

Avian Influenza Report



Avian Influenza Report is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office, Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health. This report highlights global avian influenza activity in humans and birds.

VOLUME 13, NUMBER 48

Reporting period: November 26, 2017 – December 2, 2017 (Week 48)

(Published on December 5, 2017)

Summary

1. Since the previous issue of Avian Influenza Report (AIR), there was one new human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) reported by the National Health and Family Planning Commission (NHFPC) from Yunnan. This was the first reported case since October 2017. Since March 2013 (as of December 2, 2017), there were a total of 1565 human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) reported globally (including 1564 cases in the past five waves).
2. Since the previous issue of AIR, there were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N6). Since 2014 (as of December 2, 2017), 17 human cases of avian influenza A(H5N6) were reported by NHFPC and all occurred in Mainland China. The latest case was reported on November 20, 2017.
3. Since the previous issue of AIR, there were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1). From 2011 to 2016, 10 to 145 confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) were reported to the World Health Organization (WHO) annually (according to onset date). In 2017, there have been so far three cases in Egypt and one case in Indonesia. The latest case was reported on September 27, 2017. *

* Since November 21, 2012, WHO only publishes information on human cases with avian influenza A(H5N1) infection in "[Influenza at human - animal interface: Monthly Risk Assessment Summary](#)". Only cases of human infection with H5N1 involved in events that are unusual or associated with potential increased risks will be reported in Disease Outbreak News. The latest [report](#) was published in October, 2017.

This week's highlights

(Sources: WHO, NHFPC, Mainland health authorities, Ministry of Agriculture of the People's Republic of China, Centre for Health Protection (CHP) and World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE))

Table 1. Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5) / avian influenza A(H7N9)

	No. of H5 cases (No. of deaths)	No. of H7N9 cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	0(0)	0(0)	-

Table 2. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9)

New cases in Mainland China since previous issue of AIR

Province / Region / Municipality	City / District / Area	Age (years)	Sex	Clinical condition at time of reporting	Date of report
Yunnan	Kunming	64	M	Serious	01/12/2017

Table 3. Cumulative numbers of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) since 2013 and since October 2017 respectively

Confirmed H7N9 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas		Cumulative no. of cases since 2013 (1565 cases in total) (as of December 2, 2017)	Cumulative no. of cases since October 2017 (1 case in total) (as of December 2, 2017)
Mainland China	Zhejiang Province	310	0
	Guangdong Province	258	0
	Jiangsu Province	252	0
	Fujian Province	108	0
	Anhui Province	99	0
	Hunan Province	95	0
	Shanghai Municipality	57	0
	Jiangxi Province	52	0
	Sichuan Province	38	0
	Beijing Municipality	35	0
	Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	31	0
	Hubei Province	31	0
	Hebei Province	29	0
	Henan Province	28	0
	Shandong Province	28	0
	Guizhou Province	20	0
	Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region	13	0
	Chongqing Municipality	9	0
	Yunnan Province	8	1
	Shaanxi Province	7	0
	Gansu Province	5	0
	Liaoning Province	5	0
	Tianjin Municipality	5	0
	Jilin Province	3	0
	Shanxi Province	3	0
	Tibet Autonomous Region	3	0
Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region	2	0	
Hong Kong	21*	0	
Taiwan	5*	0	
Canada	2*	0	
Macao	2#	0	
Malaysia	1*	0	

* All cases imported from Mainland China

The latest case imported from Mainland China

Table 4. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H5N6)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Province / Region / Municipality	City / District / Area	Age (years)	Sex	Condition at time of reporting	Date of report
New cases	-	0(0)	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 5. Cumulative number of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H5N6) since 2014 and since November 2016 respectively

Confirmed H5N6 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas		Cumulative no. of cases since 2014 (17 cases in total) (as of December 2, 2017)	Cumulative no. of cases since January 2017 (1 case in total) (as of December 2, 2017)
Mainland China	Guangdong Province	6	-
	Hunan Province	3	-
	Yunnan Province	2	-
	Anhui Province	1	-
	Hubei Province	1	-
	Jiangxi Province	1*	-
	Sichuan Province	1	-
	Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	2	1

* imported case from Guangdong

Table 6. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) since previous issue of AIR

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
New cases	-	0(0)	-

For the cumulative no. of human cases by place, please refer to [WHO](#) website.

