

Avian Influenza Report



Avian Influenza Report is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office, Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health. This report highlights global avian influenza activity in humans and birds.

VOLUME 12, NUMBER 41

Reporting period: October 2, 2016 – October 8, 2016 (Week 41)

(Published on October 11, 2016)

Summary

1. Since the previous issue of Avian Influenza Report (AIR), there were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9). Since March 2013 (as of October 8, 2016), there were a total of 798 human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) reported globally. Since October 2015 (as of October 8, 2016), 118 cases have been recorded in Mainland China. The latest case was reported on August 12, 2016.
2. Since the previous issue of AIR, there were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N6). Since 2014 (as of October 8, 2016), 14 human cases of avian influenza A(H5N6) were reported to World Health Organization (WHO) and all occurred in Mainland China. The latest case was reported on June 8, 2016.
3. There were two new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) from Egypt reported by the WHO on October 3, 2016. From 2011 to 2015, 32 to 145 confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) were reported to WHO annually (according to onset date). So far, there have been 10 cases in Egypt in 2016.*

* Since November 21, 2012, WHO only publishes information on human cases with avian influenza A(H5N1) infection in “[Influenza at human - animal interface: Monthly Risk Assessment Summary](#)”. Only cases of human infection with H5N1 involved in events that are unusual or associated with potential increased risks will be reported in Disease Outbreak News. The latest [report](#) was published in October, 2016.

This week's highlights

(Sources: WHO, National Health and Family Planning Commission (NHFPC), Mainland health authorities, Centre for Health Protection (CHP) and World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE))

Table 1. Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5) / avian influenza A(H7N9)

	No. of H5 cases (No. of deaths)	No. of H7N9 cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	0(0)	0(0)	-

Table 2. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases	Province / Region / Municipality	City / District / Area	Age (years)	Sex	Condition at time of reporting	Date of report
New cases	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3. Cumulative numbers of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) since 2013 and since October 2015 respectively

Confirmed H7N9 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas		Cumulative no. of cases since 2013 (798 cases in total) (as of October 8, 2016)	Cumulative no. of cases since October 2015 (121 cases in total) (as of October 8, 2016)
Mainland China	Zhejiang Province	219	35
	Guangdong Province	195	14 [#]
	Jiangsu Province	104	26
	Fujian Province	74	11
	Shanghai Municipality	51	3
	Anhui Province	36	6
	Hunan Province	34	8
	Jiangxi Province	14	3
	Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region	10	-
	Beijing Municipality	9	3
	Shandong Province	9	2
	Hebei Province	4	3
	Henan Province	4	-
	Guangxi Province	3	-
	Guizhou Province	2	-
	Hubei Province	2	1
	Jilin Province	2	-
	Tianjin Municipality	2	2
	Liaoning Province	1	1
Canada		2*	-
Hong Kong		16*	3*
Malaysia		1*	-
Taiwan		4*	-

* All cases imported from Mainland China

Table 4. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H5N6)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Province / Region / Municipality	City / District / Area	Age (years)	Sex	Condition at time of reporting	Date of report
New cases	-	0(0)	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5. Cumulative number of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H5N6) reported to WHO since 2014 and since October 2015 respectively

Confirmed H5N6 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas		Cumulative no. of cases since 2014 (14 cases in total) (as of October 8, 2016)	Cumulative no. of cases since October 2015 (10 cases in total) (as of October 8, 2016)
Mainland China	Guangdong	6	5
	Hunan	2	2
	Yunnan	2	-
	Anhui	1	1
	Hubei	1	1
	Jiangxi	1*	1*
	Sichuan	1	-

* imported case from Guangdong

Table 6. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
New Cases	Egypt	2(2)	Egypt: There were two new fatal human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) virus infection, involving a 3-year-old boy of Fayoum Governorate and a 3-year-old girl of Giza Governorate, Both had exposure to poultry before onset of illness. (WHO, October 3, 2016)

For the cumulative no. of human cases by place, please refer to [WHO/WPRO](http://www.who.int/wpro) website.

