

Avian Influenza Report

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Reporting period: December 27, 2015 – January 2, 2016 (Week 01)

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Summary

1. There were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported by the World Health Organization (WHO).[#]
2. From 2011 to 2015, 32 to 143 confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) were reported to WHO annually (according to onset date). In 2016 (as of January 2), there were no reported cases by WHO* (according to onset date).
3. Since the previous issue of Avian Influenza Report, one human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Shanghai was reported by the Shanghai Municipal Commission of Health and Family Planning and one human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jiangxi was reported by the Health and Family Planning Commission of Jiangxi Province. Since March 2013 (as of January 5, 2016), there were a total of 686 cases reported globally. Since October 2015 (as of January 5, 2016), nine human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) have been recorded in Mainland China.

[#] Since November 21, 2012, WHO only publishes information on human cases with avian influenza A(H5N1) infection in “[Influenza at human - animal interface: Monthly Risk Assessment Summary](#)”. Only cases of human infection with H5N1 involved in events that are unusual or associated with potential increased risks will be reported in Disease Outbreak News.

* According to the latest [report](#) published in December, 2015

This week's highlights

(Sources: WHO, National Health and Family Planning Commission (NHFPC), Mainland health authorities, Centre for Health Protection (CHP) and World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE))

Table 1. Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) / avian influenza A(H7N9)

	No. of H5N1 cases (No. of deaths)	No. of H7N9 cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	0(0)	0(0)	-

Table 2. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	-	0(0)	-

For the cumulative no. of human cases by place, please refer to [WHO/WPRO](http://www.who.int/wpro) website.

Table 3. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Province / Region / Municipality	City / District / Area	Age (years)	Sex	Condition at time of reporting	Date of report
New cases	Mainland China	1(0)	Shanghai	-	59	M	under treatment	1/1/2016
		1(0)	Jiangxi	Ganzhou City	46	M	stable	5/1/2016

Table 4. Cumulative numbers of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) since 2013 and since October 2015 respectively

Confirmed H7N9 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas		Cumulative no. of cases since 2013 (686 cases in total) (as of January 5, 2016)	Cumulative no. of cases since October 2015 (9 cases in total) (as of January 5, 2016)
Mainland China	Zhejiang Province	189	5
	Guangdong Province	183	2
	Jiangsu Province	78	-
	Fujian Province	63	-
	Shanghai Municipality	49	1
	Anhui Province	30	-
	Hunan Province	26	-
	Jiangxi Province	12	1
	Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region	10	-
	Shandong Province	7	-
	Beijing Municipality	6	-
	Henan Province	4	-
	Guangxi Province	3	-
	Jilin Province	2	-
	Guizhou Province	2	-
	Hebei Province	1	-
	Hubei Province	1	-
Canada		2*	-
Hong Kong		13*	-
Malaysia		1*	-
Taiwan		4*	-

* All cases imported from Mainland China

Table 5. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A infections other than avian influenza A(H5N1 / H7N9) reported in the past 6 months

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	Mainland China	2(0)	Avian influenza A(H5N6): □ Guangdong Province: CHP was notified by Health and Family Planning Commission of Guangdong Province of two human cases of avian influenza A(H5N6) affecting a 26-year-old woman in Shenzhen and a 40-year-old woman in Zhaoqing respectively. Both patients were hospitalised for treatment and in critical condition at the time of reporting. (<i>Family Planning Commission of Guangdong Province</i> , December 29, 2015 and January 1, 2016)
Previously reported cases (in the past 6 months)	Mainland China	1(1)	Avian influenza A(H5N6): □ Yunnan Province: A 37-year-old woman reported on July 11, 2015 ⁱ
		4(0)	Avian influenza A(H9N2): □ Anhui Province: A 4-year-old girl reported on December 14, 2015 ⁱⁱ □ Hunan Province: A two-year-old boy, a fifteen-year-old girl and a one-year-old girl reported on December 14, 2015 ⁱⁱⁱ
	Bangladesh	1(0)	Avian influenza A(H9N2): □ Bangladesh: A 3.5-year-old girl reported on September 4, 2015 ^{iv}

ⁱ Press release of Department of Health (Date: 11 July 2015)

ⁱⁱ The WHO reported one confirmed human case of avian influenza A(H9N2) in Anhui Province of Mainland China in the Monthly Risk Assessment Summary in December.

ⁱⁱⁱ The WHO reported three confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H9N2) in Hunan Province of Mainland China in the Monthly Risk Assessment Summary in December.

^{iv} The WHO reported one confirmed human case of avian influenza A(H9N2) in Bangladesh in the Monthly Risk Assessment Summary in September.

Table 6. Hong Kong: Confirmed reports of avian influenza A(H5) or avian influenza A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds since 2014

	No. of reports of H5 in poultry / wild birds	No. of reports of H7N9 in poultry / wild birds	Details
In this reporting period	0	0	-
Previously reported cases since 2014	3 [*]	2 [#]	-

* The Government confirmed on April 9, 2015 that the carcass of a peregrine falcon found at a construction site in Hung Shui Kiu, Yuen Long was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that the carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Sai Kung on April 29, 2015 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that the carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Kwai Chung on November 17, 2015 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed on January 27, 2014 that a number of samples from a batch of live chickens imported from a registered poultry farm in Shunde District of Foshan City in Guangdong were tested positive for H7N9 virus.

