015 | Y ^{xv} | Y ^{xvi} | Y* ^{xvii} |
| Hungary | 25/02/2015 | N | Y* ^{xviii} | N |
| India | 19/05/2015 | N | Y* ^{xix} | Y ^{xx} |
| Indonesia | 31/03/2015 | Y* ^{xxi} | Endemic | N |
| Iran | 15/06/2015 | N | Y* ^{xxii} | N |
| Israel | 20/06/2015 | N | Y* ^{xxiii} | N |
| Italy | 16/12/2014 | N | Y* ^{xxiv} | N |
| Japan | 20/02/2015 | N | Y ^{xxv} | Y* ^{xxvi} |
| Kazakhstan | 22/05/2015 | N | N | Y* ^{xxvii} |
| Mainland China | | | | |
| Anhui | 12/06/2015 | Y* ^{xxviii} | N | N |
| Beijing | 12/06/2015 | Y* ^{xxix} | N | N |
| Fujian | 12/06/2015 | Y* ^{xxx} | N | N |
| Guangdong | 07/03/2015 | Y* ^{xxxi} | N | N |
| Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region | 25/02/2015 | N | N | Y* ^{xxxii} |
| Guizhou | 19/06/2015 | Y ^{xxxiii} | Y* ^{xxxiv} | N |
| Henan | 16/01/2015 | N | N | Y* ^{xxxv} |
| Hubei | 26/4/2015 | Y* ^{xxxvi} | N | N |
| Hunan | 09/03/2015 | Y* ^{xxxvii} | Y ^{xxxviii} | N |
| Jiangsu | 19/06/2015 | Y ^{xxxix, xl} | Y* ^{xli} | N |
| Jiangxi | 02/05/2015 | Y* ^{xlii} | Y ^{xliii} | N |
| Shandong | 10/04/2015 | Y* ^{xliv} | N | N |
| Shanghai | 11/06/2015 | Y* ^{xlv} | N | N |
| Sichuan | 13/03/2015 | Y* ^{xlvi} | N | N |
| Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region | 04/02/2015 | Y* ^{xlvii} | N | N |

- ⁱⁱⁱ On 16 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Bhutan tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{iv} On 4 February 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Bulgaria tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^v On 26 March 2015, OIE reported that a bird specimen in Bulgaria tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{vi} On 9 May 2015, OIE reported that a poultry specimens in Burkina Faso tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{vii} On 2 February 2015, the Canadian health authorities reported a second human case of avian influenza A(H7N9). The patient had returned to Canada from Mainland China.
- ^{viii} On 28 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Canada were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2).
- ^{ix} On 1 May 2015, OIE reported that a bird sample in Canada was tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).
- ^x On 28 May 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Cote D'Ivoire were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xi} On 1 May 2015, WHO reported additional confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Egypt.
- ^{xii} On 26 January 2015, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8) was reported in birds in Germany.
- ^{xiii} On 9 January 2015, OIE reported that bird specimens in Germany tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).
- ^{xiv} On 17 June 2015, OIE reported that samples from poultry in Ghana were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xv} On 22 February 2015, CHP confirmed an imported human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Hong Kong.
- ^{xvi} On 2 January 2015, OIE reported that samples from live chickens imported from Guangdong were tested positive for avian influenza A(H7N9) in Hong Kong.
- ^{xvii} On 5 May 2015, the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (AFCD) reported that an Oriental magpie robin found in Hong Kong was tested positive for avian influenza A(H5N6).
- ^{xviii} On 25 February 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Hungary tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xix} On 19 May 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in India tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xx} On 25 March 2015, OIE reported that bird specimens in India tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xxi} On 31 March 2015, WHO reported new confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Indonesia.
- ^{xxii} On 15 June 2015, OIE reported poultry samples in Iran were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xxiii} On 20 June 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Israel were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xxiv} On 16 December 2014, specimens from poultry in Italy tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).
- ^{xxv} On 20 January 2015, specimens from poultry in Japan tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).
- ^{xxvi} On 20 February 2015, specimen from a wild bird in Japan tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).
- ^{xxvii} On 22 May 2015, OIE reported that bird specimens in Kazakhstan tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5).
- ^{xxviii} On 12 June 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Anhui Province.
- ^{xxix} On 12 June 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Beijing.
- ^{xxx} On 12 June 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Fujian Province.
- ^{xxxi} On 7 March 2015, CHP received notification from the Health and Family Planning Commission of Guangdong Province regarding additional confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Guangdong Province.
- ^{xxxii} On 25 February 2015, OIE reported that tigers in a zoo in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xxxiii} On 9 March 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Guizhou Province.
- ^{xxxiv} On 19 June 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Guizhou were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xxxv} On 16 January 2015, OIE reported that bird specimens in Henan province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xxxvi} On 26 April 2015, one new human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) was reported by the Health and Family Planning Commission of Hubei Province.
- ^{xxxvii} On 9 March 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Hunan Province.
- ^{xxxviii} On 6 February 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Hunan province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N6).
- ^{xxxix} On 12 June 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jiangsu Province.
- ^{xl} On 28 January 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding a human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Jiangsu Province.
- ^{xli} On 19 June 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Jiangsu province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xlii} On 2 May 2015, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jiangxi.
- ^{xliii} On 9 January 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Jiangxi province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).
- ^{xliv} On 10 April 2015, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Shandong.
- ^{xliv} On 11 June 2015, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Shanghai.
- ^{xlv} On 13 March 2015, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Sichuan.