Table 7. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by onset date) §

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Overall
Cases	4	46	98	115	88	44	73	48	62	32	39	52	145	10	4	860
Deaths	4	32	43	79	59	33	32	24	34	20	25	22	42	3	2	454
Case fatality rate	100%	69.6%	43.9%	68.7%	67.0%	75.0%	43.8%	50.0%	54.8%	62.5%	64.1%	42.3%	29.0%	30.0%	50.0%	52.8%

§ Further breakdown by countries is available at [WHO](#) website

Table 8. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by date of reporting)

Country	Cumulative no. of cases (December 2003 to December 2017)	No. of recent cases [^] (September 2017 to December 2017)
Azerbaijan	8	0
Bangladesh	8	0
Cambodia	56	0
Canada	1	0
Mainland China	53	0
Djibouti	1	0
Egypt	359	0
Indonesia	200	1
Iraq	3	0
Laos	2	0
Myanmar	1	0
Nigeria	1	0
Pakistan	3	0
Thailand	25	0
Turkey	12	0
Vietnam	127	0
Overall	860	1

[^] Details of recent cases (September 2017 to December 2017) are listed in *Table 9*.

Table 9. Details of the recent confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO (September 2017 to December 2017) (Sources: WHO)

Date of report	Country	Province / Region	District / City	Sex	Age	Outcome at the time of reporting
27/09/2017	Indonesia	-	-	M	child	Died

Table 10. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A infections other than avian influenza A(H5N1 / H5N6 / H7N9) reported in the past 6 months

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	Mainland China	1(0)	Avian influenza A(H9N2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ Hunan Province: A 20-month-old girl with onset on November 27, 2017.
Previously reported cases (onset in the past 6 months)	Mainland China	1(0)	Avian influenza A(H9N2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ Hunan Province: A 9-month-old baby boy with onset on September 18, 2017.

Table 11. Hong Kong: Confirmed reports of avian influenza A(H5) or avian influenza A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples since 2014

	No. of reports of H5 in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples	No. of reports of H7N9 in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples	Details
In this reporting period	0	0	-
Previously reported cases since 2014	9*	3 [#]	-

* [Carcass of a peregrine falcon found in Yuen Long on April 9, 2015 \(H5N6\)](#)

[Carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Sai Kung on April 29, 2015 \(H5N6\)](#)

[Carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Kwai Chung on November 17, 2015 \(H5N6\)](#)

[Carcass of a great egret found in Wong Tai Sin on December 31, 2015 \(H5N6\).](#)

[Chicken carcass found in Tuen Mun on February 14, 2016 \(H5N6\)](#)

[Chicken carcass found in Tai O on February 18, 2016 \(H5N6\)](#)

[Samples of faecal droppings collected at Mai Po Nature Reserve on November 25, 2016 \(H5N6\)](#)

[A sample of faecal droppings collected at Mai Po Nature Reserve on November 30, 2016 \(H5N6\)](#)

[A dead red-whiskered bulbul collected at Kowloon City on April 7, 2017 \(H5N6\)](#)

[Samples from a batch of live chickens imported from a registered poultry farm in Shunde District of Foshan in Guangdong were tested positive for H7N9 virus on January 27, 2014.](#)

[Samples from a consignment of live chickens from a registered farm in Huicheng District of Huizhou in Guangdong were tested positive for H7N9 virus on December 30, 2014.](#)

[A sample of faecal droppings of live poultry taken from a poultry stall in Yan Oi Market in Tuen Mun was tested positive for H7N9 virus on June 5, 2016.](#)

Table 12. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples reported in this week – number of reports for various subtypes of virus

Subtype of virus	No. of reports
H5N2	1
H5N8	1

Table 13. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples reported in this week – details of reports

Places of occurrence	Details	OIE Report Date
South Africa	Samples from poultry in Western Cape Province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A (H5N8).	November 28, 2017
Taiwan	Samples from poultry in Yunlin were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A (H5N2).	November 29, 2017

For cumulative reports of avian influenza A(H5) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds, please refer to the [OIE](#) website.

