## **Doctors' Guide**

# for the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

## **Vaccination Programme at Clinics**

under the Vaccination Subsidy Scheme (VSS) and

**Private Clinic COVID-19 Vaccination Station** 

(PCVS) -mRNA vaccines

For doctors providing COVID-19 mRNA vaccines

Produced and Published by
Programme Management and Vaccination Division
Emergency Response and Programme Management Branch

Centre for Health Protection
Department of Health
The Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

Always make sure that you have the latest version on the designated COVID-19 vaccine website <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html</a>

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## **Disclaimer**

This Doctors' Guide provides guidance for Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Vaccination Programme at Clinics under the Vaccination Subsidy Scheme (VSS) and Private Clinic COVID-19 Vaccination Station (PCVS). This Doctors' Guide is provided as a living document which will be updated from time to time according to the latest development. Please always make sure that you have the latest version. We welcome doctors' questions, comments or feedback on this Guide so that we can improve on it.

For those venues providing mRNA vaccines and inactivated vaccine, there should be clear segregation in the arrangement for the different type of vaccines at the site, the logistics of storage and administration for each type of vaccine should be followed accordingly.

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#### 1 Introduction

1.1 To protect members of the public against COVID-19, a territory-wide COVID-19 Vaccination Programme free of charge and on a voluntary basis for eligible Hong Kong residents is implemented by the Government.

Some Non Hong Kong Residents may be eligible for receiving the vaccination. Please refer to section 2.2.3 and the following webpage for more information: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html</a> <a href="https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202301/12/P2023011200426.htm?fontSize=1">https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202301/12/P2023011200426.htm?fontSize=1</a>

- 1.2 This Doctors' Guide is prepared for doctors providing vaccination for mRNA vaccines only.# A separate Doctors' Guide has also been prepared for inactivated vaccine, please always make sure that you are referring to the correct Doctors' Guide for the vaccine you provide.
  - # For designated PCVSs offering mRNA vaccine in paediatrics and toddler formulations, please also refer to the notes for PCVS administering Paediatric and Toddler formulation of mRNA vaccine.
- 1.3 The BioNTech Pilot Scheme (renamed as "mRNA Vaccine Scheme") is regularised starting from 23 August 2022. Starting from 30 December 2022, clinics under the scheme also provide bivalent mRNA vaccine to eligible persons. For the principle agreements for this scheme, please refer to the following appendix: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/agreement\_covid19\_bnt\_pilot.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/agreement\_covid19\_bnt\_pilot.pdf</a>.
- 1.4 Private Clinic COVID-19 Vaccination station (PCVS) may provide mRNA and inactivated vaccine to eligible persons starting from 1 September 2022. Starting from 14 December 2023, PCVS may also provide monovalent XBB.1.5 mRNA vaccines to eligible persons. For the supplemental agreements for PCVS, please refer to the following appendix: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/agreement">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/agreement</a> covid19 bnt pilot pcvs.pdf.
- 1.5 The VSS, administered by the Department of Health (DH), is a scheme that subsidises target groups of Hong Kong residents to receive vaccinations from private medical doctors enrolled in VSS. The Government would reimburse vaccination subsidies to enrolled doctors for each dose of vaccination administered to eligible groups.

#### 1.6 Resources

- (a) Designated website: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html</a>
- (b) Doctor's Guide: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/vssdoctorsguide\_covid19\_bnt\_pilot.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/vssdoctorsguide\_covid19\_bnt\_pilot.pdf</a>
- (c) User Manual of eHealth System (Subsidies) [eHS(S)] for COVID-19 Vaccination: <a href="https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/covidvaccine/ehs.html">https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/covidvaccine/ehs.html</a>
- (d) The link to login the eHS(S) to record the COVID-19 vaccination: https://apps.hcv.gov.hk/HCSP/login.aspx?lang=en
- (e) Interim Guidance Notes on Common Medical Diseases and COVID-19 Vaccination In Primary Care Settings: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidance\_notes.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidance\_notes.pdf</a>
- (f) Consensus Interim Recommendations on the Use of COVID-19 Vaccines in Hong Kong by the Scientific Committee on Emerging and Zoonotic Diseases and Scientific Committee on Vaccine Preventable Diseases: https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24005.html

#### 2 Vaccines covered, target groups and reimbursement level

#### 2.1 Vaccines covered

- 2.1.1 COVID-19 vaccines would be supplied to VSS doctors by the Government.
- 2.1.2 Since 16 December 2022, a number of COVID-19 vaccines have been registered in Hong Kong under the Pharmacy and Poisons Regulations (Cap. 138A). The registration details can be found on the website of the Pharmacy and Poisons Board of Hong Kong

(https://www.drugoffice.gov.hk/eps/do/en/consumer/search\_drug\_database2.html).

Different COVID-19 vaccines are used under the Government Vaccination Programme, including the Vaccination Subsidy Scheme (VSS) and Private Clinic COVID-19 Vaccination Station (PCVS). For the details of available COVID-19 vaccines under the Government Vaccination Programme, please refer to FAQ#3 (https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106953.html).

Registered medical practitioners can also provide vaccination service outside the Government COVID-19 Vaccination Programme. For details, please visit: https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/cap138a covid19 requirement.pdf.

2.1.3 Currently, bivalent and monovalent XBB.1.5 mRNA vaccines are supplied under government programme in Hong Kong. The latest version of publicity and package insert are available at:

Fact sheet -

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/factsheet covidvaccine mrna eng.pdf

Package inserts –

https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106959.html

(a) Dosage, interval and other useful information

	Comirnaty Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15mcg)/dose (Comirnaty Bivalent)	Comirnaty Omicron XBB.1.5 30 mcg/dose  (Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5)	Spikevax 2023-2024 Formula (XBB.1.5) Suspension for Injection COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine 250 micrograms /2.5 mL* (Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5)
Presentation	Multi-dose vial	Multi-dose vial	Multi-dose vial
Plastic cap	Grey	Grey	Blue
Fill volume	2.25mL	2.25mL	2.5mL
Dilution	<u>DO NOT DILUTE</u>	<u>DO NOT DILUTE</u>	<u>DO NOT DILUTE</u>
Volume of each dose	0.3mL  [15 micrograms of tozinameran and  15 micrograms of famtozinameran,  a COVID-19 mRNA  Vaccine  (embedded in lipid nanoparticles)]	0.3mL  [30 micrograms of raxtozinameran, a COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine (embedded in lipid nanoparticles)]	0.5mL  [50 micrograms of andusomeran, a COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine (nucleoside modified) (embedded in lipid nanoparticles)]
Number of doses per vial	<u><b>6</b></u> doses	<u><b>6</b></u> doses	<u>5</u> doses
Pack size available	1, 5 or 10 vials	1, 5 or 10 vials	10 vials

## \*also known as Spikevax XBB.1.5 0.1 mg/mL dispersion for injection

Please refer to **section 6.5** for details on preparation.

For vaccination schedules for different age groups of COVID-19 vaccination, please refer to the following webpages: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106951.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106951.html</a>

Please be reminded that private clinics and PCVSs can provide mRNA vaccine to appropriate clients of age  $\geq$  12 years old only, except the designated PCVSs.

#### (b) Route of administration

The vaccine is administered intramuscularly in the deltoid muscle of non-dominant arm (for individuals aged 18 and above). Mid- anterolateral thigh injection **should be offered to all adolescents** (both male and female) aged 12 – 17 years as the site of vaccination. Adolescents aged 12 – 17 years could make an informed choice to opt-out from thigh injection and receive vaccination in deltoid. Individuals aged 18 years and above could choose to receive mRNA vaccine in their mid-anterolateral thigh on an **on-demand basis**. Please refer to **section 6.6.9** – **6.6.11** for the technique of mid-anterolateral thigh injection.

#### (c) Contraindications

Please refer to the package insert of mRNA vaccines (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106959.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106959.html</a>) and the Interim Guidance Notes On Common Medical Diseases and COVID-19 Vaccination In Primary Care Settings (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidance\_notes.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidance\_notes.pdf</a>) for the most updated information.

- i. Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients as listed in section 6.1 of the package insert (Annex II).
- ii. Another dose of the vaccine should not be given to those who have experienced anaphylaxis to the previous dose.

#### (d) Special warnings and precautions for use

- i. VSS doctors may refer the following cases to the Vaccine Allergy Safety Clinic of Hospital Authority for medical consultation/ investigation as deemed appropriate:
  - (i) persons with immediate (within 1 hour) severe allergic reaction to prior COVID-19 vaccination or to more than one class of drugs;
- (ii) persons with allergic reaction to prior COVID-19 vaccination which is not

self-limiting or did not resolve by oral anti-allergy

#### Please see details in section 6.4.2 - 6.4.3

- ii. Events of anaphylaxis have been reported. Appropriate medical treatment and supervision should always be readily available in case of anaphylactic reaction following the administration of the vaccine. Close observation for at least 15 minutes is recommended following vaccination (see **sections 6.8**).
- iii. Anxiety-related reactions, including vasovagal reactions (syncope), hyperventilation or stress-related reactions may occur in association with vaccination as a psychogenic response to the needle injection. It is important that precautions are in place to avoid injury from fainting.
- iv. Vaccination should be postponed in individuals suffering from acute severe febrile illness or acute infection.
- v. As with other intramuscular injections, the vaccine should be given with caution in individuals receiving anticoagulant therapy or those with thrombocytopenia or any coagulation disorder (such as haemophilia) because bleeding or bruising may occur following an intramuscular administration in these individuals.
- vi. The efficacy, safety and immunogenicity of the vaccine has not been assessed in immunocompromised individuals, including those receiving immunosuppressant therapy. The efficacy of the mRNA vaccine may be lower in immunosuppressed individuals.
- vii. The duration of protection afforded by the vaccine is unknown as it is still determined by ongoing clinical trials. As with any vaccine, vaccination with the mRNA vaccine may not protect all vaccine recipients
- viii. Animal studies do not indicate direct or indirect harmful effects with respective to reproductive toxicity.
- ix. There is an increased risk of myocarditis and pericarditis after vaccination with mRNA vaccines supplied under Government programme in Hong Kong. These conditions can develop within just a few days after vaccination and have primarily occurred within 14 days. They have been observed more often after the second vaccination, and more often in younger males. The risk of myocarditis and pericarditis seems lower in children ages 5 to 11 years compared with ages 12 to 17 years. Most cases of myocarditis and pericarditis recover. Some cases required intensive care support and fatal cases have been seen.
- iv. The Scientific Committee on Emerging and Zoonotic Disease and Scientific Committee on Vaccine Preventable Diseases under the Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health (JSC) provides recommendations on the use of COVID-19 vaccines in Hong Kong. VSS doctors should always refer

to latest recommendations of the COVID-19 vaccines at <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24008.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24008.html</a>.

The latest updates and implementation schedule will also be communicated to VSS doctor by means of email. VSS doctors should check their registered email account for the latest updates. VSS doctors may also refer to the Government's thematic webpage for the latest updates

(https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html).

## 2.2 Target groups/ eligibility

- 2.2.1. The Government provides COVID-19 vaccination to eligible Hong Kong residents and non-Hong Kong residents who belong to certain category\* on a voluntary basis under the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme. Persons aged ≥ 6 months can receive the initial three doses (or initial four doses for individuals aged 50 or above and persons with immunocompromising conditions) of COVID-19 vaccine free of charge under government vaccination programme if they have never been infected with COVID-19. Please be reminded that private clinics and PCVS can provide mRNA vaccine to appropriate clients of age ≥12 years old only, except designated PCVSs.
  - \* Please refer to section 2.2.3 and the following webpage for more information: https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html

Starting from 20 April 2023, people belonging to the following priority groups can receive an additional vaccine booster 180 days after their last dose or recovery from COVID-19 infection (whichever is later) free of charge after completed the initial doses, regardless of the number of vaccine doses they received in the past:

- (a) Persons aged 50 years and above including those living in residential care homes;
- (b) Persons aged 18 to 49 years with underlying comorbidities@
- (c) Persons with immunocompromising conditions aged 6 months and above;
- (d) Pregnant women (once during each pregnancy) and
- (e) Healthcare workers
  - @ Persons with underlying comorbidities include individuals having chronic cardiovascular (except hypertension without complications), lung, metabolic or kidney disease, obesity (body mass index 30 or above), children and adolescents (aged six months to 18 years) on long-term aspirin therapy, and those with chronic neurological condition that can compromise respiratory function or the handling of

respiratory secretions or that can increase the risk for aspiration or those who lack the ability to take care for themselves.

