Avian Influenza Report

Avian Influenza Report is a weekly report produced by the Surveillance Division of the Communicable Disease Branch of the Centre for Health Protection. This report highlights global avian influenza activity in humans and birds.

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Summary

1. Since the previous issue of Avian Influenza Report (AIR), there were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9). Since March 2013 (as of July 24, 2021), there were a total of 1568 human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) reported globally (all were reported in the past seven waves between 2013 and September 2019). The latest case was reported on April 5, 2019.

2. Since the previous issue of AIR, three confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N6) from Sichuan Province and Chongqing Municipality were reported by the National Health Commission (NHC). Since 2014 (as of July 24, 2021), there were 36 human cases of avian influenza A(H5N6) reported globally and 35 of them occurred in Mainland China. The latest case was reported on July 23, 2021.

3. Since the previous issue of AIR, there were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1). From 2011 to 2020, 0 to 145 confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) were reported to WHO annually (according to onset date).* The latest case was reported on November 6, 2020.

* Since November 21, 2012, WHO only publishes information on human cases with avian influenza A(H5N1) infection in “Influenza at human - animal interface: Monthly Risk Assessment Summary”. Only cases of human infection with H5N1 involved in events that are unusual or associated with potential increased risks will be reported in Disease Outbreak News. The latest report was published in July, 2021.
This week’s highlights

(Sources: WHO, NHC, Mainland health authorities, Ministry of Agriculture of the People's Republic of China, Centre for Health Protection (CHP) and World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE))

Table 1. Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1 / H5N6 / H7N9) since previous issue of AIR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Details</th>
<th>No. of H5 cases (No. of deaths)</th>
<th>No. of H7N9 cases (No. of deaths)</th>
<th>In this reporting period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>0(0)</td>
<td>0(0)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1 / H5N6 / H7N9) since previous issue of AIR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of report</th>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Province / Region</th>
<th>District / City</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Condition at time of reporting</th>
<th>Subtype of virus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23/07/2021</td>
<td>Mainland China</td>
<td>Sichuan Province</td>
<td>Kaijiang County</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>H5N6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23/07/2021</td>
<td>Mainland China</td>
<td>Sichuan Province</td>
<td>Xuanhan County</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>Deceased</td>
<td>H5N6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23/07/2021</td>
<td>Mainland China</td>
<td>Chongqing Municipality</td>
<td>Tongnan District</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>H5N6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHC since 2003 (by onset date)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Cases</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
<th>Case fatality rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>69.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>43.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>68.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>67.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>43.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>54.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>62.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>64.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>42.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>29.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>30.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>862</td>
<td>455</td>
<td>52.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

§ Further breakdown by countries is available at WHO website
### Table 4. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHC since 2003 (by date of reporting)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Countries / Areas</th>
<th>Cumulative no. of cases (December 2003 to July 2021)</th>
<th>No. of recent cases (March 2021 to July 2021)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Azerbaijan</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambodia</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mainland China</td>
<td>53#</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Djibouti</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Egypt</td>
<td>359</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iraq</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lao People’s Democratic Republic</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myanmar</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nepal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nigeria</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pakistan</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnam</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>862</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Including two cases from Mainland China detected in Hong Kong

### Table 5. Cumulative numbers of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H5N6) since 2014 and since January 2021 respectively

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Confirmed H5N6 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas</th>
<th>Cumulative no. of cases since 2014 (36 cases in total)</th>
<th>Cumulative no. of cases since January 2021 (10 cases in total)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mainland China</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guangdong Province</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunan Province</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anhui Province</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jiangsu Province</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yunnan Province</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beijing Municipality</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chongqing Municipality</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fujian Province</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guangxi Province</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guizhou Province</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hubei Province</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jiangxi Province</td>
<td>1*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sichuan Province</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lao People’s Democratic Republic</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Imported case from Guangdong
Table 6. Cumulative numbers of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) since 2013 and since October 2020 respectively

