



保持雙手清潔  
Keep hands clean



避免與他人共用個人物品，  
如餐具及毛巾  
Avoid sharing personal items  
such as eating utensils and  
towels

# 預防 猩紅熱

## Prevention of Scarlet Fever

如喉嚨痛、發燒、  
頭痛、噁心、嘔吐或  
出疹，應盡早求診

If you have sore throat,  
fever, headache, nausea,  
vomiting or skin rash, seek  
medical advice promptly



患上猩紅熱的兒童應  
避免上學或返回幼兒  
中心，直至退燒和服用  
抗生素最少24小時後

Children suffering from scarlet  
fever should refrain from attending  
school or child care setting until fever  
has subsided and they have been treated with antibiotics  
for at least 24 hours



衛生防護中心  
Centre for Health Protection



衛生防護中心網站 Centre for Health Protection Website

[www.chp.gov.hk](http://www.chp.gov.hk)



衛生防護中心Facebook專頁 Centre for Health Protection Facebook Fanpage

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衛生署健康教育專線  
Health Education Infoline of  
the Department of Health

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