監測及流行病學處



Surveillance And Epidemiology Branch

Protecting Hong Kong's health

本署檔號 Our Ref. : (21) in L/M (1) of DH SEB CD/8/35/1 Pt.2

22 April 2016

Foreign domestic helpers

Dear Sir/Madam,

Encourage Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) Vaccination for foreign domestic helpers

Measles infection is a highly infectious and severe viral infection that may affect any person who is not immune to the infection. Affected persons may develop fever and rash for one to two weeks and recover. In severe cases, middle ear, lungs and brain can get involved and lead to serious consequences or even death. Immunisation against measles is the most effective preventive measure. In Hong Kong, measles vaccine is given in combination with the mumps and rubella vaccines, named as Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) Vaccine, to children at 1 year old and Primary One*. Over 95% of the locally born people in Hong Kong are immune to this infection.

If you have not had measles immunisation before, you may easily get infected with measles and pass the infection to your friends and relatives, as well as your employers and their families, especially infants who have not yet received vaccination. To safeguard the health of yourself and your family members and prevent measles infection and transmission in the community, we would like to enlist your help to get immunised if you have not done so, preferably before your arrival in Hong Kong. If this is not possible, you can consult family doctor after you have arrived in Hong Kong. In Hong Kong, MMR vaccination is available in private health clinics.



篇生防護中心乃衞生署 轄下執行疾病預防 及控制的專業架構 The Centre for Health Protection is a professional arm of the Department of Health for disease prevention and control Furthermore, receiving MMR vaccine can also prevent rubella and mumps infection. Rubella infection in pregnant woman may pose risk to the foetus. Please refer to the attached leaflet for more information on these three infections.

(Dr Vivian CHAN)

C.Chan

for Director of Health

*Department of Health incorporated the "Varicella Vaccine – First Dose" into the Hong Kong Childhood Immunisation Programme for children at one year old starting 2 July 2014. Department of Health will provide the "MMRV Vaccine (Measles, Mumps, Rubella & Varicella) – Second Dose" to Primary One children who had received the "Varicella Vaccine – First Dose" and use it in place of the "MMR Vaccine (Measles, Mumps and Rubella) – Second Dose".

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And Epidemiology Branch

保障市民健康 Protecting Hong Kong's health

Foreign domestic workers are advised to receive measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) vaccination

The Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health of Hong Kong had recorded a relatively higher proportion of measles cases among foreign domestic workers in 2014. Measles infection is a highly infectious and severe viral infection that may affect any person who is not immune to the infection. Infected persons may pass the infection to their friends and relatives, their employers and their families, especially infants who have not yet received vaccination. We are aware that some foreign domestic helpers may not have had measles immunisation before they arrive in Hong Kong. Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) Vaccine is a very effective vaccine to prevent measles, mumps and rubella infections. To protect themselves and others, we urge foreign domestic workers to receive MMR vaccination as soon as possible.

Measles

Measles is caused by the measles virus and spread by droplet or direct contact with nasal or throat secretions of infected persons, and less commonly, by articles soiled with nose and throat secretions. Affected persons will present initially with tiredness, fever, cough, red eyes and white spots inside the mouth. This is followed by a red blotchy skin rash 3-7 days later. The rash usually spreads from the face down to the rest of the body. In severe cases, middle ear, lungs and brain can get involved and lead to serious consequences or even death.

Mumps

Mumps is caused by the Mumps virus which affects the salivary glands and sometimes the nerve tissue. It is spread by droplet and direct contact with the saliva of an infected person. The disease is characterized by painful swelling of the salivary glands, usually at the cheek(s), and fever. Sometimes, there may be complications like deafness, or infection of the brain. Adolescents might develop infection of the testicles or ovaries, which can affect fertility.



衛生防護中心乃衛生署 轄下執行疾病預防 及控制的專業架構 The Centre for Health Protection is a professional arm of the Department of Health for disease prevention and control

Rubella

Rubella, also known as "German Measles", is caused by Rubella virus. It can be transmitted by contact with secretions from nose and pharynx of infected persons through droplet spread or direct contact with patients. Symptoms are usually mild. Children usually present with fever, headache, diffuse rash and enlargement of lymph nodes behind the ears or in the neck. Sometimes there may be no symptoms at all. Complications include arthritis, thrombocytopenia and encephalitis.

Rubella infection produces anomalies in the developing fetus. Congenital rubella syndrome (CRS) is likely to occur in infants born to women who got infected during the first 3 months of pregnancy. CRS is characterised by deafness, blindness, heart malformations and mental retardation.

Prevention

MMR vaccine can effectively prevent these three diseases. In Hong Kong, children are routinely given the MMR vaccine at age one, followed by a second dose at Primary One*. Over 95% of locally born people in Hong Kong have already received the vaccine. Despite the high coverage rates, persons who have not received the vaccine may still get infected as measles, mumps and rubella are highly infectious.

To prevent infection and transmission in the community, we advise foreign domestic helpers to get immunised if they have not done so, preferably before they arrive in Hong Kong. If this is not possible, they can consult family doctor after they have arrived in Hong Kong. Anybody with symptoms compatible with measles, mumps or rubella should seek medical care promptly.

For more information on MMR vaccination, please visit the Family Health Service's website: http://www.fhs.gov.hk/english/health_info/child/486.html

Centre for Health Protection Department of Health April 2016

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