Starting from 27 March 2024, all persons aged 6 months or above who are still not vaccinated or have not yet completed initial doses, may receive XBB vaccine as their initial vaccination to replace ancestral strain vaccines and bivalent vaccine.

^ Include frontline health workers, supporting staff working in the healthcare setting, staff in residential care homes and laboratory personnel handling SARS-CoV-2 virus

Recovered persons should take one dose less than uninfected persons. Recovery is defined as 14 days after the date of first positive test. The recovered persons should receive the remaining doses according to the interval for the next dose. The actual number of doses given would be marked as the dose sequence in the vaccination record. For details, please refer to "Factsheet on COVID-19 Vaccination For Persons with Prior COVID-19 Infection" at

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/factsheet\_priorcovid19infection\_eng.pdf

Please also refer to the Concensus Interim Recommendations on the Use of COVID-19 Vaccines by JSC updated on 29 March 2023 for more Information:

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/consensus\_interim\_recommendations\_on\_the\_use\_of\_covid19\_vaccines\_in\_hong\_kong\_29mar.pdf

Please refer to the thematic website at <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html</a> for details.

The Government would announce from time to time the different target groups to receive COVID-19 vaccination. VSS Doctors should always refer to the latest announcement about the target groups and eligibility at <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html</a>.

2.2.2 Eligible Hong Kong residents can receive COVID-19 vaccination under VSS.

A Hong Kong resident is defined as a person possessing any of following documents:

- (i) Hong Kong Identity Card 香港身份證 #
- (ii) Consular corps Identity Card 領事團身份證
- (iii) Certificate of Exemption 豁免登記證明書 (for adults only)

Sample of documents for reference:

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/vssdg ch5 appendix a.pdf

# In general, eligible adult Hong Kong residents should use the HKID Card for vaccination. However, when the client presented HKSAR passport but not HKID Card under special circumstances for vaccination, VSS doctor / staff may arrange the vaccination according to the following scenarios:

<u>Scenario 1</u>: The client can provide a **photocopy of Hong Kong Identity Card** (**HKID card**) together with the HKSAR passport

- Please verify the identity of the client with reference to both documents and allow the client to proceed further along the workflow HKID card should be selected for creation of eHS(S) record with manual input of information as provided by the photocopy of HKID.
- The VSS doctor / staff should advise the client to bring along HKID card for subsequent dose (where appropriate).

<u>Scenario 2</u>: The PBV uses **solely HKSAR passport** as the identity document for his/her **first dose in eHS(S)** 

- For PCVS, please advise and assist the client to cancel his/her original booking made with HKID card (if any) to prevent system sending the wrong notification due to client's use of different identity document onsite.
- The VSS doctor / staff should select passport as the identity document used under eHS(S), manual input of the HKSAR passport number is required for creation the account for vaccine recipient or entering into his/her existing eHS(S) account.
- At the COVID-19 Vaccination programme landing page, VSS doctor / staff should check against, if any, pre-existing vaccination record, confirm the prior COVID-19 vaccination history with the vaccination recipient and other information as

appropriate. The client's HKID number as listed in the HKSAR passport.

 Please assist the client to bring along HKID for his/her subsequent dose and to complete the designated form on Personal Particular Amendment Form by then, so that a vaccination record (with HKID number) can be issued after completion of the change/amend of particulars

<u>Scenario 3</u>: The PBV uses **solely HKSAR passport** as the identity document for his/her **subsequent dose in eHS(S)** 

- (3A) Previous dose record created under HKID in eHS(S):
- -The VSS doctor / staff should make reference to the HKID number documented on the HKSAR passport to enter the eHS(S) record of the vaccine recipient previously created for the previous dose under his/her HKID.
  - (3B) Previous dose record created under HKSAR passport in eHS(S):
- The VSS doctor / staff should make reference to the client's passport number to log into his/ her vaccination record for vaccine documentation and recording.
- Please assist the client to complete the Personal Particular Amendment Form when his/her HKID is available so that a vaccination record (with HKID number) can be issued after completion of his/her personal particular amendment.
- 2.2.3 Some Non Hong Kong residents are eligible to receive COVID-19 vaccination under VSS

Following the Government's press release on 12 January 2023 (https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202301/12/P2023011200426.htm?fontSize=1), the eligibility in COVID-19 Vaccination Programme has been updated with effect from 16 January 2023 as follows:

(a) Non-Hong Kong residents are generally not eligible for receiving any type of COVID-19 vaccines under the Government COVID-19 vaccination programme

- (the Government Programme), except for persons belonging to the following categories:
- (i) The vaccine recipient has received COVID-19 vaccines under the **Government Programme** before. Please verify the COVID-19 vaccination record of the vaccine recipients as shown in the eHS(s);

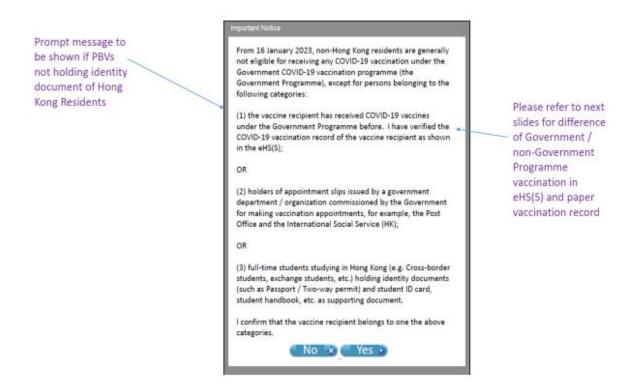
  OR
- (ii) Holders of appointment slips issued by a government department / organization commissioned by the government for making vaccination appointments, for example. the Post Office and the International Social Service (HK);

OR

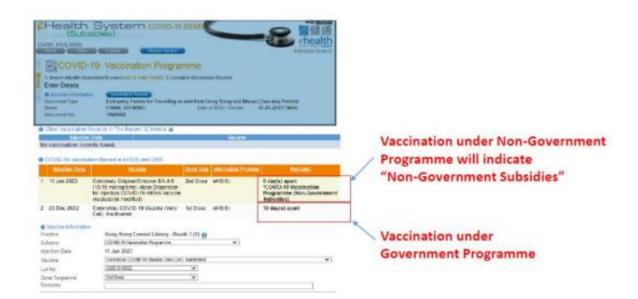
- (iii) Full-time students studying in Hong Kong (e.g. Cross-border students, exchange students, etc.) holding identity documents (such as Passport / Two-way permit) and student ID card, student handbook, etc. as supporting document.
- (b) Non-Hong Kong Residents (if fulfilled exception criteria) are required to present relevant identity documents, supporting document and relevant vaccination records/ appointment records (for PCVS) at vaccination venue. Private clinics that are <u>under the Government Programme</u> and PCVS can provide vaccination to non-Hong Kong residents fulfilling the exception criteria (i) to (iii) above.
- (c) Even if the non-Hong Kong resident is eligible to receive COVID-19 vaccination under the exception arrangement, the <u>remaining limit of stay</u> in Hong Kong as stated in the landing slips or extension of stay labels issued by the Immigration Department should <u>not less than 30 days</u> on the date of the additional dose(s) vaccination.
- (d) For Non-eligible clients not fulfilling the exception arrangement, they may receive COVID-19 vaccination at their own cost from private doctors outside the Government programme, that is, vaccines procured by the doctor. Government-supplied vaccines should not be used for non-Government vaccination.
- (e) Doctors should check whether the person coming for vaccination fulfills the exception criteria above, before giving vaccination. Please refer to the (i) prompt message, (ii) indicator of vaccinations given outside Government

programme and (iii) the vaccination records for further details.

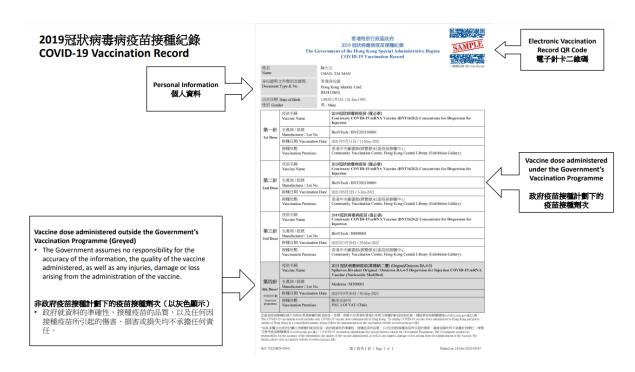
(i) The screen cap of the prompt message in eHS(s) is attached for your easy reference.



(ii) The screen cap of indicator of vaccinations given outside Government programme is attached for your easy reference.



(iii) The screen cap of COVID-19 vaccination record is attached for your easy reference.



For vaccines procured by doctors from the private market (i.e. private vaccines outside the Government's vaccination programme), an additional remark "COVID-19 Vaccination Programme (Non-Government Subsidies)" has been added to both the electronic vaccination record in eHS(S) and the paper vaccination record. In contrast, there is no such remark for vaccines administered under the Government's vaccination programme. The vaccination under <u>non</u>-Government Programme should <u>not</u> be regarded as fulfilling exception criteria (ai) above.

More details on the eligibility criteria for non-Hong Kong resident receiving COVID- 19 vaccination at Hong Kong can be found at the following link: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html</a>

#### 2.3 Reimbursement level

- 2.3.1 The subsidy per dose of COVID-19 vaccination given to eligible person is as follows:
  - (a) HK\$160 per dose (regardless of whether it is the first, second, third or booster dose^) if the eligible person still has not reached or will not reach the age of 60 years in the calendar year when the vaccination is administered;
  - (b) HK\$240 per dose (regardless of whether it is the first, second, third or booster dose^) if the eligible person who has reached or will reach the age of 60 years or above in the calendar year when the vaccination is administered;
    - ^ Starting from 20 April 2023, the Government will only provide <u>additional</u> <u>booster</u> to persons who belong to the <u>priority groups as</u> mentioned in section 2.2.1. Persons who do not belong to these priority groups and members of the public wishing to receive vaccine boosters exceeding the specified free doses under the Government COVID-19 Vaccination Programme will need to get the vaccine in the private market at their own expense. VSS doctors <u>SHOULD NOT</u> administer COVID-19 vaccines under the Government's COVID-19 Vaccination Programme to these persons.
- 2.3.2 No extra charge of any service fees is allowed. The VSS doctors should not require the recipient to pay any service fee for the vaccination under the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme.

#### 3 Responsibilities of doctors

#### 3.1 Requirement for doctors

- 3.1.1 VSS Doctors should comply with all the requirements mentioned in this Doctors' Guide including:
  - (a) Vaccine ordering, delivery and storage (Section 4)
  - (b) Infection control practice, hand hygiene and sharps handling (Section 5)
  - (c) Vaccination procedures (Section 6)
  - (d) Waste management (Section 7)
  - (e) Reporting of adverse event following immunisation (Section 8)
  - (f) Management of clinical incident (Section 9)
- 3.1.2 The clinic / PCVS should be equipped with the following items:
  - (a) Medical equipment and consumables (Section 3.2)
  - (b) Vaccine storage facilities (Section 4.3)
  - (c) Smart HKID Card Reader (Section 6.4)
  - (d) Printer (Section 6.7)
- 3.1.3 Clinics / PCVS may be randomly selected for conduction of onsite quality assurance activities. Please see **Annex III** for a checklist of items during onsite inspection.
- 3.1.4 VSS Doctors are encouraged to register as healthcare providers under the eHealth. Please find details in the website <a href="https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/healthcare-provider-and-professional/index.html">https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/healthcare-provider-and-professional/index.html</a>.
- 3.1.5 VSS Doctors and healthcare professionals of the clinic /PCVS are required to complete the online training for COVID-19 Vaccination Programme offered by the Hong Kong Academy of Medicine (HKAM). Please find details in the website <a href="https://elearn.hkam.org.hk/en">https://elearn.hkam.org.hk/en</a>.