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Confirmed H7N9 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas</th>
<th>Cumulative no. of cases since 2013 (1568 cases in total) (as of July 24, 2021)</th>
<th>Cumulative no. of cases since October 2020 (0 case in total) (as of July 24, 2021)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mainland China</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zhejiang Province</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guangdong Province</td>
<td>259</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jiangsu Province</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fujian Province</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anhui Province</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunan Province</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shanghai Municipality</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jiangxi Province</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sichuan Province</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beijing Municipality</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hubei Province</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hebei Province</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henan Province</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shandong Province</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guizhou Province</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chongqing Municipality</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yunnan Province</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shaanxi Province</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gansu Province</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liaoning Province</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tianjin Municipality</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jilin Province</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shanxi Province</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tibet Autonomous Region</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hong Kong</td>
<td>21*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>5*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>2*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Macao</td>
<td>2*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malaysia</td>
<td>1*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All cases imported from Mainland China
# The latest case imported from Mainland China
Table 7. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A infections other than avian influenza A(H5N1 / H5N6 / H7N9) reported in the past 6 months (as of July 26, 2021)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Place of occurrence</th>
<th>No. of cases (No. of deaths)</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In this reporting period</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0(0)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Previously reported cases (onset/ reported in the past 6 months) | Mainland China | 12(0) | Avian influenza A(H9N2):  
- Fujian Province:  
  - A 10-year-old boy with onset on January 28, 2020 was reported on April 16, 2021.  
- Anhui Province:  
  - A 5-year-old girl with onset on January 17, 2021.  
- Jiangxi Province:  
- Hunan Province:  
  - An 8-year-old girl with onset on January 22, 2021.  
- Guangdong Province:  
  - A 6-year-old boy with onset on January 26, 2021.  
  - A 2-year-old boy with onset on February 2, 2021.  
  - A 30-year-old woman with onset on April 20, 2021.  
- Hubei Province:  
  - A 2-year-old girl with onset on February 7, 2021.  
- Sichuan Province:  
  - A 2-year-old boy with onset on April 27, 2021.  
- Jiangsu Province:  
Avian influenza A(H10N3):  
- Jiangsu Province:  
  - A 41-year-old man with onset on April...
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Place of occurrence</th>
<th>No. of cases (No. of deaths)</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Russia              | 7(0)                          | Avian influenza A(H5N8):  
|                     |                               | • Seven cases aged between 29 and 60 years were reported on February 24, 2021. |
| Cambodia            | 1(0)                          | Avian influenza A(H9N2):  
|                     |                               | • A 3-year-old boy was reported on April 2, 2021. |

Table 8. Hong Kong: Confirmed reports of avian influenza A(H5) or avian influenza A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples since 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In this reporting period</th>
<th>No. of reports of H5 in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples</th>
<th>No. of reports of H7N9 in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Previously reported cases since 2015 (before this reporting period)</td>
<td>18*</td>
<td>1#</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Carcass of a peregrine falcon found in Yuen Long on April 9, 2015 (H5N6)
  Carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Sai Kung on April 29, 2015 (H5N6)
  Carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Kwai Chung on November 17, 2015 (H5N6)
  Carcass of a great egret found in Wong Tai Sin on December 31, 2015 (H5N6)
  Chicken carcass found in Tuen Mun on February 14, 2016 (H5N6)
  Chicken carcass found in Tai O on February 18, 2016 (H5N6)
  Samples of faecal droppings collected at Mai Po Nature Reserve on November 25, 2016 (H5N6)
  A sample of faecal droppings collected at Mai Po Nature Reserve on November 30, 2016 (H5N6)
  A dead red-whiskered bulbul collected at Kowloon City on April 7, 2017 (H5N6)
  A dead oriental magpie robin found in Tseung Kwan O on December 21, 2017 (H5N6)
  A dead black-faced spoonbill found in the Hong Kong Wetland Park in Tin Shui Wai on December 21, 2017 (H5N6)
  An environmental swab of a chopping board and skin swabs of a chilled duck sample taken from a fresh provision shop in Wan Chai on 2 January & 9 January, 2018 (H5N6)
  An oropharyngeal swab from a batch of chilled chicken taken at a fresh provision shop in Mong Kok, reported on 23 January, 2018 (H5N6)
  A black-headed gull carcass found in Ngau Hom Tsuen, Lau Fau Shan on February 8, 2018 (H5N6)
  A dead crested myna found at Kun Lung Wai, Fanling reported on April 9, 2018 (H5N6)
  A swab sample taken from a bird cage housing a hill myna at a pet bird shop in Yuen Po Street Bird Garden in Mong Kok on 7 April, 2018 (H5N6)
  Samples of faecal droppings collected at Mai Po Nature Reserve reported on January 14, 2021 (H5N8)
  Carcass of a peregrine falcon found in Wu Kai Sha reported on February 1, 2021 (H5N8)