| Country/ Area | Date of last report | Human cases | Poultry cases/ environmental samples | Wild bird cases/ others |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Yunnan | 03/04/2015 | Y* ^{xlviii} | N | N |
| Zhejiang | 12/06/2015 | Y* ^{lix} | N | N |
| Mexico | 08/04/2015 | N | Y* ⁱ | N |
| Myanmar | 15/05/2015 | N | Y* ⁱⁱ | N |
| Netherlands | 03/12/2014 | N | Y* ⁱⁱⁱ | N |
| Niger | 21/04/2015 | N | Y* ^{liii} | N |
| Nigeria | 22/06/2015 | N | Y* ^{liv} | N |
| Palestinian Autonomous Territories | 13/04/2015 | N | Y* ^{lv} | N |
| Republic of Korea | 13/03/2015 | N | Y* ^{lvi} | N |
| Romania | 30/03/2015 | N | N | Y* ^{lvii} |
| Russia | 10/06/2015 | N | N | Y* ^{lviii} |
| Sweden | 20/03/2015 | N | N | Y* ^{lix} |
| Taiwan | 18/06/2015 | N | Y* ^{lx} | Y ^{lxi} |
| Turkey | 18/05/2015 | N | Y* ^{lxiii} | N |
| United States | 17/06/2015 | N | Y* ^{lxiii} | Y* ^{lxiv} |
| Vietnam | 03/06/2015 | N | Y ^{lxv} | Y* ^{lxvi} |

^{xlviii} On 4 February 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region.

^{xlviii} On 3 April 2015, WHO reported a confirmed human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Yunnan, China.

^{lix} On 12 June 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Zhejiang Province.

ⁱ On 8 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Mexico were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H7N3).

ⁱⁱ On 15 May 2015, OIE reported that samples from poultry in Myanmar were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

ⁱⁱⁱ On 3 December 2014, OIE reported that poultry specimens in the Netherlands were tested positive for avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{lii} On 21 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Niger were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{liv} On 22 June 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Nigeria tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{lv} On 13 April 2015, OIE reported that samples from poultry in the Palestinian Autonomous Territories were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5).

^{lvii} On 13 March 2015, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8) was reported in poultry farms in the Republic of Korea.

^{lviii} On 30 March 2015, OIE reported that birds in Romania tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{lix} On 10 June 2015, OIE reported that wild birds in Russia tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{lx} On 20 March 2015, OIE reported that samples from wild birds in Sweden tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{lxi} On 18 June 2015, OIE reported that highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2) was detected in poultry in Taiwan.

^{lxii} On 17 February 2015, OIE reported that highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2) and A(H5N3) were detected in birds in Taiwan.

^{lxiii} On 18 May 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Turkey tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{lxiv} On 17 June 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in the United States were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2).

^{lxv} On 17 June 2015, OIE reported that wild bird samples in the United States were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2).

^{lxvi} On 22 May 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Vietnam were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{lxvi} On 3 June 2015, OIE reported that samples in birds in Vietnam were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N6).

Table 10. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by date of reporting)

| Country | Cumulative no. of cases (December 2003 to June 2015) | No. of recent cases[^] (March to June 2015) |
|----------------|---|---|
| Azerbaijan | 8 | 0 |
| Bangladesh | 7 | 0 |
| Cambodia | 56 | 0 |
| Canada | 1 | 0 |
| China | 52 | 4 |
| Djibouti | 1 | 0 |
| Egypt | 342 | 115 |
| Indonesia | 199 | 2 |
| Iraq | 3 | 0 |
| Laos | 2 | 0 |
| Myanmar | 1 | 0 |
| Nigeria | 1 | 0 |
| Pakistan | 3 | 0 |
| Thailand | 25 | 0 |
| Turkey | 12 | 0 |
| Vietnam | 127 | 0 |
| Overall | 840 | 121 |

[^] Details of recent cases (March to June 2015) are listed in *Table 11*.