#### 3.2 Medical equipment and consumables

- 3.2.1 VSS doctor should ensure all medical consumables and adrenaline are sufficient, registered in Hong Kong and not expired.
- 3.2.2 The clinic / PCVS should be equipped with adrenaline auto-injector or 1:1000 adrenaline ampoule for injection for management of anaphylaxis. Please ensure sufficient stock of adrenaline and that it is not expired.
- 3.2.3 Please refer to Section **6.9** for the equipment for management of emergency conditions.
- 3.2.4 The following medical consumables are required for COVID-19 vaccination:
  - (a) 70%-80% alcohol-based hand rub
  - (b) Alcohol preps/ alcohol swab for skin disinfection before vaccination
  - (c) Dry sterile gauzes/ cotton wool balls for post-injection compression to injection site
  - (d) Sharps boxes/ clinical waste containers

## 4 <u>Vaccine ordering, delivery and storage</u>

#### 4.1 Vaccine ordering

4.1.1 VSS doctors will be responsible for ordering the vaccines on a web-based ordering system (<a href="https://www.covid19vaccineordering.hk/">https://www.covid19vaccineordering.hk/</a>). Please regularly estimate the quantity of vaccines, syringes and adrenaline you need and place order at least 5 working days before the delivery date.

In view of the limited shelf-life after thawing, the target stock level for each COVID-19 mRNA vaccine should not be more than the estimated **2-week consumption**. The web-based ordering system only allows ordering quantity less than or equal to estimated 2-week consumption for individual clinic /PCVS.

- 4.1.2 Before placing the vaccine order, it is the responsibility of the doctors to ensure adequate storage capacity including but not limited to adequate storage space and refrigerators with temperature (2 °C to 8 °C) and cold chain maintained.
- 4.1.3 It is crucial to monitor the stock level to avoid overstocking which may lead to running out of storage space and/or increased wastage. The "first-expired, first-out" principle on the use-by date and time should be followed for the same product to avoid wastage.
- 4.1.4 The vaccine usage of each doctor/ clinic /PCVS will be monitored closely according to eHealth System (Subsidies) [eHS(S)] records. Voided vaccines should be reported daily on the web-based ordering system via the online Daily Report Form.
- 4.1.5 If the vaccine wastage of the Medical Organisation is found unnecessary and avoidable and it has reached an unacceptable rate during the month, the participation of the Medical Organisation to continue the programme may be affected.
- 4.1.6 Vaccine and other essential supplies will be delivered within 5 working days after order placing. The delivery of other supplies for the purpose of the Vaccination Programme would be arranged separately.
- 4.1.7 For COVID-19 mRNA vaccines targeting Omicron XBB.1.5 subvariant, the brand of the vaccine supplied to PCVS depends on the stock availability of the Department of Health.

#### 4.2 Vaccine delivery

- 4.2.1 Vaccines must only be received by the designated clinic / PCVS staff. When receiving the vaccines, the designated clinic / PCVS staff must check the vaccine type, brand, quantity, lot number, expiry date, Batch Packaging Record (BPR) number assigned by the vaccine distributor and use-by date and time after thawing, whether the seal is intact and whether cold chain is maintained; and record the date, time, and temperature of the vaccines delivered on a delivery note provided by the vaccine distributor. The designated clinic PCVS staff should sign and then chop with the stamp after confirmation of the above.
- 4.2.2 The delivery note should be kept appropriately for future reference and inspection.
- 4.2.3 The designated clinic / PCVS staff should reject the vaccines if temperature excursion occurred during its delivery and inform Programme Management and Vaccination Division (PMVD) immediately for replenishment arrangement, please see section 4.4.3.
- 4.2.4 The designated clinic /PCVS staff should also report to PMVD in case of discrepancies, leakage or damages to the vaccine.

#### 4.3 Vaccine storage

- 4.3.1 A dedicated person-in-charge, who is a registered medical practitioner, registered nurse, enrolled nurse, pharmacist or dispenser, should be arranged to oversee vaccine cold chain and vaccine inventory management including but not limited to segregating the vaccines with different "use within" period after thawing.
- 4.3.2 Purpose-built vaccine refrigerators (PBVR) must be used for the storage of vaccines. PBVR should be equipped with a maximum-minimum thermometer(s) or temperature data logger(s) to monitor the temperature of vaccines.
- 4.3.3 Different types of COVID-19 vaccines should be segregated in the PBVR. In case there are different lots of the same type of vaccine inside the fridge, they should be segregated as well.
- 4.3.4 The "first-expired, first-out" principle for the same product should be followed, and vaccine stock should be rotated within the refrigerator so that those with shorter useby date and time are used first. For monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines, please exhaust

- on-hand product before switching to another product. Vaccines with different useby date and time/ expiry date should be segregated as well.
- 4.3.5 Colored trays, etc. may be used for segregation of vaccines in the PBVR.
- 4.3.6 [Comirnaty bivalent and Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5] Thawed vials could be stored at 2-8°C up to 10 weeks (70 days). Please check the "Use-by date & Time" on the 2D barcode label on the outer carton on a regular basis and prior to vaccine preparation. Vaccines that are beyond the use-by date and time should not be used.
- 4.3.7 [Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine (in multi-dose vials)] Thawed vials could be stored at 2-8°C up to 30 days. Please check the "Use-by date & Time" on the outer carton on a regular basis and prior to vaccine preparation. Vaccines that are beyond the use-by date and time should not be used.

4.3.8 Comparison of Shelf-life of different mRNA COVID-19 vaccines

	Comirnaty Original/OmicronB A.4-5 (15/15mcg)/dose (Comirnaty Bivalent)	Comirnaty Omicron XBB.1.5 30 mcg/dose  (Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5)	Spikevax 2023-2024 Formula (XBB.1.5) Suspension for Injection COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine 250 micrograms /2.5 mL* (Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5)		
Shelf life for unopened vial					
Frozen	24 months (-90°C to -60°C)	18 months (-90°C to -60°C)	9 months (-50°C to -15°C)		
Thawed (2°C to 8°C)	10 weeks ( 70 days)	10 weeks ( 70 days)	<u>30</u> days		
Unopened vial prior to use	12 hours (8°C to 30°C)	12 hours (8°C to 30°C)	12 hours (8°C to <u>25</u> °C)		

Shelf life after first puncture					
Opened vial	12 hours	12 hours	<u>12</u> hours		
Opened viai	(2°C to 30°C)	(2°C to 30°C)	(2°C to <u><b>25</b></u> °C)		

\*also known as Spikevax XBB.1.5 0.1 mg/mL dispersion for injection

- 4.3.9 Modify and stabilize the refrigerator temperature before stocking with vaccine. The cold chain temperature range during storage should be +2°C to +8°C and it is a good practice to aim for +5°C, the midpoint of +2°C to +8°C. If the midpoint temperature is difficult to be maintained, fill the empty shelves, floor, drawers and the door with plastic bottles or other containers filled with water to maintain temperature stability. Leave a small space between the bottles/ containers.
- 4.3.10 Do not store vaccines directly under cooling vents, in drawers, on the floor or door shelves of the refrigerator. The instability of temperature and air flow in these areas may expose vaccines to inappropriate storage temperature.
- 4.3.11 Clinic /PCVS staff who is responsible for the maintenance of cold chain should strictly follow the manufacturers' recommendation on storage temperature of the vaccine, referencing to the package insert.
- 4.3.12 The refrigerator's user manual should be in place and clinic /PCVS staff should have basic operation technique to operate the refrigerator.
- 4.3.13 The refrigerator should be used exclusively for the storage of pharmaceutical products including vaccines. No food or drink is allowed in the medical fridge.
- 4.3.14 Good air circulation around the refrigerator is essential for proper cooling functions. The refrigerator should be placed away from heat sources and according to the manufacturer's user guide allowing sufficient ventilation around the refrigerator. Do not block the ventilation grid.
- 4.3.15 Ensure the refrigerator door is properly closed. The door should be opened as few as possible and closed as quickly as possible in order to maintain a constant temperature and prevent unnecessary temperature fluctuation. It is desirable to store the vaccines in their original packaging. Allow sufficient space between stocks for good air circulation.

- 4.3.16 The VSS doctor should follow the requirements and recommendations regarding vaccine storage mentioned in Chapter 6 of VSS Doctors' Guide (https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/vssdg\_ch6 vaccine storage and handling.pdf) and Section 3.3 of the Hong Kong Reference Framework for Preventive Care for Children in Primary Care Settings Module on Immunisation. Revised Edition 2019. (https://www.healthbureau.gov.hk/pho/rfs/english/pdf\_viewer.html?rfs=Preventive CareForChildren&file=ModuleOnImmunisation\_Chapter3).
- 4.3.17 Please have segregation between government-supplied COVID-19 vaccine and self-procured COVID-19 vaccine.

#### 4.4 Cold chain management

- 4.4.1 Clinic / PCVS staff should check the current, maximum and minimum temperature of the refrigerator by generating a temperature log from data logger daily. If a maximum-minimum thermometer is used, record the forementioned readings in the "Daily Fridge Temperature Chart" (Annex IV) manually 3 times daily each working day, preferably in the morning, at noon and in the afternoon, and post the chart at readily accessible and visible location such as on the refrigerator door. The reading on the maximum-minimum thermometer should be reset after each checking.
- 4.4.2 Contingency plan should be established and well understood by staff in case of temperature excursion (outside the recommended range of +2°C to +8°C) to minimize vaccine wastage for example, fridge malfunctioning or power outage, use of Uninterrupted Power Supply or a spare fridge in the premises is preferable but not mandatory.
- 4.4.3 In case of temperature excursion, clinic /PCVS staff should consult the pharmacist team of PMVD at 2125 2583 in normal working hours and the vaccines involved should not be administered until notice from the PMVD that advice from vaccine manufacturer confirms the stability and effectiveness of the involved vaccines. The vaccines involved should be quarantined inside the refrigerator of 2-8°C and marked "DO NOT USE".
- 4.4.4 Temperature range, date and duration of the temperature excursion should be recorded and reported via the "Temperature Excursion Incident Report Form" (Annex V) not later than one working day.

- 4.4.5 Remedial actions should be taken in order to ensure the cold chain is re-established as soon as possible.
- 4.4.6 Clinic / PCVS staff should keep all reports related to the incident e.g. temperature records, Temperature Excursion Incident Report, etc., at the clinic /PCVS for at least one year in case record tracing or inspection in the future is needed.

