

Flu Express

流感速遞



Flu Express is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office of the Centre for Health Protection. It monitors and summarizes the latest local and global influenza activities.

流感速遞是由衛生防護中心呼吸疾病辦事處每星期出版有關監測本地及世界各地的流行性感冒流行情況的總結報告。

Local Situation of Influenza Activity (as of April 27, 2011)

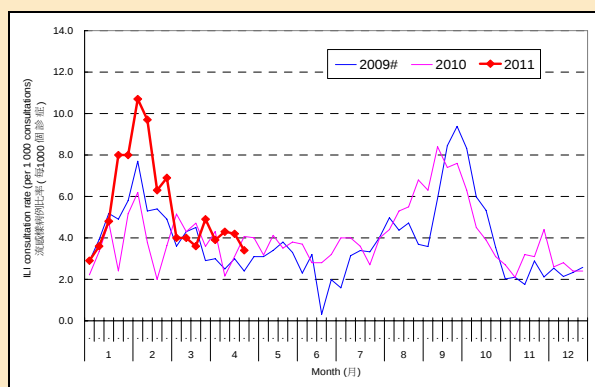
本地流感流行情況 (截至2011年4月27日)

Reporting period: April 17 – 23, 2011 (Week 17) 報告週期：2011 年 4 月 17 至 23 日(第 17 週)

- The overall influenza activity remained at the baseline level.
整體流感活躍程度維持在基線水平。

Figure 1: Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel general outpatient clinics[#], 2009-11

圖一：定點普通科診所的流感樣病例監測[#]，

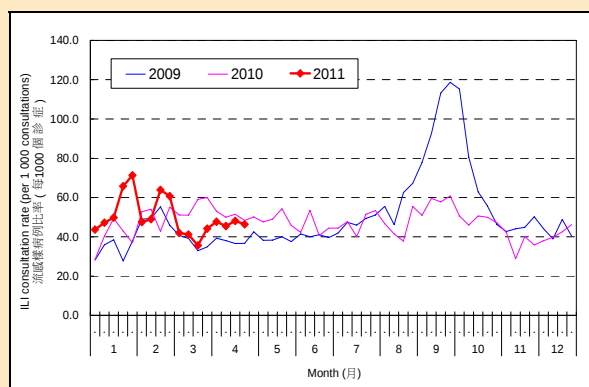


In week 17, the average consultation rate for influenza-like illness (ILI) among sentinel general outpatient clinics (GOPCs) was 3.4 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 1).

在第 17 週，定點普通科診所呈報的流感樣病例個案平均數為 3.4 宗（每千個診症計）（圖一）。

Figure 2: Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel private doctors, 2009-11

圖二：定點私家醫生的流感樣病例監測，2009-11



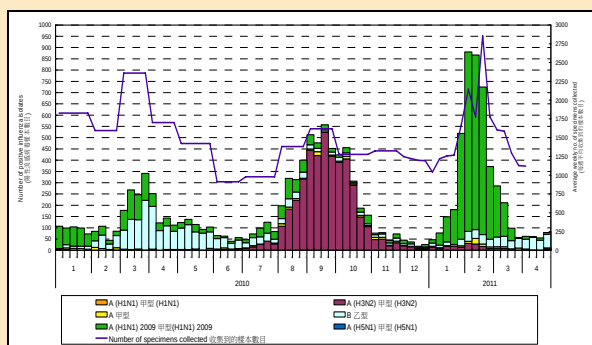
In week 17, the average consultation rate for ILI among sentinel private doctors was 46.4 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 2).

在第 17 週，定點私家醫生呈報的流感樣病例個案平均數為 46.4 宗（每千個診症計）（圖二）。

[#] During the operation of the 8 Designated Flu Clinics (DFCs) from week 25 of 2009 to week 21 of 2010, statistics from the eight DFCs were not included in the ILI surveillance among sentinel GOPC.

在八間指定流感診所運作期間(由 2009 年的第 25 週至 2010 年的第 21 週)，定點普通科診所的流感樣病例監測沒有包括八間指定流感診所的統計數字。

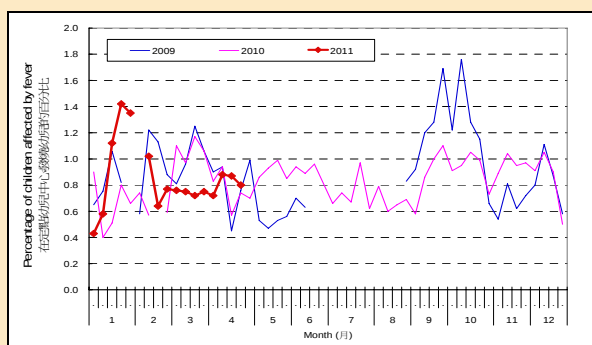
Figure 3: Influenza virus detections (Laboratory surveillance), 2010-11
圖三：流行性感冒病毒化驗數目 (實驗室監測), 2010-11



In week 17, the number of influenza viruses detected in the Public Health Laboratory Centre was 79, including 60 influenza B viruses, 8 influenza A (H1N1)2009 viruses, 6 influenza A (H3) viruses and 5 influenza A viruses (Figure 3).