The Government found on December 30, 2014 a number of samples from a consignment of live chickens from a registered farm in Huicheng District of Huizhou in Guangdong tested positive for H7N9 virus.

Table 7. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5), A(H7N9) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds reported in this week

Places of occurrence	No. of reports of H5N2	No. of reports of H5N8	Details
Taiwan	1	1	<p>Taiwan: Samples from poultry in Changhua County, Pingtung County, Yunlin County and Taipei City were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2). (OIE, January 4, 2016)</p> <p>Taiwan: Samples from poultry in Pingtung County, Chiayi County and Kaohsiung City were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A (H5N8). (OIE, January 4, 2016)</p>

For cumulative reports of avian influenza A(H5N1) or A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds, please refer to the [OIE](#) website.

Table 8. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by onset date) [§]

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Overall
Cases	4	46	98	115	88	44	73	48	62	32	39	52	143	844
Deaths	4	32	43	79	59	33	32	24	34	20	25	22	42	449
Case Fatality Rate	100%	69.6%	43.9%	68.7%	67.0%	75.0%	43.8%	50.0%	54.8%	62.5%	64.1%	42.3%	29.4%	53.2%

[§] Further breakdown by countries is available at [WHO](#) website

Table 9. Countries / areas with documented avian influenza A H5, H7N9 or other highly pathogenic avian influenza cases in the recent 6 months (including infections in humans/birds and relevant environmental samples) (as of January 5, 2016)

Country/ Area	Human cases		Poultry cases / environmental samples		Wild bird cases / others	
	Subtype of virus	Date of last report	Subtype of virus	Date of last report (Subtype in this report)	Subtype of virus	Date of last report (Subtype in this report)
Cambodia	-	-	H5	16/11/2015 (H5N1)	-	-
Cote D'Ivoire	-	-	H5	12/11/2015 (H5N1)	-	-
Egypt	H5N1	17/07/2015	Endemic	Endemic	-	-
France	-	-	H5	24/12/2015 (H5N1) 24/12/2015 (H5N2) 24/12/2015 (H5N9)	-	-
Germany	-	-	H7N7	27/07/2015 (H7N7)	-	-
Ghana	-	-	H5	25/12/2015 (H5N1)	-	-
Hong Kong	-	-	-	-	H5	18/11/2015 (H5N6)
Indonesia	-	-	Endemic	Endemic	-	-
Laos	-	-	H5	08/10/2015 (H5N6)	-	-
Mainland China						
Guangdong	H7N9 H5N6	26/12/2015 01/01/2016	H5	14/08/2015 (H5N6)	-	-
Hunan	-	-	H5	11/12/2015 (H5N6)	-	-
Inner Mongolia	-	-	-	-	H5	22/07/2015 (H5N1)
Jiangsu	-	-	H5	14/08/2015 (H5N2)	-	-
Jiangxi	H7N9	05/01/2016	-	-	-	-
Qinghai	-	-	-	-	H5	17/07/2015 (H5N1)
Shanghai	H7N9	01/01/2016	-	-	-	-
Tibet Autonomous Region	-	-	-	-	H5	22/07/2015 (H5N1)
Yunnan	H5N6	11/07/2015	-	-	-	-
Zhejiang	H7N9	11/12/2015	-	-	-	-
Nigeria	-	-	H5	15/12/2015 (H5N1)	-	-
Palestinian Autonomous Territories	-	-	-	-	H5	15/10/2015*
Republic of Korea	-	-	H5	04/12/2015 (H5N8)	-	-
Russia	-	-	-	-	H5	21/08/2015 (H5N1)
Taiwan	-	-	H5	04/01/2016 (H5N2) 04/01/2016 (H5N8)	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	H7N7	13/07/2015 (H7N7)	-	-
Vietnam	-	-	H5	16/12/2015 (H5N1)		

Sources: WHO, OIE, NHFPC and other official websites

*without further subtype information

Table 10. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by date of reporting)

Country	Cumulative no. of cases (December 2003 to January 2016)	No. of recent cases[^] (October 2015 to January 2016)
Azerbaijan	8	0
Bangladesh	7	0
Cambodia	56	0
Canada	1	0
Mainland China	52	0
Djibouti	1	0
Egypt	346	0
Indonesia	199	0
Iraq	3	0
Laos	2	0
Myanmar	1	0
Nigeria	1	0
Pakistan	3	0
Thailand	25	0
Turkey	12	0
Vietnam	127	0
Overall	844	0

[^] Details of recent cases (October 2015 to January 2016) are listed in *Table 11*.

Table 11. Details of the recent confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC (October 2015 to January 2016) (Sources: WHO, NHFPC)

Date of report	Country	Province / Region	District / City	Sex	Age	Outcome at the time of reporting
-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Avian Influenza Report is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office, Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health. This report highlights global avian influenza activity in humans and birds.