#### 4.5 Unserviceable vaccines

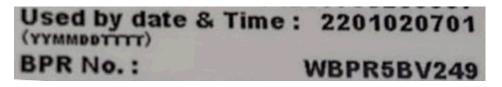
- 4.5.1 Unserviceable vaccines should never be administered. Separately, the number of unserviceable vials should be reported at Day End Situation Report for estimation of vaccine usage. Meanwhile, for defective vaccine, please also report at the Vaccine Report Form Relating to Discrepancy/Defective (Annex V).
- 4.5.2 Clinic / PCVS staff should record the cause, lot number and quantity of the vaccines involved, and take photos if the vaccine or syringe was deemed defective.
- 4.5.3 In doubt of quality, vaccine should be quarantined at 2-8°C cold chain environment with temperature monitoring device, and mark "Do Not Use" on the vaccines boxes until further instruction by the Department of Health. Examples are listed as follows:
  - (a) Defectiveness of the vaccine (e.g. drug label misprinting, presence of foreign particles)
  - (b) Temperature excursion
  - (c) Others as instructed by the Department of Health
- 4.5.4 Vaccines being unserviceable with the following reasons should be discarded into sharp box and disposed of as clinical waste. Examples are listed as follows:
  - (a) Damaged or contaminated
  - (b) Unused after twelve hours after first puncture (Comirnaty bivalent / Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine / Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine)
  - (c) Patient unfit or patient reject injection
  - (d) Blood aspirated before injection
  - (e) Patient default booking
- 4.5.5 [Comirnaty bivalent and Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5 ]The thawed vials could be stored at 2-8°C up to 10 weeks (70 days). Thawing details are shown on the 2D

barcode label on the outer carton of the vaccine only. For daily operation, please refer to "Use-by date & Time" on the 2D barcode label on the outer carton prior to vaccine preparation, as the information is not shown on the label of individual vial. DO NOT USE the vaccines that are expired as indicated by the "Use-by date & Time". For example:

#### Outer carton



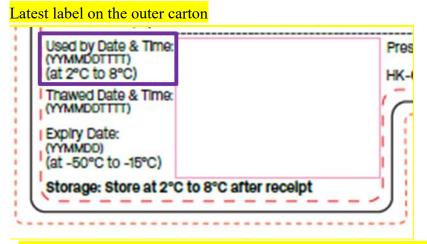
2D barcode label on the outer carton



The Used-by date & Time is read in YYMMDDTTTT. 2201020701 indicates that the vaccine would be expired on 02 Jan 2022 at 07:01

Please take the following actions to handle expired government supplied vaccine in all your clinics/ venues of mRNA Vaccine Scheme:

- (a) Check the "Use-by date & Time" on the 2D barcode label on the outer carton.
- (b) The expired vaccines (beyond Use-by date & Time) should be removed from fridge, quarantined in a lockable cabinet and marked "DO NOT USE".
- (c) Retain the expired vaccines to be collected by the Department of Health.
- (d) Report the expired vaccines as wastage via the on-line Day End Report Form.
- 4.5.6 [Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5] Thawed vials could be stored at 2-8°C up to 30 days. Please check the "Use-by date & Time" on the outer carton on a regular basis and prior to vaccine preparation. Vaccines that are beyond the use-by date and time should not be used.



The Used-by date & Time is read in YYMMDDTTTT. 2401162359 indicates that the vaccine would be expired on 16 Jan 2024 at 23:59

#### 4.6 Lot management

- 4.6.1 As batches of COVID-19 vaccines delivered to the clinic/PCVS may have different lot numbers, VSS doctor/ trained personnel under the VSS doctor's supervision must check the lot number of vaccines for each vaccine recipient.
- 4.6.2 Correct lot number should be marked on the label of each vaccine syringe.
- 4.6.3 Correct lot number should be selected from the pull-down menu in the field "Lot No." in the eHS(S) to ensure accuracy of the vaccination record. Any discrepancy between lot of vaccine used and data entry in eHS(S) must be reported to PMVD immediately.

#### 4.7 Wastage reduction

- 4.7.1 Preventative measures should be in place to avoid unnecessary vaccine wastage.
- 4.7.2 Scenarios that may lead to unnecessary vaccine wastage includes:
  - (a) High rate of absenteeism
  - (b) Violation of vaccine storage condition
  - (c) Vaccine exposed to room temperature beyond allowed duration, such as
    - 12 hours of unopened vials prior to use and 12 hours after first puncture (Comirnaty bivalent / Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5 / Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine)
- 4.7.3 Wastage rate will be reviewed by the PMVD periodically.

#### 4.8 Wastage Reporting and Day End Situation Report

- 4.8.1 Designated clinic /PCVS staff or doctor should report in term of the clinic/ PCVS as a single unit, for any wasted unserviceable vials and doses (e.g. defective, damaged or contaminated, expired or unused etc.) through Daily Report Form on the web-based ordering system before the end of day preferably.
- 4.8.2 Designated clinic / PCVS staff or doctor should **submit day end report preferably by the end of each day** through the web-based ordering system via the online Daily
  Report Form which includes number of vaccine vials at start and end of clinic /
  PCVS operation, number of vaccine vials received, taken out of fridge, inoculation
  made within the day and any other information as specified by the PMVD.

Designated clinic / PCVS offering should submit day end report for each type of vaccine been taken out of fridge on the same day.

#### 4.9 Management of surplus vaccines

- 4.9.1 The vaccines are Government Property and are provided to the doctors solely for the purpose of providing vaccination to target recipients. VSS doctors must return any surplus unopened vaccine vials supplied by government at the end of the programme.
- 4.9.2 VSS doctors may be liable to costs related to broken or missing vaccines and the Government reserves the right to demand VSS doctors for payment due to broken vaccine or missing vaccines.
- 4.9.3 All Government-supplied COVID-19 vaccines should be stored securely to prevent theft, diversion, tampering, substitution, resale, or exportation. They should be stored and used properly in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations to maintain vaccines' integrity, efficacy and safety.

#### 5 <u>Infection control practice</u>

- 5.1 Infection control practice in healthcare setting
- 5.1.1 Please refer to the **Guideline on Preventing COVID-19 Vaccine-strain Environmental Contamination** for details, accessible at

  <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/preventing\_covid-19\_vaccine-strain\_environmental\_contamination.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/preventing\_covid-19\_vaccine-strain\_environmental\_contamination.pdf</a>
- 5.1.2 Clinic /PCVS staff are advised to take precautionary measures to minimise the risk of contracting and spreading of COVID-19. Please refer to the Guide to Infection Control In Clinic Setting at CHP website

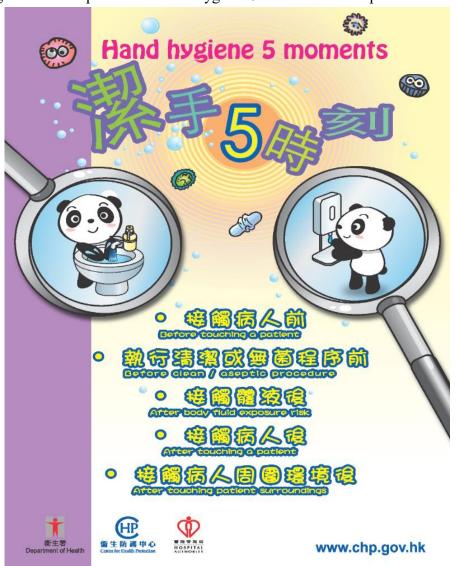
  (https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guide\_to\_infection\_control\_in\_clinic\_setting.pdf).
- 5.1.3 Please refer to Personal Protective Equipment Section of ICB Infection Control Guidelines for detailed PPE indications, usage, and doffing and donning procedures (https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/resources/346/365.html).
- 5.1.4 Wear gloves if in contact with blood, body fluids, secretions, excretions, mucous membrane and non-intact skin, or items that are contaminated by these materials.
- 5.1.5 If gloves have been worn, it should be removed immediately after use for each client, followed by proper hand hygiene.
- 5.1.6 Gloves should be discarded immediately after removal. Gloves should not be washed, decontaminated, or reprocessed for any reuse purpose. Disinfection of gloved hands with alcohol-based handrub is not recommended. The use of gloves does not replace the need for hand hygiene.
- 5.1.7 Clean and disinfect all areas including, but not limited to, the working area inside vaccination areas, with 1 in 49 diluted household bleach (mixing 1 part of household bleach containing 5.25% sodium hypochlorite with 49 parts of water), especially high-touch areas, at least twice daily or whenever visibly soiled. Leave for 15-30 minutes, and then rinse with water and keep dry.
- 5.1.8 For metallic surface, disinfect with 70% alcohol.
- 5.1.9 Please refer to Use Mask Properly

(<u>https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/use\_mask\_properly.pdf</u>) for the recommendations on use of surgical mask.

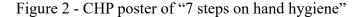
## 5.2 Hand hygiene

- 5.2.1 Hand hygiene practice should be adopted and strictly followed during vaccination procedure. Staff should perform hand hygiene for the following 5 moments (Refer to Figure 1 CHP poster of "Hand Hygiene 5 Moments in Hospital or Clinic Settings"):
  - (a) Before touching a patient
  - (b) Before clean / aseptic procedure
  - (c) After body fluid exposure risk
  - (d) After touching a patient
  - (e) After touching patient surroundings

Figure 1 – CHP poster of "Hand Hygiene 5 Moments in Hospital or Clinic Settings"



5.2.2 Hand hygiene with proper hand rubbing by using soap and water or alcohol-based handrub for at least 20 seconds and 7 steps of hand hygiene techniques should be performed in between each and after last vaccination. (Refer to Figure 2 - CHP poster of "7 steps on hand hygiene")





- 5.2.3 Clean hands with liquid soap and water when hands are visibly soiled or likely contaminated with body fluid.
- 5.2.4 When hands are not visibly soiled, clean them with 70-80% alcohol-based handrub is also effective.
- 5.2.5 Apply a palmful of alcohol-based handrub to cover all surfaces of the hands. Rub hands according to the 7 steps of hand hygiene technique for at least 20 seconds until the hands are dry.

5.2.6 Please refer to the Recommendations on Hand Hygiene and Use of Gloves in Health Care Settings.

(https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/recommendations on hand hygiene and use of gloves in health care settings.pdf)

#### 5.3 Safe injection practices and sharps handling

5.3.1 Precautions should be taken to prevent sharps injury. For details, please refer to "Prevention of Sharps Injury and Mucocutaneous Exposure to Blood and Body Fluid in Healthcare Setting", published by the Centre for Health Protection, Department of Health.

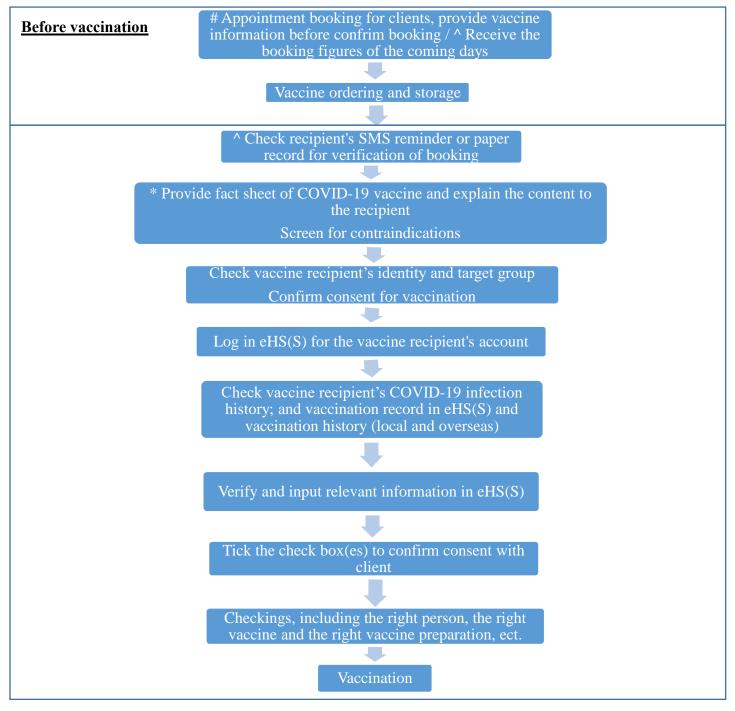
(https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/prevention\_of\_sharps\_injury\_and\_mucocutaneo us\_exposure\_to\_blood\_and\_body\_fluids.pdf)

- 5.3.2 Avoid work practices that pose sharps injury hazards, for example: recap, bend, break or hand-manipulate used needles.
- 5.3.3 Identify the location of the clinical waste container, if moveable, place it as near the point-of-use as appropriate for immediate disposal of the sharps.
- 5.3.4 Inform patients of what the procedure involves and explain the importance of avoiding any sudden movements that might dislodge the sharps, for successful completion of the procedure as well as preventing injury to healthcare personnel.
- 5.3.5 Discard used needles or sharps promptly in appropriate clinical waste containers.
- 5.3.6 Dispose any sharps with caution. Never throw the sharps into the clinical waste container.
- 5.3.7 Avoid overfilling a clinical waste container. The container should be disposed when it is 3/4 full or having its content reached the demarcated level.
- 5.3.8 Keep clinical waste containers securely in safe and upright position so as to prevent them from being toppled over.
- 5.3.9 Report all mucosal contacts of blood and body fluids, needle stick and other sharps-related injuries promptly to ensure that appropriate follow-up is received.