在第 17 週，公共衛生檢測中心共檢測到 79 個流行性感冒病毒的樣本，當中包括 60 個乙型流感病毒樣本、8 個甲型 (H1N1)2009 流感病毒樣本、6 個甲型 (H3) 流感病毒樣本及 5 個甲型流感病毒樣本 (圖三)。

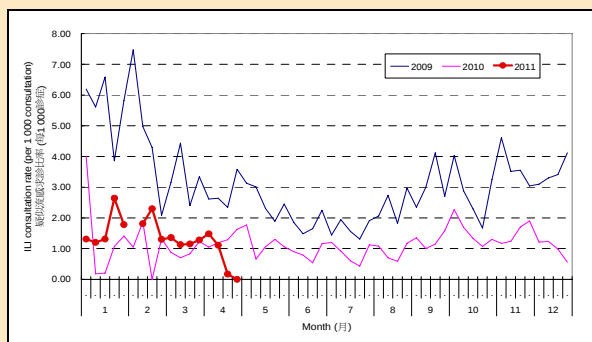
Figure 5: Fever surveillance at sentinel child care centres/kindergartens, 2009-11
圖五：定點幼兒中心/幼稚園的發燒監測, 2009-11



In week 17, 0.80% of children in the sentinel child care centres/ kindergartens had fever (Figure 5).

在第 17 週，0.80% 定點幼兒中心/幼稚園的幼兒出現發燒徵狀 (圖五)。

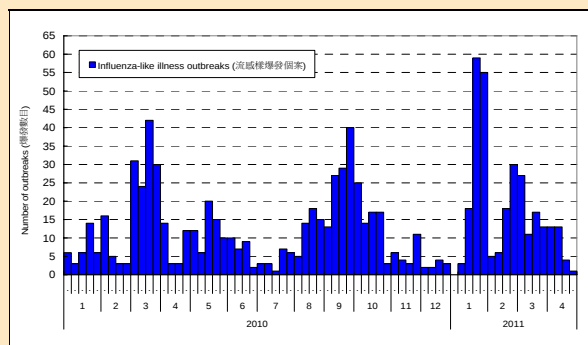
Figure 7: Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel Chinese medicine practitioners, 2009-11
圖七：中醫師的疑似流感監測, 2009-11



In week 17, the average consultation rate for ILI among Chinese Medicine Practitioners was 0 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 7).

在第 17 週，定點中醫師呈報的疑似流感個案平均數為 0 宗 (每千個診症計) (圖七)。

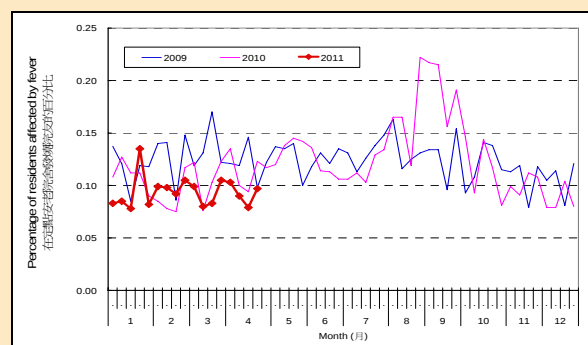
Figure 4: Influenza-like illness outbreak monitoring, 2010-11
圖四：流感樣爆發監測, 2010-11



In week 17, 1 ILI outbreak occurring in schools/ institutions was recorded (Figure 4). In the first 4 days of week 18 (April 24 to 27, 2011), 2 ILI outbreak occurring in schools/ institutions was recorded.

在第 17 週，本中心錄得 1 宗在學校/院舍發生的流感樣爆發的報告 (圖四)。第 18 週的首 4 天 (2011 年 4 月 24 至 27 日) 有 2 宗學校/院舍發生的流感樣爆發的報告。

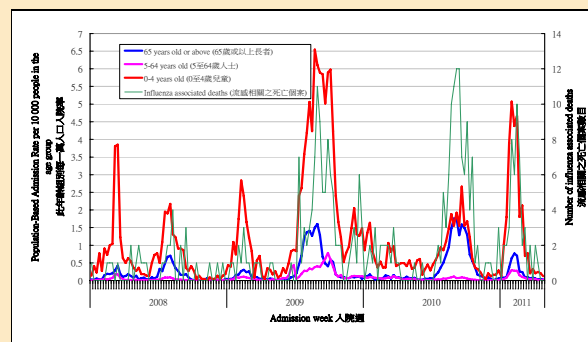
Figure 6: Fever surveillance at sentinel residential care homes for the elderly, 2009-11
圖六：定點安老院舍的發燒監測, 2009-11



In week 17, 0.10% of residents in the sentinel residential care homes for the elderly had fever (Figure 6).