Table 7. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by onset date) [§]

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Overall
Cases	4	46	98	115	88	44	73	48	62	32	39	52	145	10	856
Deaths	4	32	43	79	59	33	32	24	34	20	25	22	42	3	452
Case Fatality Rate	100%	69.6%	43.9%	68.7%	67.0%	75.0%	43.8%	50.0%	54.8%	62.5%	64.1%	42.3%	29.0%	30%	52.8%

[§] Further breakdown by countries is available at [WHO](http://www.who.int) website

Table 8. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by date of reporting)

Country	Cumulative no. of cases (December 2003 to October 2016)	No. of recent cases[^] (July 2016 to October 2016)
Azerbaijan	8	0
Bangladesh	8	0
Cambodia	56	0
Canada	1	0
Mainland China	53	0
Djibouti	1	0
Egypt	356	5
Indonesia	199	0
Iraq	3	0
Laos	2	0
Myanmar	1	0
Nigeria	1	0
Pakistan	3	0
Thailand	25	0
Turkey	12	0
Vietnam	127	0
Overall	856	5

[^] Details of recent cases (July 2016 to October 2016) are listed in *Table 9*.

Table 9. Details of the recent confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC (July 2016 to October 2016) (Sources: WHO, NHFPC)

Date of report	Country	Province / Region	District / City	Sex	Age	Outcome at the time of reporting
19/7/2016	Egypt	Cairo	-	M	2	Recovered
19/7/2016	Egypt	Menia	-	F	30	Recovered
19/7/2016	Egypt	Cairo	-	F	8	Recovered
3/10/2016	Egypt	Fayoum	-	M	3	Fatal
3/10/2016	Egypt	Giza	-	F	3	Fatal

Table 10. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A infections other than avian influenza A(H5N1 / H5N6 / H7N9) reported in the past 6 months

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	Mainland China	3(0)	Avian influenza A(H9N2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ Guangdong Province: A 84-year-old woman with onset on February 4, 2015. A 3-year-old boy with onset on July 9, 2016. ▫ Henan Province: A 5-year-old girl with onset on February 1, 2016.
Previously reported cases (in the past 6 months)	Egypt	1(0)	Avian influenza A(H9N2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ Egypt: A 18-month-old boy with onset on April 10, 2016
	Mainland China	4(0)	Avian influenza A(H9N2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ Guangdong Province: A 4-year-old girl with onset on June 10, 2016. A 29-year-old woman with onset on August 8, 2016. ▫ Yunnan Province: A 10-month-old boy with onset on August 7, 2016. ▫ Jiangxi Province: A 4-year-old girl with onset on August 2, 2016.

Table 11. Hong Kong: Confirmed reports of avian influenza A(H5) or avian influenza A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds since 2014

	No. of reports of H5 in poultry / wild birds	No. of reports of H7N9 in poultry / wild birds	Details
In this reporting period	0	0	-
Previously reported cases since 2014	6 [*]	3 [#]	-

* The Government confirmed that the carcass of a peregrine falcon found at a construction site in Hung Shui Kiu, Yuen Long on April 9, 2015 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that the carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Sai Kung on April 29, 2015 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that the carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Kwai Chung on November 17, 2015 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that the carcass of an great egret found in Diamond Hill, Wong Tai Sin on December 31, 2015 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that a chicken carcass found in Lung Kwu Tan, Tuen Mun on February 14, 2016 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that a chicken carcass found in Tai O on February 18, 2016 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed on January 27, 2014 that a number of samples from a batch of live chickens imported from a registered poultry farm in Shunde District of Foshan City in Guangdong were tested positive for H7N9 virus.

The Government found on December 30, 2014 that a number of samples from a consignment of live chickens from a registered farm in Huicheng District of Huizhou in Guangdong were tested positive for H7N9 virus.

The Government confirmed on June 5, 2016 that a sample of faecal droppings of live poultry taken from a poultry stall in Yan Oi Market in Tuen Mun was tested positive for H7N9 virus.