Table 11. Details of the recent confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC (March to June 2015) (Sources: WHO, NHFPC)

| Date of report | Country | Province / Region | District / City | Sex | Age | Outcome at the time of reporting |
|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|------------|---|
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Gharbia | | F | 60 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Matroh | | F | 35 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | M | 35 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | F | 48 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menofiya | | M | 32 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Giza | | F | 31 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menofiya | | F | 42 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | F | 4 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | F | 34 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | F | 16 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | | F | 35 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | | F | 47 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | F | 75 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | M | 36 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | F | 19 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | F | 42 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Suez | | F | 2 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Qaliyoubia | | F | 3 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Qena | | F | 13 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Aswan | | M | 47 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | F | 42 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Qaliyoubia | | M | 3 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Fayoum | | F | 3 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | | F | 35 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sohag | | M | 44 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Alexandria | | M | 2. 5 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Giza | | F | 1. 6 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | F | 38 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Qaliyoubia | | M | 2. 6 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | | M | 16 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | M | 5 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menofiya | | F | 35 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | M | 2 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Assiut | | F | 42 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | M | 42 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | M | 39 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | M | 35 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Giza | | F | 5 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | F | 2 | |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------|----------------|---------|---|-----------|------------|
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | M | 32 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Fayoum | | F | 22 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | | M | 28 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | | F | 4. 5 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Qaliyoubia | | M | 38 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Qaliyoubia | | F | 3. 5 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Fayoum | | F | 3 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | M | 2 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Fayoum | | F | 16 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | | M | 2. 5 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | F | 10 months | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | F | 3 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | | M | 5 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | | M | 27 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Damietta | | M | 17 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | M | 26 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | | F | 32 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menofiya | | F | 32 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Fayoum | | M | 34 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | | M | 45 | Fatal |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | M | 2 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | | F | 20 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Gharbia | | F | 46 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Gharbia | | F | 18 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | F | 2 | |
| 3/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | | M | 1. 5 | |
| 13/3/2015 | China | Sichuan | Suining | M | 46 | Fatal |
| 23/3/2015 | China | Yunnan | Kunming | M | 34 | Serious |
| 25/3/2015 | China | Yunnan | Kunming | M | 17 | Critical |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Kafr el Sheikh | - | F | 22 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | - | M | 5 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | - | M | 3 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | F | 3.5 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Fayoum | - | M | 12 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | - | F | 42 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | F | 43 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Cairo | - | F | 33 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | F | 16 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | F | 24 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | - | M | 55 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Giza | - | F | 43 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Giza | - | F | 53 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Qaliyoubia | - | M | 3 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | - | M | 5 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | - | F | 32 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Qena | - | F | 34 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Qena | - | F | 35 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Menia | - | M | 18 | - |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|----------|---|---------|------------|
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | F | 31 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | - | F | 3 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | - | F | 7 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | M | 50 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | - | F | 77 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Giza | - | F | 25 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Kafr el Sheikh | - | M | 32 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | F | 32 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | - | M | 1.5 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | F | 4 | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sohag | - | F | 28 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Dakahlia | - | F | 7 month | Discharged |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Menoufiya | - | F | 4 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | F | 42 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | - | M | 4 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Fayoum | - | M | 3.5 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Port Said | - | F | 42 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Egypt | Assuit | - | M | 1 | - |
| 31/3/2015 | Indonesia | Banten | - | M | 40 | Fatal |
| 31/3/2015 | Indonesia | Banten | - | M | 2 | Fatal |
| 3/4/2015 | China | Yunnan | Chuxiong | M | 6 | Recovered |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | F | 22 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Sharkia | | F | 42 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Kafr el Sheikh | | F | 30 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Qalyoubia | | F | 32 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Sohag | | M | 58 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Sohag | | F | 16 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Giza | | M | 45 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Kafr el Sheikh | | F | 3 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Qena | | M | 43 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Damietta | | M | 3 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | F | 3 | Discharged |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | M | 43 | Fatal |
| 1/5/2015 | Egypt | Beheira | | F | 31 | Discharged |

Avian Influenza Report is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office, Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health. This report highlights global avian influenza activity in humans and birds.