Table 14. Countries / areas with documented human infection with avian influenza A (H7N9) or highly pathogenic avian influenza (including infections in humans/birds and relevant environmental samples) in the recent 6 months (as of December 4, 2017)

Country/ Area	Human cases		Poultry cases / environmental samples		Wild bird cases / others	
	Subtype of virus	Date of last report	Subtype of virus	Date of last report (Subtype in this report)	Subtype of virus	Date of last report (Subtype in this report)
Belgium	-	-	H5	19/06/2017 (H5N8)	H5	12/07/2017 (H5N8)
Bulgaria	-	-	H5	14/11/2017 *	-	-
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	H5	24/10/2017 (H5N8)
Democratic Republic of the Congo	-	-	H5	19/07/2017 (H5N8)	-	-
Egypt	-	-	Endemic (H5)	Endemic (H5N1)	-	-
Finland	-	-	-	-	H5	22/06/2017*
France	-	-	H5	05/07/2017 (H5N8)	-	-
Germany	-	-	H5	31/08/2017 (H5N8)	H5	23/10/2017 (H5N8)
Hungary	-	-	-	-	H5	09/10/2017 (H5N8)
Indonesia	H5N1	01/09/2017	Endemic (H5)	Endemic (H5N1)	-	-
Italy	-	-	H5	23/11/2017 (H5N8)	H5	10/11/2017 (H5N8)
Japan	-	-	-	-	H5	24/11/2017 (H5N6)
Korea	-	-	H5	19/11/2017 (H5N6) 20/11/2017 (H5N8)	H5	26/06/2017 (H5N8)
Laos	-	-	H5	10/08/2017 (H5N1)	-	-
Luxembourg	-	-	H5	09/06/2017 (H5N8)	-	-
Mainland China						
Anhui	H7N9	17/06/2017	H5	23/10/2017 (H5N6)	-	-
Fujian	H7N9	19/07/2017	H7	13/06/2017 (H7N9)	-	-
Guangxi	H7N9 H5N6	06/06/2017 07/11/2017	H7	13/06/2017 (H7N9)	-	-
Guizhou	H7N9	23/06/2017	H5	28/08/2017 (H5N6)	-	-
Hebei	H7N9	12/06/2017	-	-	-	-
Heilongjiang	-	-	H7	23/06/2017 (H7N9)	-	-
Hunan	H7N9	27/08/2017	H7	09/05/2017 (H7N9)	-	-
Inner Mongolia	H7N9	05/06/2017	H7 H5	13/06/2017 (H7N9) 04/08/2017 (H5N1)	-	-
Jiangsu	H7N9	09/08/2017	-	-	-	-
Liaoning	H7N9	03/09/2017	-	-	-	-
Shaanxi	-	-	H7	01/06/2017 (H7N9)	-	-
Shandong	H7N9	03/06/2017	-	-	-	-
Shanxi	H7N9	22/06/2017	-	-	-	-
Sichuan	H7N9	12/06/2017	-	-	-	-
Tianjin	H7N9	12/06/2017	-	-	-	-
Xinjiang	H7N9	07/08/2017	-	-	-	-
Yunnan	H7N9	21/11/2017	-	-	-	-
Zhejiang	H7N9	01/06/2017	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	H5	25/09/2017 (H5N1)	-	-
Myanmar	-	-	H5	03/08/2017 (H5N1)	-	-
Netherlands	-	-	-	-	H5	01/06/2017 (H5N5)
Nigeria	-	-	H5	15/06/2017 (H5N1) 08/09/2017 (H5N8)	-	-
Philippines	-	-	H5	25/08/2017 (H5N6)	-	-
Russia	-	-	H5	23/10/2017 (H5N8)	H5	23/11/2017 (H5N8)
South Africa	-	-	H5	28/11/2017 (H5N8)	H5	13/11/2017 (H5N8)
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	H5	22/09/2017 (H5N8)
Taiwan	-	-	H5	29/11/2017 (H5N2) 11/10/2017 (H5N8)	-	-
Togo	-	-	H5	03/07/2017 (H5N1)	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	H5	05/06/2017 (H5N8)	H5	07/08/2017 (H5N8)
Vietnam	-	-	H5	28/08/2017 (H5N1) 27/09/2017 (H5N6)	-	-
Zimbabwe	-	-	H5	01/06/2017 (H5N8)	-	-

Sources: WHO, OIE, NHFPC and other official websites

* without further subtype information