在第 17 週，0.10% 定點安老院舍的院友出現發燒徵狀 (圖六)。

Figure 8: Influenza associated hospital admission rates and deaths based on discharge coding, 2008-11
圖八：出院診斷為流感的入院率及死亡數字, 2008-11



In week 17, hospital admission rates with principal diagnosis of influenza for persons aged 0 - 4 years, 5-64 years and 65 years or above were 0.12, 0.02 and 0.03 cases respectively (per 10,000 people in the age group) (Figure 8). Weekly number of deaths with any diagnosis of influenza in public hospitals is also shown in the figure above.

在第 17 週，0 - 4 歲小童、5-64 歲人士及 65 歲或以上人士主要診斷為流感的入院率分別為 0.12, 0.02 和 0.03 宗 (該年齡組別每一萬人口) (圖八)。上圖亦顯示在公立醫院任何出院診斷包括流感之死亡個案數字。

Surveillance of severe paediatric influenza-associated complication/death

兒童流感相關之嚴重併發症／死亡個案的監測

- In week 17 and the first 4 days of week 18 (April 24 to 27, 2011), there was no new report of severe paediatric influenza-associated complication/death.
第17週及第18週的首4天(2011年4月24至27日)均沒有新的兒童流感相關之嚴重併發症／死亡個案的報告。

Note: The data reported are provisional figures and subject to further revision.

註：現時報告的是臨時數據，可能會因資料的更新而作出修訂。

Surveillance of Tamiflu resistant human swine influenza infection

人類感染豬型流感病毒對特敏福呈抗藥性個案的監測

- In week 17 and the first 4 days of week 18 (April 24 to 27, 2011), there was no new report of oseltamivir (Tamiflu) resistant human swine influenza infection. There are totally 16 reports of resistance to Tamiflu in strains of human swine influenza virus detected in Hong Kong since 2009.
第17週及第18週的首4天(2011年4月24至27日)均沒有新的人類豬型流感病毒對奧司他韋（特敏福）呈抗藥性個案。自2009年至今，本港共有十六宗人類豬型流感病毒對特敏福出現抗藥性的個案。

Global Situation of Influenza Activity

世界各地的流感流行情況

- In the United States (week ending April 16, 2011), influenza activity continued to decrease, and the ILI consultation rate was below the national baseline level.
美國的流感活躍程度持續下降，而流感樣病例求診率維持在基線水平之下（截至2011年4月16日的一週）。
- In Canada (week ending April 16, 2011), the ILI consultation rate slightly increased, but all other indicators of influenza activity decreased.
加拿大的流感樣病例求診率輕微上升，但所有其他監測指數則下降（截至2011年4月16日的一週）。
- In Singapore (week ending April 23, 2011), it was reported that the number of consultations for acute respiratory infections declined compared to the previous week.
新加坡的報告顯示急性呼吸道感染的求診個案數字較上週回落（截至2011年4月23日的一週）。
- In Europe (week ending April 17 2011), influenza activity had returned to pre-season levels in most countries.
歐洲大部分國家的流感活躍程度已回落至流感季節前之低水平（截至2011年4月17日的一週）。
- In the United Kingdom (as of April 21, 2011), influenza activity remained low in England, Wales, Scotland and North Ireland. From September 6, 2010 until April 20, 2011, a total of 592 fatal cases have been verified by UK's Health Protection Agency as related to influenza infection, mostly due to influenza A (H1N1) 2009. The majority of death cases did not receive the influenza vaccine.
在英國，英格蘭、威爾斯、蘇格蘭及北愛爾蘭的流感活躍程度維持在低水平（截至2011年4月21日）。自2010年9月6日至2011年4月20日，英國衛生防護局確認592宗與流感感染有關的死亡個案，主要是由甲型流感（H1N1）2009病毒引致，大部份死亡個案並沒有接種流感疫苗。

Sources (資料來源):

United States (美國): <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/>

Canada (加拿大): <http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/index-eng.php>

Singapore (新加坡): <http://www.moh.gov.sg/mohcorp/statisticsweeklybulletins.aspx>

Europe (歐洲): <http://www.euroflu.org/index.php>

United Kingdom (英國):

<http://www.hpa.org.uk/Topics/InfectiousDiseases/InfectionsAZ/SeasonalInfluenza/EpidemiologicalData/03influsweeklyreportpdfonly/>