

Guidelines for Hand Hygiene

Many infectious diseases can be transmitted through direct contact. If hands are contaminated with pathogens, especially when they are soiled with respiratory discharge or faecal matters, diseases include dysentery, cholera, hepatitis, influenza, and hand, foot and mouth disease can be spread easily. Observance of hand hygiene is the prerequisite of the prevention of the spread of communicable diseases. There are two ways to achieve hand hygiene including good handwashing and proper use of alcohol-based handrub.

When do we perform Hand Hygiene?

1. Before touching the eyes, nose and mouth
2. Before eating or handling food
3. After using the toilet
4. When hands are contaminated by respiratory secretions, e.g. after coughing or sneezing
5. After touching public installations or equipment, such as escalator handrails, elevator control panels or door knobs
6. After changing diapers or handling soiled articles when looking after young children or the sick
7. Before and after visiting hospitals, residential care homes or caring for the sick.
8. After making contact with animals, poultry or their droppings.

In general, we should wash hands with soap and water when hands are visibly dirty or visible soiled with blood, body fluid after using the toilet or changing the diapers. When hands are not visibly soiled, 70-80% alcohol-based handrub is also effective for disinfection.

Steps for Hand Hygiene

a) Handwashing with soap and water:

1. Wet hands under running water.
2. Apply liquid soap and rub hands together to make a soapy lather.
3. Away from the running water, rub the palms, back of hands, between fingers, back of fingers, thumbs, finger tips and wrists. Do this for at least 20 seconds.
4. Rinse hands thoroughly under running water.
5. Dry hands thoroughly with either a clean cotton towel, a paper towel, or a hand dryer.
6. The cleaned hands should not touch the water tap directly again.
 - The tap may be turned off by after splashing water to clean the faucet ; or
 - using the paper towel wrapping the faucet.

Please note:

- Towels should never be shared.
- Used paper towel should be properly disposed.
- Personal towels to be reused must be stored properly and washed at least once daily.

It is even better to have more than one towel for frequent replacement.

b) Use of alcohol-based handrub

- Apply a palmful of alcohol-based handrub and cover all surfaces of the hands. Rub the palms, back of hands, between fingers, back of fingers, thumbs, finger tips and wrists for at least 20 seconds until the hands are dry. The picture below demonstrates the 7 steps in the use of alcohol-based handrub.



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