監測及流行病學處



And Epidemiology Branch

本署檔號 Our Ref. : (98) in DH/SEB/CD/8/19/1

來函檔號 Your Ref :

電 話 Tel.

傳 真 Fax No. : 2711 4847 14 October 2015

Dear Doctor,

Vigilance against acute gastroenteritis

I would like to draw your attention to the prevention of acute gastroenteritis (AGE) in the community. The activity of AGE has increased in the past few weeks and we are closely monitoring the situation.

The Centre for Health Protection (CHP) of the Department of Health (DH) recorded an increased number of institutional outbreaks of acute gastroenteritis in the past four weeks. There were five and eight institutional AGE outbreaks recorded for week 41 (week ending 10 October) and the first three days of week 42 (week ending 17 October) respectively as compared with zero to three outbreaks per week in the previous months.

Acute gastroenteritis is usually caused by norovirus or rotavirus infection. It is highly contagious and can be transmitted by consumption of contaminated food, contact with the vomitus or excreta of the infected persons, contaminated objects and aerosol spread with contaminated droplets of splashed vomitus. Symptoms include nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain, fever and malaise. Although infections are usually mild and self-limiting, they are highly infectious and may result in outbreaks that are difficult to control. It is a frequent cause of outbreaks in institutions. Such outbreaks may occur throughout the year but are known to occur more frequently in winter months.

We would like to seek your assistance in providing the following health advices to the patients and persons who take care of them. In particular,

- 1. Maintain high standards of personal, food and environmental hygiene;
- 2. Wash hands before handling food and eating, and after going to the toilet;



disease prevention and control

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- 3. Cook all food, particularly shellfish, thoroughly before consumption;
- 4. Refrain from work or school, and seek medical advice if suffering from vomiting or diarrhea;
- 5. Clean up vomitus appropriately:
 - Keep other people away from the area during the cleaning process.
 - Wear gloves and a mask while removing the vomitus.
 - Use disposable towels to wipe away all the vomitus from outside inward, before applying diluted bleach (1 in 49) to the surface and the neighbouring area (e.g. within 2 metres of the vomitus).
 - Leave bleach on the soiled surface for 15-30 minutes to allow time for the bleach to inactivate viruses before rinsing the surface with water and mop dry.
 - Floor mops should not be used for cleaning the vomitus.
 - Wash hands thoroughly afterwards

If you suspect an acute gastroenteritis outbreak occurring in an institution, please report to the Central Notification Office of CHP as soon as possible via fax (2477 2770) or phone (2477 2772) during office hours, or call our Medical Control Officer (pager: 7116 3300 call 9179) outside office hours.

Please draw the attention of the healthcare professionals and supporting staff in your institution/ working with you to the above. Thank you for your unfailing support in prevention and control of communicable diseases.

Yours faithfully,

(Dr SK CHUANG)

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for Controller, Centre for Health Protection

Department of Health

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