# A sample of faecal droppings of live poultry taken from a poultry stall in Yan Oi Market in Tuen Mun reported on June 5, 2016 (H7N9)
Table 9. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples reported in this week – number of reports for various subtypes of virus

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subtype of virus</th>
<th>No. of reports</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H5N1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H5N2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H5N3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H5N5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H5N8</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 10. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds / environmental samples reported in this week – details of reports

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Places of occurrence</th>
<th>Details</th>
<th>OIE Report Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Czech Republic</td>
<td>Samples from poultry in Kraj Vysoina, Plzeský, Stedoeský, Královéhradecký, Moravskoslezský, Jihoeský, Pardubický, Ústecký and Zlínský were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).</td>
<td>July 20, 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>Samples from birds in Southern Finland, Eastern Finland and Western Finland were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1) and A(H5N8).</td>
<td>July 20, 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Samples from birds in Finnish Exclusive Economic Zone were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).</td>
<td>July 20, 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latvia</td>
<td>Samples from birds in Rojas were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).</td>
<td>July 20, 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Samples from birds in Jûrmala, Engures, Ventspils City, Pavilostas, Latvian Exclusive Economic Zone, Rîga, Mçrsraga, Liepâja and Saldus were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).</td>
<td>July 20, 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Africa</td>
<td>Samples from poultry and birds in Western Cape, Eastern Cape and Gauteng were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).</td>
<td>July 20, 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Samples from poultry in Free State, North West, Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).</td>
<td>July 20, 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Country</td>
<td>Details</td>
<td>Dates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Sweden      | Samples from birds in Stockholm were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5), A(H5N1), A(H5N5) and A(H5N8).                                                                     | July 20, 2021  
             |                                                                                                                                             | July 23, 2021 |
|             | Samples from birds in Kalmar, Skåne, Halland, Västra Götaland and Västmanland were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5) and A(H5N8).   | July 20, 2021  
             |                                                                                                                                             | July 23, 2021 |
|             | Samples from birds in Södermanland were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5) and A(H5N5).                                                                                       | July 20, 2021  
<pre><code>         |                                                                                                                                             | July 23, 2021 |
</code></pre>
<p>|             | Samples from birds in Skåne, Uppsala and Kalmar were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N5).                                                                                       | July 23, 2021 |
|             | Samples from birds in Uppsala, Östergötland, Dalarna, Örebro, Blekinge, Jönköping and Gotland were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8). | July 23, 2021 |
| Ghana       | Samples from poultry in Greater Accra and Central were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5).                                                                                     | July 21, 2021 |
| United      | Samples from poultry and birds in England and Scotland were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).                                                                       | July 22, 2021 |
| Kingdom     | Samples from birds in Northern Ireland were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N3).                                                                                          | July 22, 2021 |
|             | Samples from birds in Wales were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N5).                                                                                                      | July 22, 2021 |
|             | Samples from poultry and birds in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).                                                 | July 22, 2021 |
|             | Samples from poultry in England were tested positive for low pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2) and A(H5N3).                                                                                         | July 22, 2021 |
| Denmark     | Samples from poultry in Syddanmark were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).                                                                                               | July 23, 2021 |</p>
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<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Details</th>
<th>Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Norway</td>
<td>Samples from birds in Aust-Agder, Åstfold, Hordaland, Akershus, Rogaland, Oslo, Norwegian, Vestfold and Hedmark were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).</td>
<td>July 23, 2021</td>
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<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>Samples from birds in Normandie were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1), A(H5N3) and A(H5N8).</td>
<td>July 26, 2021</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Samples from poultry and birds in Nouvelle-Aquitaine, Pays de la Loire, Grand Est and Corse were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).</td>
<td>July 26, 2021</td>
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<td>Samples from birds in Bretagne, Centre-Val de Loire, Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes and Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).</td>
<td>July 26, 2021</td>
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<td>Samples from poultry in Occitanie and Île-de-France were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).</td>
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<td>Samples from poultry in Occitanie and Nouvelle-Aquitaine were tested positive for low pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N3).</td>
<td>July 26, 2021</td>
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For cumulative reports of avian influenza A(H5) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds, please refer to the OIE website.
**Table 11.** Countries / areas with documented human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) or highly pathogenic avian influenza (including infections in humans/birds and relevant environmental samples) in the past 6 months (as of July 26, 2021)

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<th>Wild bird cases / other related samples</th>
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Sources: WHO, OIE, NHC and other official websites
* without further subtype information