Table 12. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5), A(H7N9) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples reported in this week

Places of occurrence	No. of reports of H5N1	No. of reports of H5N6	Details
Nigeria, Mainland China	1	1	<p>Nigeria: Samples from poultry in Rivers State were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A (H5N1). (<i>OIE</i>, October 4, 2016)</p> <p>Mainland China: Samples from poultry in Gansu Province and Hubei Province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A (H5N6). (<i>OIE</i>, October 8, 2016)</p>

For cumulative reports of avian influenza A(H5N1) or A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds, please refer to the [OIE](#) website.

Table 13. Countries / areas with documented avian influenza A (H7N9) or highly pathogenic avian influenza (including H5 and other subtypes) cases in the recent 6 months (including infections in humans/birds and relevant environmental samples) (as of October 10, 2016)

Country/ Area	Human cases		Poultry cases / environmental samples		Wild bird cases / others	
	Subtype of virus	Date of last report	Subtype of virus	Date of last report (Subtype in this report)	Subtype of virus	Date of last report (Subtype in this report)
Cambodia	-	-	H5	17/05/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
Cameroon	-	-	H5	14/09/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
Cote D'Ivoire	-	-	H5	03/10/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
Egypt	H5N1	19/07/2016	Endemic	Endemic	-	-
France	-	-	H5	19/04/2016 (H5N9) 25/07/2016 (H5N1) 09/08/2016 (H5N2)	-	-
Ghana	-	-	H5	14/09/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
Hong Kong	H7N9	19/04/2016 [#]	H7	05/06/2016 (H7N9)	-	-
India	-	-	H5	12/05/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
Indonesia	-	-	Endemic	Endemic	-	-
Iraq	-	-	H5	25/07/2016*	-	-
Italy	-	-	H7	16/05/2016 (H7N7)	-	-
Korea	-	-	H5	07/09/2016 (H5N8)	-	-
Lebanon	-	-	H5	14/06/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
Macau	-	-	H7	22/06/2016 (H7N9)	-	-
Mainland China						
Anhui	H7N9 H5N6	17/05/2016 03/05/2016	-	-	-	-
Beijing	H7N9	03/06/2016	-	-	-	-
Fujian	H7N9	12/08/2016	-	-	-	-
Gansu	-	-	H5	08/10/2016 (H5N6)	-	-
Guangdong	H7N9	26/05/2016	-	-	-	-
Guizhou	-	-	H5	31/08/2016 (H5N6)	-	-
Hebei	H7N9	12/08/2016	-	-	-	-
Henan	H7N9	21/07/2016 [^]	-	-	-	-
Hubei	H5N6	21/04/2016	H5	08/10/2016 (H5N6)	-	-
Hunan	H5N6	08/06/2016	H5	20/06/2016 (H5N6)	-	-
Jiangsu	H7N9	21/07/2016	-	-	-	-
Jiangxi	H7N9	12/08/2016 [%]	-	-	-	-
Liaoning	H7N9	17/06/2016	-	-	-	-
Shandong	H7N9	11/05/2016	-	-	-	-
Tianjin	H7N9	15/06/2016	-	-	-	-
Zhejiang	H7N9	21/07/2016	-	-	-	-
Mexico	-	-	H7	01/06/2016 (H7N3)	-	-
Myanmar	-	-	H5	16/04/2016*	-	-
Netherlands	-	-	H7	10/06/2016 (H7N9)	-	-
Niger	-	-	H5	02/06/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
Nigeria	-	-	H5	04/10/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
Russia	-	-	-	-	H5	17/06/2016*
Taiwan	-	-	H5	21/09/2016 (H5N2) 22/07/2016 (H5N8)	-	-
Togo	-	-	H5	25/08/2016 (H5N1)	-	-
United States of America	-	-	-	-	H5	26/08/2016 (H5N2)
Vietnam	-	-	H5	01/07/2016 (H5N6) 02/10/2016 (H5N1)	-	-

Sources: WHO, OIE, NHFPC and other official websites [#] imported case from Guangdong [^] exported case to Anhui [%] exported cases to Beijing and Hebei * without further subtype information