# Swine and Seasonal Flu Monitor



# 人類豬型流感及季節性流感直擊

Swine and Seasonal Flu Monitor is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office of the Centre for Health Protection. It summarizes and monitors the weekly situation of HSI and seasonal influenza in Hong Kong.

人類豬型流感及季節性流感直擊是由衞生防護中心呼吸疾病辦事處每星期報告及總結有關人類豬型流感及季節性流感的資訊。

# Local situation on Human Swine Influenza (Pandemic influenza H1N1(2009)) (as of Apr 14, 2010)

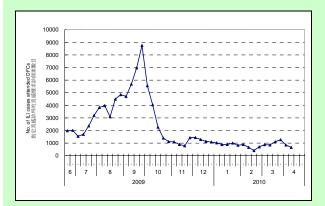
本港人類豬型流感 (流感大流行H1N1(2009)) 的情況 (截至2010年4月14日)

- As indicated by the latest surveillance data, the activity of Human Swine Influenza (HSI) in the community remains at a low level. 最新的監測數據顯示人類豬型流感在社區的活躍程度保持在低水平。
- As of Apr 14, 2010, 26 patients with HSI infection remained in public hospitals. 截至二零一零年四月十四日,26 名患上人類豬型流感的病人仍然留院。
- The number of severe cases recorded in week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010) was 2. As of Apr 14, 2010, a total of 276 severe cases were recorded. These severe cases included 170 males and 106 females with ages ranged from 30 days to 95 years (median: 52 years). 第15週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),有2宗嚴重個案。截至二零一零年四月十四日,共有276宗嚴重個案,涉及170名男性及106名女性,年齡介乎30日至95歲(中位數: 52歲)。
- In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), one fatal case was recorded. As of Apr 14, 2010, a total of 80 fatal cases were recorded. They were 56 males and 24 females, age ranged from 1 to 95 years (median: 56 years). 第15週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),有1宗死亡個案。截至二零一零年四月十四日,共有80宗死亡個案,涉及56名男性及24名女性。年齡介乎1歲至95歲(中位數: 56歲)。

## Local situation on seasonal influenza (as of Apr 14, 2010) 本港流感情況 (截至2010年4月14日)

● The latest surveillance data showed that there has been decrease in seasonal influenza activity in week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010) when compared to the previous week. 最新的監測數據顯示第15週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日)的季節性流感活躍程度較上週有所下降。

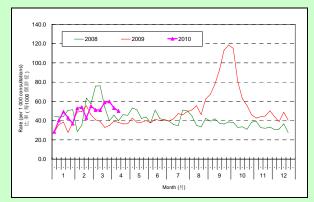
Figure 1: Influenza surveillance at
Designated Flu Clinics (DFCs), 2009-10
圖一: 指定流感診所的流行性感冒監測, 2009-10



The Designated Flu Clinics (DFCs) of Hospital Authority was activated on Jun 13, 2009. In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), 660 patients with fever/respiratory symptoms attended DFCs (Figure 1).

醫院管理局在二零零九年六月十三日啟動指定流感診所。第15週(二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),共有660 宗有發燒/呼吸道徵狀的個案到指定流感診所求診(圖一)。

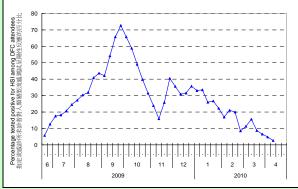
Figure 3: Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel private doctors, 2008-10 圖三: 定點私家醫生的流感樣病例監測, 2008-10



In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), the average consultation rates for ILI among sentinel private doctors were 50.0 (per 1,000 consultations) (Figure 3).

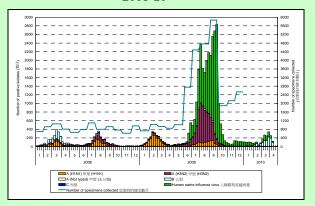
第 15 週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),定點私家醫生呈報的流感樣病例個案平均數為 50.0 宗 (每千名求診個案計)(圖三)。

Figure 2: Percentage positive for HSI among tested patients in designated flu clinics 圖二: 指定流感診所有收集樣本的求診者對人類豬型流感測試呈陽性反應的百分比



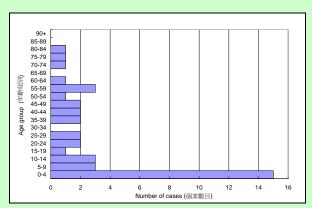
In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), 2.6% of DFC attendees, with specimens taken, were tested positive for human swine influenza (Figure 2).

Figure 4: Influenza virus detections (Laboratory Surveillance), 2008-10 圖四: 流行性感冒病毒化驗數目 (實驗室監測), 2008-10



Influenza detection was 122 in week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010). Laboratory surveillance detected 34 human swine influenza viruses and 88 influenza B viruses (Figure 4). 第 15 週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),實驗室檢測到流行性感冒病毒的樣本數目為 122 個。實驗室監測共測定 34 個人類豬型流感病毒樣本及 88 個乙型流行性感冒病毒樣本(圖四)。

Figure 5: Age distribution of HSI cases 圖五: 人類豬流感個案的年齡分佈

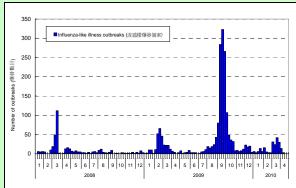


In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), there were 21 males and 19 females confirmed with HSI (Figure 5). As of Apr 14, 2010, the cumulative number of patients tested positive for human swine influenza was 36,387. The age ranged from 9 days to 95 years (median: 14 years)

第 15 週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),有 21 名 男性及19名女性被確診患上人類豬型流感(圖五)。 截 至二零一零年四月十四日,對人類豬型流感檢測呈陽性 反應的累積個案數目為 36,387。年齡介乎 9 日至 95 歲 (中位數:14 歲)。

Figure 7: Influenza-like illness outbreak monitoring, 2008-10

圖七: 流感樣爆發監測, 2008-10

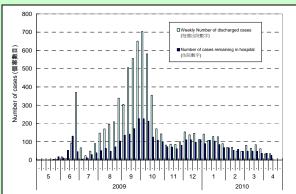


In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), 3 influenza-like illness (ILI) outbreaks were recorded. In the first 4 days of week 16, 2010 (as of Apr 14), there were 2 ILI outbreaks received (Figure 7).