5.3.10 For post-exposure management, please refer to the CHP guideline "Recommendations on the Management and Postexposure Prophylaxis of Needlestick Injury or Mucosal Contact to HBV, HCV and HIV" at <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/recommendations">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/recommendations</a> on postexposure managemen t and prophylaxis of needlestick injury or mucosal contact to hbv hcv and <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/recommendations">hiv en r.pdf</a>.

#### **6** Vaccination procedures

#### **6.1** Flow chart of vaccination (before vaccination)

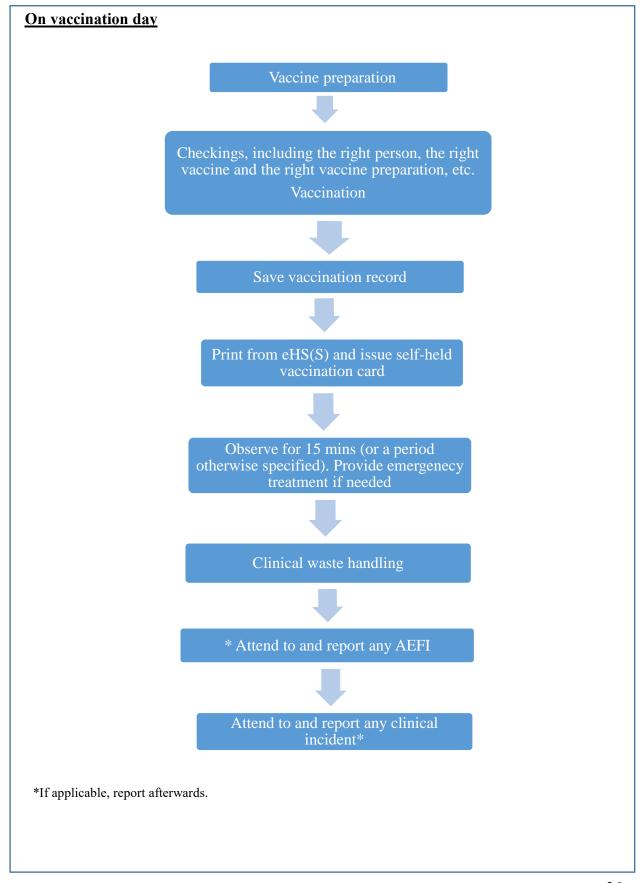


<sup>#</sup> Applicable to VSS private clinic only

<sup>^</sup> Applicable to Private Clinic Vaccination Station only

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to the settings and workflow at individual clinic, the information might be provided at different steps of workflow.

#### **6.2** Flow chart of vaccination (after vaccination)



#### 6.3 Appointment booking

### For Private Clinics under VSS

- 6.3.1 The name of VSS doctors, practice name and address and phone number will be displayed in COVID-19 Vaccination Programme Website (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html</a>) for search by the public.
- 6.3.2 VSS clinics should provide booking system/ arrangement (including but not limited to online system, mobile app and telephone booking) for clients to make appointment booking for receiving any dose of COVID-19 vaccinations; and handle enquires about vaccination service.
- 6.3.3 The appointment booking should take into account the need for 15-minutes (or 30-minutes for specified conditions under **sections 6.8.1 and 6.8.2**) observation time for recipients.
- 6.3.4 The booking/ arrangement system should be able to provide vaccine information, consolidate bookings, reconfirm bookings and provide reminders, etc. with a view to effectively minimizing the number of unused COVID-19 vaccines. VSS clinics should remind the vaccine recipient prior to the appointment.
- 6.3.5 VSS clinics should provide the fact sheet (**Annex I**) of the vaccine (to vaccine recipients (via booking system and in person, or other practical means) **before** confirmation of vaccination appointment and advise them to visit the Thematic Website for relevant information when making the appointment for vaccination.
- 6.3.6 VSS clinics should trace and contact the recipients who defaulted the vaccination, which should be re-arranged for the recipients as soon as possible.
- 6.3.7 VSS doctors, during vaccine ordering, must ensure sufficient quantity for doses for each client as needed.

#### For Private Clinic Vaccination Stations

6.3.8 The vaccine recipients are required to make an appointment via the online booking system, where he/ she would be informed of the information about COVID-19 vaccines including the contraindications for vaccination during the process of making appointment. Clients can book the desired technology platform, but the

- strain/brand of vaccine offered would be subject to availability in the venue and experts' recommendation as announced by Government from time to time. A SMS reminder of the vaccination would be sent prior to day of vaccination.
- 6.3.9 Walk-in quotas should be given to eligible persons aged below 18 years and 60 years or above and special cases who are not able to make an appointment via the public online system. PCVS should use their own booking system / arrangement (including but not limited to mobile app and telephone booking) for these recipients to book any dose of COVID-19 vaccinations. PCVS should trace and contact the recipients who defaulted the vaccination and re-arrange the vaccination for the recipients as soon as possible; and also contact the recipients to remind the schedule of their next dose(s). If daily walk-in quota is full, PCVS should provide assistance to help those in need to book vaccination on another date and time.
- 6.3.10 VSS doctors, during vaccine ordering, must ensure sufficient quantity for doses for each client as needed.
- 6.3.11 In addition, information on the eHealth would be shown to the vaccine recipient during the process of online booking. The vaccine recipient could indicate his/her consent for joining eHealth in the booking system.
- 6.3.12 Persons below 18 years/ mentally incapacitated are required to sign a paper vaccination consent form. Hard copy consent forms are not mandatory for other walk-in or booked adult clients.
- 6.3.13 Upon entering PCVS, vaccine recipients would have to show his/ her SMS reminder or paper record for verification of booking. Please check the technology platform, strain of vaccine and code on the SMS to confirm if right person goes to the right venue to receive the right vaccine. The letter "S" refers to inactivated vaccine and "B" refers to mRNA vaccine. Please refers to the table for further information.

Old English vaccine name in	New English vaccine name in
reminder SMS	reminder SMS
BioNTech (COMIRNATY)	mRNA COVID-19 vaccine - ancestral
	strain
BioNTech/Fosun [Comirnaty	mRNA COVID-19 vaccine - bivalent
Bivalent]	
N/A	mRNA COVID-19 vaccine –
	monovalent Omicron XBB.1.5

Please check with recipients their intended choice of vaccine by checking the SMS and open-ended question. PCVSs should refer to the recommendation by Government from time to time and offer default vaccine to eligible clients.

Please segregate PBVs receiving different platform, variants or brands of vaccines (e.g. by providing different coloured chits along with the corresponding fact sheet). Vaccine recipients who require special assistance with booking arrangements should be provided with assistance.

6.3.14 Latest version of publicity materials including but not limited to factsheets and posters should be displayed in waiting area / information room and injection room to avoid injection of wrong type of vaccine to recipients.

#### Operating Hours during inclement weather - Applicable to PCVS only

6.3.15 Vaccination service of Private Clinic COVID-19 Vaccination Stations will continue as usual under the Amber and Red Rainstorm Warning.

The time when the Black Rainstorm Warning Signal is hoisted	Private Clinic COVID-19 Vaccination Stations
Issued <b>before</b> opening hours	PCVSs will remain closed while the Black Rainstorm Warning Signal is in force. Vaccination service will be resumed 2 hours after the warning signal is cancelled.
	Clinics would take care of persons who have arrived. Vaccination service would be provided as far as possible.

Vaccination service of Private Clinic COVID-19 Vaccination will continue as usual under the Standby Signal No.1 and the Strong Wind Signal No.3.

The time when the Tropical Cyclone Warning Signal No. 8 or above is hoisted	Private Clinic COVID-19 Vaccination Stations	
	PCVSs will remain closed while the Tropical Cyclone Warning Signal No. 8 or above is in force. If the warning signal is cancelled before 1:00 pm, vaccination service will be resumed 2 hours after the warning signal is cancelled.	
Issued <b>during</b> opening hours	Admission will be stopped immediately a vaccination will be arranged for persons who has already entered at PCVSs. PCVSs will be closed the rest of the day.	

There would be **NO** rescheduling of booking appointments for the affected clients. For persons with their booking affected by the inclement weather, they can make another new vaccination appointment date and time through the booking system on the website of the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme (booking.covidvaccine.gov.hk) on the following day.

#### Please refer to

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/annexesinclementweatherarrangementenglish.pdf for more information.

Please also stay alert for the latest Government announcement (if any) for the opening arrangement for PCVS during inclement weather and extreme conditions.

## 6.4 Information provision, screening for contraindications, checking identity and target group, and obtaining informed consent

- 6.4.1 Information provision and screening for contraindications
- (a) Fact sheet (Annex I) available at

  (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/factsheet\_covidvaccine\_mrna\_eng.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/factsheet\_covidvaccine\_mrna\_eng.pdf</a>) about mRNA vaccines should be displayed in the waiting area / injection room to avoid

injection of the wrong type of vaccine to recipients.

- (b) Before vaccination, clinic/PCVS staff should provide vaccine recipients with the fact sheet (Annex I) of the relevant COVID-19 vaccine with information about potential side effect, authorised and not registered status of the vaccines, and vaccine-related adverse events following immunisation (AEFI); and another leaflet with information on enrolment in eHealth. VSS doctors are able to order the factsheet and other pamphlet through vaccine ordering system or contact VSS team at 2125 2299 / 3975 4806. Please make sure you have distributed the latest version of publicity materials to vaccine recipients.
- through with the vaccine recipients on the content of the fact sheet, allow questions and answer enquiries, conduct health assessment, check for any contraindications, special precautions, assess suitability of the recipient to receive the COVID-19 vaccine and handle enquiries. Please see Sections 2.1.3 on the contraindications and precautions of the COVID-19 vaccine. Inside the vaccination booth/room, vaccinators should confirm the recipient's choice of vaccine and one's eligibility by (1) Open-ended question for the vaccine to be received, (2) Checking against the eligibility of the recipients for the type of vaccine. Other measures may be adopted to facilitate confirmation on choice of vaccine eg.use of identification photos of vaccine packaging and vial to counter-check with the recipient, checking the coloured chits, SMS messages etc.).
- (d) As myocarditis and pericarditis are known potential adverse reactions of mRNA vaccines that are supplied in Hong Kong, the recipients should be advised to avoid strenuous exercise for one week after mRNA vaccination, and seek immediate medical attention when signs such as breathlessness, palpitations or chest pain occur.
- (e) The DH has issued an interim guidance notes on common medical diseases and COVID-19 vaccination in primary care settings. VSS Doctors could refer to the interim guidance notes in making clinical judgement on the suitability for COVID-19 vaccination. The interim guidance notes is a living document which will be updated from time to time. VSS Doctors and health professionals of the clinic /PCVS should obtain the latest version at the designated website at <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106957.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106957.html</a>.
- 6.4.2 VSS doctors may refer the following cases to the Vaccine Allergy Safety Clinic of

Hospital Authority for medical consultation/investigation as deemed appropriate:

- (i) persons with immediate (within 1 hour) severe allergic reaction to prior COVID-19 vaccination or to more than one class of drugs;
- (ii) persons with allergic reaction to prior COVID-19 vaccination which is not self-limiting or did not resolve by oral anti-allergy drug.

Clients with allergic rhinitis, asthma, atopic dermatitis, chronic urticaria, <u>drug and</u> <u>food allergies</u>, <u>and anaphylaxis unrelated to COVID-19 vaccines</u> (without other precautions) do <u>not</u> need to see an Allergist for evaluation of COVID-19 vaccine allergy risk.

Clients with the following reactions to prior COVID-19 vaccines can proceed to receive the next dose with post-vaccination observation for at least <u>30 minutes</u> after vaccination:

- (i) <u>superficial symptoms like rash, itchiness, urticarial, etc. that appear within 1</u> <u>hour, but without other systemic allergic symptoms such as shortness of breath, wheezing, low blood pressure, etc.;</u>
- (ii) symptoms that appear later than 1 hour that are self-limiting or resolve by an oral anti-allergy drug.

Please refer to the "An Interim Guidance Notes on Common Medical Diseases and COVID-19 Vaccination in Primary Care Settings" for further details. (https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidance\_notes.pdf)

- (a) To make the referral, VSS doctors are required to issue a referral letter to these cases and ask them to bring along the following documents for making appointment:
  - i. referral letter issued by a local registered medical practitioner within three months;
  - ii. the original or copy of valid identification document (e.g. HKID); AND
  - iii. address information
- (b) The methods of making appointment and details of the clinics are as follow:
  - i. in person / by authorized representative;
  - ii. by facsimile to Vaccine Allergy Safety Clinic;
  - iii. telephone booking by the referral doctor/ nurse; or
  - iv. through smartphone mobile application "BookHA"

(c) The address and contacts of the clinics are as follow:

Vaccine Allergy Safety Clinic at Grantham Hospital		
Address:	Rheumatology and Clinical Immunology Unit,	
	G/F, Block A, Grantham Hospital, 125 Wong Chuk	
	Hang Road, Aberdeen, Hong Kong	
Tel. No.:	2518 2620	
Fax No.:	2518 6716	
Service Hours:	Mon to Fri: 08:30 to 17:00; Sat: Closed	
Vaccine Allergy	Safety Clinic at Queen Mary Hospital	
Address:	6/F., S Block, Queen Mary Hospital, 102 Pokfulam	
	Road, Hong Kong	
Tel. No.:	2255 4186	
Fax No.:	2255 3018	
Service Hours:	Mon to Fri: 09:00 to 17:00; Sat: 09:00 to 13:00	

- 6.4.3 VSS doctors may also refer children and adolescents in the prevailing age indications for mRNA COVID-19 vaccines who are deemed eligible for COVID-19 vaccination and are holders of Hong Kong birth certificates and/or identify cards with the following medical history to the Paediatric Allergy Clinics in four tertiary hospitals for further allergy assessment:
  - (i) History of an immediate and severe allergic reaction to components of the COVID-19 vaccines; or
  - (ii) History of immediate allergic reaction to the previous dose of inactivated or mRNA COVID-19 vaccines
  - (a) VSS doctors may refer eligible adolescents to the Allergy Clinics using the referral form accessible on the website of the Hong Kong Society for Paediatric Diseases (HKSPIAID) Immunology Allergy and Infectious (https://www.hkspiaid.org/download/COVID19 vaccination referral 20210804.pdf). Doctors are required to specify the referral reason on the form which should be submitted to the respective hospitals / clinics by fax. Paediatric Allergy Clinic staff would perform risk stratification on individual recipients, followed by a reply either to the referrers or via direct contact with recipients regarding the fitness for vaccination or for further arrangement of vaccine allergy safety assessment. More information could be found at HKSPIAID's website at https://www.hkspiaid.org/covid19/.

(b) Doctors, vaccine recipients and recipients' family are free to decide which hospital / clinic to be referred to and are not bound by geographical regions. The contact and fax numbers of the clinics are as follow:

Name of hospital / clinic	Contact	Fax
	number	number
Prince of Wales Hospital Paediatric Specialist Out-	3505 4440	3505 4633
patient Clinic		
Queen Elizabeth Hospital Paediatric Specialist Out-	3506 6226	3506 6140
patient Clinic		
Queen Mary Hospital Paediatric & Adolescent	2255 3237	2819 3655
Medicine Specialist Out-patient Clinic		
Yan Chai Hospital Paediatrics and Adolescent	2417 5817	2149 6039
Ambulatory Centre		

- 6.4.4 Check vaccine recipient's eligibility, identity document, priority group and obtain informed consent via eHealth System (Subsidies) before administration of vaccine. VSS doctor/ trained personnel under VSS doctor's supervision should always refer to the most update announcement from the Government and information on the website (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106952.html</a>) for the eligibility and priority groups for vaccination.
  - (a) Check vaccine recipient's identity document. Vaccine recipient must show identity document to the VSS doctor/ trained personnel under VSS doctor's supervision before vaccination for registration use and for creating a vaccination record. Please see section 2.2 for details.

Please refer to the eHS(S) Guide reference:

 $\underline{https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/covidvaccine/doc/quick-guide-for-using-manual-input-of-other-document.pdf}.$ 

(b) To facilitate accurate capturing of personal particulars from the HKID, VSS doctor/ trained personnel under VSS doctor's supervision should use the Smart HKID Card Reader and let the vaccine recipient insert his/ her HKID into the card reader for registration, retrieving the vaccine recipient's page on eHS(S), for creating the vaccination record and acting as an electronic consent to receive COVID-19 vaccination and use vaccination subsidy. For Acknowledgement of Application for an Identity Card and Certificate of Exemption, VSS doctor/ trained personnel

under VSS doctor's supervision should enter the document number and other personal information as required into the eHS(S) manually.

- (c) For recipients without prior account opened under eHS(S), the clinic/PCVS staff have to obtain verbal consent from the recipient and open an eHS(S) account for him/her through insertion of HKID into the Smart HKID Card Reader by the recipient.
- (d) Electronic consent should be used for recipients in VSS clinics and PCVSs except for minors under 18 years old and exceptional cases such as mentally incapacitated persons. Hard copy of written consent (**Annex VI**) would be used for minors and these exceptional cases. Please refer to **section 6.14** for the vaccination arrangement for adolescents. In the "Remarks" field of the eHS(S), please record that the recipient is a minor or mentally incapacitated person and written consent has been obtained.
- (e) Vaccinator should collect and keep the signed consent forms for at least 7 years.
- (f) VSS doctor in private clinic should select the appropriate category on eHS(S) for people belonging to the priority groups mentioned in Section 2.2.1. Both VSS doctor in private clinic and PCVS should confirm the client fall under the high risk priority group for free vaccination in the confirmation page.
- 6.4.5 Please refer to the following User Manual and Quick Guide for more information:

User Manual on COVID-19 Vaccination Programme:

https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/covidvaccine/ehs.html

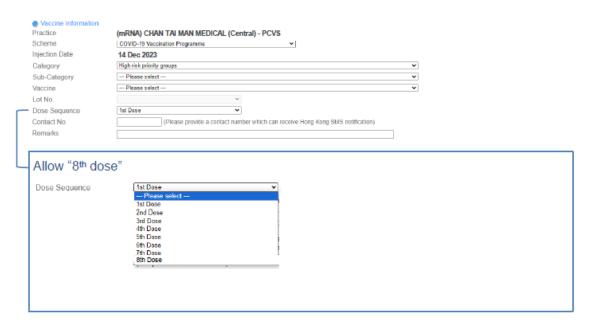
**Quick Guide for Private Clinics:** 

 $\underline{https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/covidvaccine/doc/quick-guide-for-private-clinics.pdf}$ 

- 6.4.6 The following information would be prefilled or required to be input into the vaccine recipient's page:
  - (a) Practice (name of the VSS clinic / PCVS)
  - (b) Name of vaccination scheme
  - (c) Injection date
  - (d) Category of target groups
  - (e) Sub-Category of target groups

- (f) Vaccine (name and brand)
- (g) Lot number
- (h) Dose sequence
- (i) Contact No.
- (j) Remarks

Please see the screen cap of the page for further information.



Please ensure you choose the <u>correct practice</u> and input <u>correct dose sequence</u>.

#### 6.4.7 Check vaccination record/ history

(a) To ensure patient safety and assist assessment of vaccine recipient's suitability for COVID-19 vaccination, VSS doctor/ trained personnel under VSS doctor's supervision should check the vaccine recipient's COVID-19 vaccination history (local and overseas) and other vaccination history BOTH with the vaccine recipient in-person AND against the eHS(S) BEFORE the administration of COVID-19 vaccine. The doctor cannot make claim for vaccination subsidy if the recipient has already completed the vaccination course.

For persons who had completed manufacturer's recommended primary dose(s) of COVID-19 vaccines which were not available under the Government Programme, they could receive remaining initial dose(s) similar to other persons who completed their first two doses by COVID-19 vaccines in Hong Kong. The additional booster of inactivated or mRNA COVID-19 vaccine may be given at least 180 days after their previous dose or recovery from last COVID-19 infection (whichever is later)

depend on the risk status. For eligible persons vaccinated with COVID-19 vaccines not available under the Government Vaccination Programme and yet to complete manufacturer's recommended primary dose(s) of COVID-19 vaccines, they are recommended to complete the remaining initial doses with available vaccine under Government programme according to the recommended interval of the latter.

(b) Vaccine recipient should provide his/her identity document and proof of the vaccination record with date, venue of vaccination and type of vaccine for checking by VSS doctor/ trained personnel under the VSS doctor's supervision.

The VSS doctor/ trained personnel under the VSS doctor's supervision may consider case-by-case, according to the JSC recommendation and assess on the interval, the contraindications, and provide additional dose vaccination using the COVID-19 vaccines available in HK, as appropriate. Please refer to the latest recommendation by the JSC (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24005.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24005.html</a>).

For such cases, vaccinator should record the details of the previous doses received outside Hong Kong including the date, place and type of vaccination under "Remarks" in the eHS(S) while the vaccine provided by the clinic/PCVS should be entered as the next dose in eHS(S).

(c) VSS doctors may exercise one's clinical judgement and provide a different brand of COVID-19 vaccine to vaccine recipients if deemed clinically appropriate.

Please refer to the latest COVID-19 vaccination recommendation for individuals with previous COVID-19 infection by the JSC via <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24008.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24008.html</a>. Please refer to the infographics for reference: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/poster">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/poster</a> recommend dose.pdf.

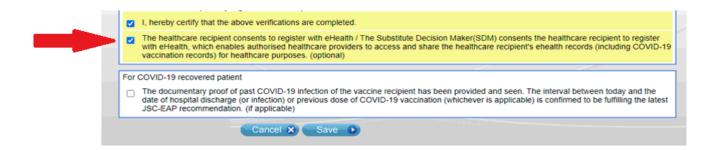
\*The latest updates and implementation schedule will also be communicated to VSS doctor by means of email. VSS doctors should check their registered email account for the latest updates. VSS doctors may also refer to the Government's thematic webpage for the latest updates (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html</a>).

6.4.8 The VSS doctor/ trained personnel under the VSS doctor's supervision should check the recipient's personal particulars, vaccine name, type, and duration since last dose to ensure the type and interval of COVID-19 vaccination are correct.

- 6.4.9 The batches of COVID-19 vaccines delivered may have different lot numbers, VSS doctor/ trained personnel under the VSS doctor's supervision should check the lot number of vaccines for each vaccine recipient and select a correct lot number from the pull-down menu in the field "Lot No." in the eHS(S) to ensure accuracy of the vaccination record.
- 6.4.10 The VSS doctor/ trained personnel under the VSS doctor's supervision should verify the following as shown on eHS(S) and after verification tick the check box on eHS(S) for record:
  - (a) The identity of the vaccine recipient has been verified;
  - (b) The vaccine recipient has read and understood the information in the Vaccination Fact Sheet and Supplementary Notes (if any) and information as published on CHP website in respect of the COVID-19 vaccine available under the Government COVID-19 Vaccination Programme for COVID-19 vaccine as documented above, including contraindications (and possible adverse events) of COVID-19 vaccination. The vaccine recipient understood that the provision, administration and use of the COVID-19 vaccine is subject to availability under the Government COVID-19 Vaccination Programme and that the vaccines are provided and administered in Hong Kong based on the following arrangements:
    - A) The vaccine product is registered under the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance (Cap.138); OR
    - B) The vaccine is permitted to be used under the Government COVID-19 Vaccination Programme; OR
    - C) The vaccine is used under circumstances not listed in the approved package insert of the vaccine product and this off-label use is permitted under the Government COVID-19 Vaccination Programme, having regard to the advice from panel(s)/ committee(s) of experts appointed by the Government upon review of the current and anticipated epidemic situation, as well as the relevant efficacy and safety published.