第 15 週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),本中心 錄得 3 宗流感樣爆發的報告。2010 年第 16 週的首 4 天(截至四月十四日為止),收到2宗流感樣爆發的報 告(圖七)。

Figure 6: Number of discharged HSI cases and number remained in hospital

圖六: 人類豬型流感出院及仍然留院數字

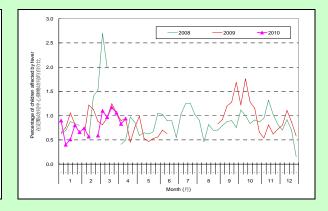


In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), the number of discharged HSI cases was 35. As of Apr 14, 26 cases remained in hospitals (Figure 6).

第15週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),35名曾患 上人類豬型流感的人出院,而截至四月十四日,26 名 病人仍然留院 (圖六)。

Figure 8: Fever surveillance at sentinel child care centres, 2008-10

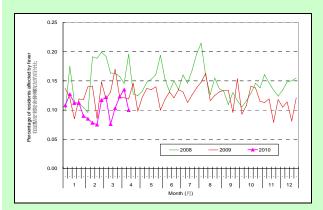
圖八:定點幼兒中心的發燒監測,2008-10



In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), 0.94% of children in the sentinel child care centres had fever (Figure 8).

第15週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),0.94%定 點幼兒中心的幼兒出現發燒徵狀(圖八)。

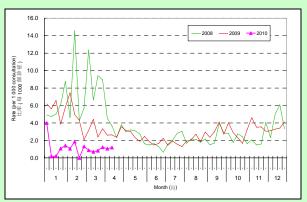
Figure 9: Fever surveillance at sentinel Residential Care Homes for the Elderly, 2008-10 圖九: 定點安老院舍的發燒監測, 2008-10



In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), 0.10% of residents in the sentinel residential care homes for the elderly had fever (Figure 9).

第 15 週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日), 0.10%定 點安老院舍的院友出現發燒徵狀(圖九)。

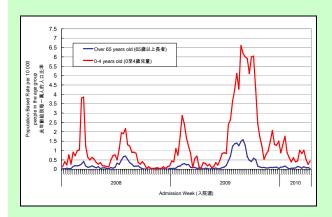
Figure 10: Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel Chinese Medicine Practitioners, 2008-10 圖十: 中醫師的疑似流感監測, 2008-10



In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), the average consultation rates for ILI among Chinese Medicine Practitioners (Figure 10) were 1.19 per 1,000 consultations.

第 15 週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),定點中 醫師呈報的疑似流感個案平均數為 1.19 (每千名求診 個案計)(圖十)。

Figure 11: Hospital admission rates with principal diagnosis of influenza\*, 2008-10 圖十一: 主要診斷為流感的病人入院率\*, 2008-10



In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), hospital admission rate due to influenza for the elderly 65 years old or above was 0.044 (per 10,000 people in the age group) (blue line in Figure 11) and that for children aged 0 to 4 years was 0.441(per 10,000 people in the age group) (red line in Figure 11).

第 15 週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),65 歲或以上人士因流感而入院的數字為0.044 (此年齡組別每一萬人的人口)(圖十一:藍色線)。0 至 4 歲小童因流感而入院的數字為 0.441 (此年齡組別每一萬人的人口)(圖十一:紅色線)。

Note: The data reported are provisional figures and subject to further revision.

註:現時報告的是臨時數據,數據會因更新的資料作出修訂。

#### Report under paediatric surveillance programme

#### 兒童監察安排

In week 15 (Apr 4 to 10, 2010), one report was received under the paediatric surveillance programme, involving an 18-month-old boy. His sample was tested positive for human swine influenza and is now in serious condition. As of Apr 14, 2010 (the first 4 days of week 16, 2010), no new report was received from the programme.

第15週 (二零一零年四月四日至四月十日),兒童監察安排收到一宗個案,涉及一名18個 月大男童。男童的樣本化驗結果顯示對人類豬型流感呈陽性反應。他現在情況嚴重。截 至二零一零年四月十四日(2010年第16週的首4天),兒童監察安排沒有收到新個案。

### Global Situation (As of Apr 9, 2010)

世界各地的情況(截至二零一零年四月九日)

- As of Apr 4, 2010, worldwide more than 213 countries and overseas territories/communities have reported laboratory confirmed cases of pandemic influenza H1N1 (2009), including over 17,700 deaths. (http://www.who.int/csr/don/2010\_04\_09/en/index.html) 根據世衛組織最新2010年4月4日的更新,全球有超過213個國家/領域/地區報告了實驗室 確診的流感大流行H1N1(2009) 感染病例,其中包括至少17,700個死亡個案。 (http://www.who.int/csr/don/2010\_04\_09/en/index.html)
- In the US and Canada (week ending Apr 3, 2010), influenza activity remained at low level. 美國和加拿大的流感活動保持在低水平。
- In Europe, influenza activity was low. 歐洲的流感活動處於低水平。
- In Australia (week ending April 2, 2010), influenza activity remained low. 澳洲的流感活躍程度保持在低水平。