The vaccine recipient has provided the medical history with regard to the contraindications of the type of COVID-19 vaccine selected. The vaccine recipient has had the opportunity to ask questions and all of his/her questions were answered to his/her satisfaction. The vaccine recipient also fully understood his/her obligation and liability under this consent form and the Statement of Purpose of Collection of Personal Data:

- (c) Suitability for vaccination has been confirmed with reference to previous COVID-19 vaccination record (if any) and the vaccine recipient fall under the high risk priority groups for free vaccination;
- (d) The vaccine recipient consent to the administration of COVID-19 Vaccination under the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme; and the access and use by Department of Health and the relevant organizations collaborated with the Government (including the University of Hong Kong) of his/ her clinical data held by the Hospital Authority and the relevant private healthcare facilities and healthcare professionals, for the purpose of continuously monitoring the safety and clinical events associated with COVID-19 Vaccination by the Department of Health insofar as such access and use are necessary for the purpose; and
- (e) If the recipient is not legally capable of giving consent to the administration of the vaccine, either a person who is legally capable of giving the relevant consent on the recipient's behalf or decision of vaccination is made considering the vaccination is necessary and in the best interest of the vaccine recipient by registered medical practitioner.
- 6.4.11 To facilitate the vaccine recipients to check their COVID 19 vaccination records, they are encouraged to join the eHealth (醫健通). With effect from 1 June 2022, the eHS(S) screen for COVID-19 vaccination input, will pre-set a "tick" in the box of join eHealth (醫健通). VSS doctors and clinic /PCVS staff must ask for consent from recipients and should remove the "tick" if recipient does not give consent. Joining eHealth (醫健通) is optional for recipients. The screen cap is attached for your easy reference.



#### **6.5** Vaccine preparation and administration

- 6.5.1 Vaccines are required to be prepared properly before use. Vaccine preparation varies depending on the type and brand of COVID-19 vaccines.
- 6.5.2 [Comirnaty bivalent vaccines and Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines] Comirnaty can be optionally prepared by: (1) Preferably prepared as single dose immediately before vaccination inside the vaccination booth/room; OR (2) Follow prevailing practice to prepare in advance in batches (measures to clearly segregate e.g. clear labelling, coloured trays should be adopted).
- 6.5.3 [Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines] Spikevax should be prepared as single dose immediately before vaccination inside the vaccination booth/room; they should not be prepared in advance.
- 6.5.4 If venue allows, different booths/rooms should be assigned to provide EITHER: (1) monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccination; OR (2) Bivalent vaccination. Clear signage should be shown at the booths/rooms. Recipients should be directed to the suitable booth/room according to their intended choice of vaccine.
- 6.5.5 If the clinic /PCVS administers different types of COVID-19 vaccines, a mechanism, to the satisfaction of the Government, should be implemented to segregate the handling of vaccines and inoculation workflow of different types of vaccines, etc. to avoid inadvertent administration of the wrong type of vaccine.
- A dedicated person-in-charge, who is a registered medical practitioner, registered nurse, enrolled nurse, pharmacist or dispenser, should be arranged to ensure the adoption of "First Expired, First Out" principle for the same product during dispensing and labelling of the vaccine in the clinic/ PCVS. In addition, for monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines, please exhaust the on-hand vaccine product before switching to another vaccine product. For Comirnaty bivalent and Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines, please check the "Use-by date & Time" on the 2D barcode label on the outer carton prior to vaccine preparation. For Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine, please check the "Use-by date & Time" on the outer carton prior to vaccine preparation. Vaccines that are beyond the use-by date and time should not be used. Procedures should be placed to ensure proper handling, distribution and administration of vaccines, including but not limited to proper labelling of syringes and vaccines.

- 6.5.7 A poster/ leaflet about the handling procedure of different mRNA vaccines should be displayed in the designated area of vaccine preparation area to remind the staff about the proper handling procedure for the different variants or formulations of mRNA vaccine.
- 6.5.8 [Comirnaty bivalent and Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines ] **DO NOT DILUTE**. It is suggested that doses should be prepared immediately after withdrawal from refrigerator. Expiry of unopened vial at temperature **up to 30°C** is 12 hours prior to use. After first puncture, the vaccines should be used within 12 hours
- 6.5.9 [Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine] **DO NOT DILUTE**. It is suggested that doses should be prepared from multidose vial immediately after withdrawal from refrigerator. Expiry of unopened vial at temperature **up to 25°C** is 12 hours prior to use. **After first puncture of the multidose vial, the vaccines should be used within 12 hours.**
- 6.5.10 All types of mRNA vaccines should be prepared by a healthcare professional using aseptic technique to ensure the sterility of the prepared dispersion.
- 6.5.11 [Comirnaty bivalent and Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines] Syringe should be properly labelled for traceability and compliance with "use within" requirement of the vaccine, including but not limited to the following:
- (a) Name of vaccine
- (b) Use before date and time after first puncture
- (c) Lot number
- (d) Recommend to use markings on syringe label (e.g. highlight/different color) to clearly distinguish different types of vaccine

Used vial should also be labelled with above information.

Example of vial and syringe labels for Comirnaty bivalent vaccine:

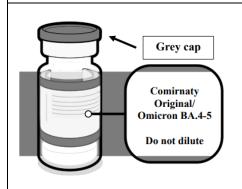


Please note that labelling of syringes is NOT required for vaccines **prepared as single dose immediately before vaccination** inside the vaccination booth /room, but used vial should be labelled with above information.

Please ensure the correct number of doses are withdrawn from each vial by proper documentation or measure.

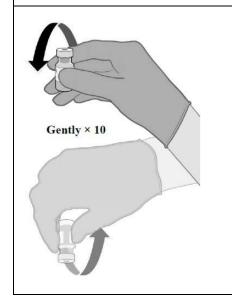
- 6.5.12 [Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine] Vial should be labelled with the information mentioned in 6.5.11 for traceability and compliance with "use within" requirement of the vaccine. Please ensure the correct number of doses are withdrawn from each vial.
- 6.5.13 [Comirnaty bivalent vaccine] The procedure for vaccine handling and preparation should be carried out according to the drug insert as illustrated below:

## VIAL VERIFICATION OF COMIRNATY ORIGINAL/OMICRON BA.4-5 (15/15 MICROGRAMS)/DOSE DISPERSION FOR INJECTION (12 YEARS AND OLDER)



• Verify that the vial has a grey plastic cap and a grey border around the label and the product name is Comirnaty Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms)/dose dispersion for injection.

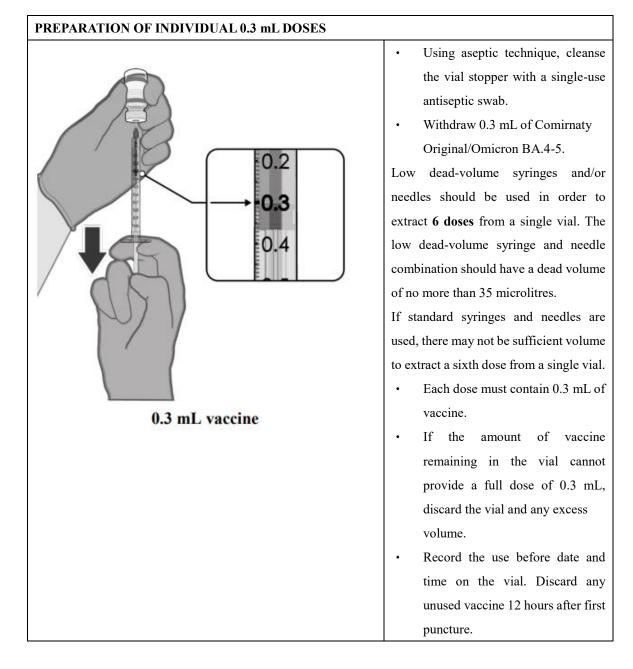
#### PRIOR TO USE



- The unopened multidose vial should be kept at 2 °C to 8 °C until the use-by date and time.
- Prior to use, the unopened vial can be stored for up to 12 hours at temperatures up to 30 °C.
- Gently invert it 10 times prior to extraction.

  Do not shake. Prior to mixing, the thawed dispersion may contain white to off-white opaque amorphous particles.
- After mixing, the vaccine should present as a white to off-white dispersion with no particulates visible. Do not use the vaccine if particulates or discolouration are present.

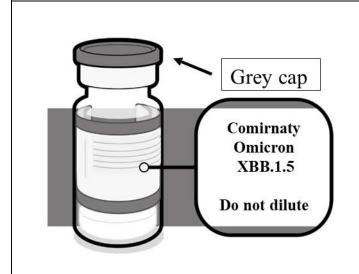
6.5.14 The preparation of each 0.3mL dose using a new sterile 1mL low dead-volume (LDV) syringe is illustrated below:



Each dose must contain 0.3 mL of vaccine. If the amount of vaccine remaining in the vial cannot provide a full dose of 0.3 mL, discard the vial and any excess volume. Do not pool excess vaccine from multiple vials.

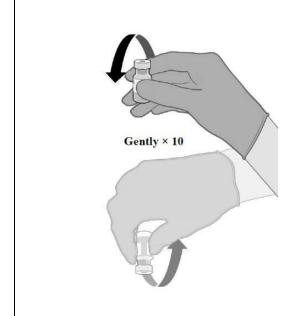
6.5.15 [Comirnaty monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines] The procedure for vaccine handling and preparation should be carried out according to the drug insert as illustrated below:

# VIAL VERIFICATION OF Comirnaty OMICRON XBB.1.5 DISPERSION FOR INJECTION COVID-19 mRNA VACCINE (NUCLEOSIDE MODIFIED) 30 MICROGRAMS/DOSE (12 YEARS AND OLDER)



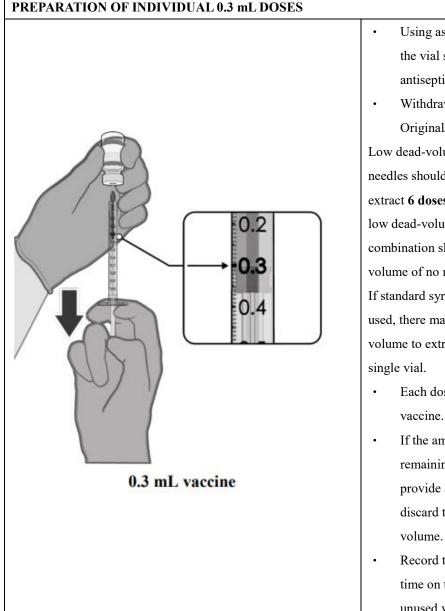
- Verify that the vial has a grey plastic cap and the product name is Comirnaty Omicron XBB.1.5 30 mcg injection.
- Follow the applicable handling instructions below.
- If the vial has another product name on the label, please make reference to the Package Insert for that formulation.

#### PRIOR TO USE



- The unopened multidose vial should be kept at 2 °C to 8 °C until the use-by date and time.
- Prior to use, the unopened vial can be stored for up to 12 hours at temperatures up to 30  $^{\circ}$ C.
- Gently invert it 10 times prior to extraction. Do not shake. Prior to mixing, the thawed dispersion may contain white to off-white opaque amorphous particles.
- After mixing, the vaccine should present as a white to off-white dispersion with no particulates visible. Do not use the vaccine if particulates or discolouration are present.

6.5.16 The preparation of each 0.3mL dose using a new sterile 1mL low dead-volume (LDV) syringe is illustrated below:



- Using aseptic technique, cleanse the vial stopper with a single-use antiseptic swab.
- Withdraw 0.3 mL of Comirnaty
   Original/Omicron BA.4-5.

Low dead-volume syringes and/or needles should be used in order to extract 6 doses from a single vial. The low dead-volume syringe and needle combination should have a dead volume of no more than 35 microlitres. If standard syringes and needles are used, there may not be sufficient volume to extract a sixth dose from a single vial.

- Each dose must contain 0.3 mL of vaccine.
- If the amount of vaccine remaining in the vial cannot provide a full dose of 0.3 mL, discard the vial and any excess
- Record the use before date and time on the vial. Discard any unused vaccine 12 hours after first puncture.

Each dose must contain 0.3 mL of vaccine. If the amount of vaccine remaining in the vial cannot provide a full dose of 0.3 mL, discard the vial and any excess volume. Do not pool excess vaccine from multiple vials.

6.5.17 [Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine] The procedure for vaccine handling and preparation should be carried out according to the drug insert as below:

#### (a) Vial verification

Verify that the vial has a blue flip-off cap and the product name is Spikevax 2023-2024 Formula (XBB.1.5) Suspension for Injection COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine 250 micrograms/2.5 mL\*
 \*also known as Spikevax XBB.1.5 0.1 mg/mL dispersion for injection.

#### (b) Prior to use

- Do not shake or dilute. Swirl the vial gently after thawing and before each withdrawal.
- The vaccine should be inspected visually for particulate matter and discolouration prior to administration.
- Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine is a white to off-white dispersion. It may contain white or translucent product-related particulates. Do not administer if vaccine is discoloured or contains other particulate matter

#### (c) Preparation

- Use a new sterile needle and syringe to pierce the stopper preferably at a different site each time. Five (5) doses (of 0.5 mL each) can be withdrawn from each multidose vial.
- Verify syringe volume after withdrawing the dose (i.e. 0.5ml per dose).
- Record the use before date and time, along with any other related information mentioned in section 6.5.12 on the vial label. Discard any punctured vial 12 hours after first puncture.
- The dose in the syringe should be used immediately. DO NOT prepare the vaccine doses in advance.
- 6.5.18 Staff of the designated preparation area should inform the nurse-in-charge and all related vaccinators immediately whenever there is a change in lot number. Before starting to use the new lot of vaccines, the new lot number should be entered into the eHS(S) lot management system for selection by vaccination staff.
- 6.5.19 Before administering the vaccine, clinic/ PCVS staff should check the vaccine for any irregularity, e.g. damage, contamination, use-by date and time, expiry date.
- 6.5.20 All types of mRNA vaccines should be administered intramuscularly. For individuals aged 18 and above, the preferred site is the deltoid muscle of the upper arm. Mid-anterolateral thigh injection **should be offered to all adolescents** (both male and female) aged 12 17 as the site of vaccination. Adolescents aged 12 17 could make an informed choice to opt-out from thigh injection and receive vaccination in deltoid. Individuals aged 18 and above could choose to receive

mRNA vaccine in their mid-anterolateral thigh on an **on-demand basis**. Please refer to **section 6.6.19 - 6.6.11** for the technique of mid-anterolateral thigh injection.

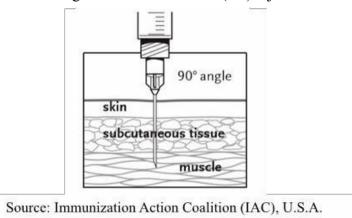
- 6.5.21 Checking of vaccines and rights of medication administration should be adopted, including:
  - (a) 3 checks:
    - when taking out the vaccine from storage;
    - before preparing the vaccine and;
    - before administering the vaccine
  - (b) 7 rights:
    - The right patient;
    - The right vaccine;
    - The right time (e.g. correct age, correct interval, use-by date and time, vaccine not expired);
    - The right dosage (confirm appropriateness of dose by using current drug insert as reference.);
    - The right route, needle length and technique;
    - The right site; and
    - The right documentation (e.g. Document the name of recipient, vaccine provider, vaccine type/ name and date of vaccination on the vaccination card.)

#### 6.6 Administration by the Intramuscular (IM) Route

- 6.6.1 The VSS doctor/ trained personnel under the VSS doctor's supervision should refer to the drug insert for complete vaccine administration information.
- 6.6.2 The VSS doctor/ trained personnel under the VSS doctor's supervision should use a new alcohol prep/ alcohol swab for skin disinfection from centre outwards, without touching the same area repeatedly; and allow the site to DRY completely before vaccination, and use a new dry clean gauze/ cotton wool ball for post vaccination compression of injection site.
- 6.6.3 Precautions should be taken to prevent sharps injury. Please refer to **section 5.3** for details.
- 6.6.4 The skin should be spread between the thumb and forefinger to avoid injection into subcutaneous tissue.

- 6.6.5 To avoid inadvertent intravascular administration, please aspirate before injection of COVID-19 vaccine by pulling back on the syringe plunger after needle insertion but before injection. If blood is noticed in the hub of the syringe, the needle should be withdrawn immediately. Please explain to the vaccine recipient before discarding the needle and syringe including vaccine contents into the sharp box. A new needle and syringe with vaccine will need to be prepared and used.
- 6.6.6 The needle at 90-degree angle should be fully inserted into the muscle and inject the vaccine into the muscle.

Figure 3 – Intramuscular (IM) injection



- 6.6.7 The needle should be withdrawn and light compression with a new dry clean gauze/ swab should be applied to the injection site for several seconds.
- 6.6.8 For conditions of incomplete dose during injection of mRNA vaccine to your clients due to various reasons such as leakage of vaccine from the syringe, please handle according to the following information:

	Action
Less than half of the	A repeat dose should be given immediately at the opposite
recommended dose or	
uncertain amount of	<mark>arm.</mark>
vaccine given	
Half of the	Another half-volume dose can be administered on the
recommended dose	
<mark>given</mark>	same clinic day, and the 2 doses can count as 1 full dose.
More than half of the	No repeat dose is required.
recommended dose	
<mark>given</mark>	

Please submit the "Clinical incident notification form" (For private clinic: **Annex IXa**; For PCVS: **Annex IXb**) within the same working day upon discovery of incident **AND** submit the "Clinical incident investigation report" (For private clinic: **Annex Xa**; For PCVS: **Annex Xb**) within 1 week upon discovery of the "incomplete dose" incident.

- 6.6.9 The updated guidance notes on mid-anterolateral thigh injection is at **Annex XI**. Please note the section on the choice of needle (LDV syringe with 1" needle for adolescents with normal build; standard 1-ml syringe with a changed 1.5" needle for adolescents with large build or if they are obese). The picture of mid-anterolateral thigh injection site is recommended to display in the vaccination booths of PCVS for vaccinators' easy reference.
- 6.6.10 When performing mid-anterolateral thigh injection, VSS doctors have to ensure that;
  - (a) vaccinators have been equipped with the knowledge and skills on thigh injection techniques;
  - (b) the pros and cons of thigh injection have been explained to and understood by the adolescent and their parents / guardians;
  - (c) thigh injection should take place at "thigh booth" (front and back opaque curtains, with top covered depending on the setup of the vaccination venue; air purifier as appropriate for enclosed booth);
  - (d) client's privacy, and chaperon as needed are in place during the whole vaccination procedure;
    - the injection site is documented in eHS(S) "Remarks" field with standard wordings as before (i.e. "Left thigh" or "Right thigh") (For adolescents who optout thigh injection and choose deltoid, there is no need to document the site for deltoid injection).

#### 6.7 Documentation and Medical Exemption Certificate

6.7.1 The vaccination record in eHS(S) and vaccination information for reimbursement claim should be input on the same day of the vaccination to ensure proper record and prevent duplicated dose.

#### Note on accurate data entry in eHS(S)

## 1) Correct entry of Service Provider ID / Username / Practice / Outreach Code (if applicable).

- Some doctors may work in more than one vaccination venue on different days and may wrongly use the code of another vaccination venue (e.g. CVC outreach versus VSS outreach, etc).
- VSS doctors should ensure all the relevant staff have inputted them correctly at the start of work every day.

#### 2) Correct input of Lot number

- All your relevant staff should be immediately informed whenever there is a change of Lot number in your clinic/ setting.
- All doctors/ relevant staff should check the Lot number on each vaccine vial or on the printed vaccine label on each pre-filled syringe before inputting each Lot number in eHS(S)
- 6.7.2 Upon saving the vaccination record, vaccination card should be printed directly from eHS(S) (Annex VII). Clinic /PCVS staff should use a printer for printing from eHS(S) and issue the client-held vaccination card to the vaccine recipient after vaccination.
- 6.7.3 The COVID-19 vaccination paper record will contain information: name, date of birth and gender of the vaccine recipient, vaccine name, lot number and the manufacturer, date and place of vaccination.
- 6.7.4 According to the Principle 2 of Schedule 1 of Cap.486 Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, all practicable steps shall be taken to ensure that personal data is accurate having regard to the purpose (including any directly related purpose) for which the personal data is or is to be used. Please take all practicable steps to ensure data accuracy of the personal particulars in eHS(S).
- 6.7.5 The VSS doctor/ staff should double-check the personal particulars manually inputted into the eHS(S) and previously stored in eHS(S) before clicking the

"Confirm" or "Next" button. The VSS doctor/ staff must always check the exact age / date of birth on the relevant identity documents carefully before proceed as it may affect the dose required and / or the timing of the dose.

- 6.7.6 Please ask the clients to check carefully the personal particulars on the paper vaccination records (e.g. "name", "document type", "date of birth" and "gender") before leaving the clinic / PCVS
- 6.7.7 Clinic / PCVS staff should use the "Reprint Vaccination Record" function at eHealth System (Subsidies) to print the paper record (or updated record) when handle requests to reprint the updated vaccination record. Please remind the clients to check carefully the personal information, i.e. "name", "document type", "date of birth" and "gender" in the vaccination record print-out.
- 6.7.8 For amendments of the personal information of vaccination records produced earlier, please notify PMVD at 2125 2299 in case the personal particulars in the print-out are incorrect.
- 6.7.9 All vaccinations given should be clearly documented on a vaccination log to be kept in the doctor's clinic/ medical organisation and the log should include:
  - (a) Name list of all recipients receiving vaccination;
  - (b) Name of vaccine given together with the lot number and expiry date;
  - (c) The date of vaccination; and
  - (d) Names of personnel who administered the vaccine/ the doctor responsible.
- 6.7.10 The Government has announced the arrangement of "Medical Exemption" under "Vaccine Pass" on 27 Jan 2022. The relevant press release can be accessed at: <a href="https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202201/27/P2022012700615.htm?fontSize=1">https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202201/27/P2022012700615.htm?fontSize=1</a> and <a href="https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202203/20/P2022032000438.htm?fontSize=3">https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202203/20/P2022032000438.htm?fontSize=3</a>

The government has lifted the Vaccine Pass arrangement since 29 December 2022. However, registered medical practitioners can still issue the "Medical Exemption Certificate" via the eHealth System (Subsidies) (eHS(S)). A Guidance Notes has been prepared to assist doctors in evaluating contraindications or precautions to COVID-19 vaccination that may warrant a medical exemption. The Guidance Notes has been incorporated into the "Interim Guidance Notes On Common Medical Diseases and COVID-19 Vaccination In Primary Care Settings" and can be accessed at:

#### https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidance\_notes.pdf

It is important to emphasize to patients who are issued a Medical Exemption Certificate, that as they are not protected by the vaccine, it is advised to have good personal and environmental hygiene measures, including maintain hand hygiene, go out less and reduce social activities, and maintain appropriate social distance with other people as far as possible. Doctors are also reminded to review their health condition at appropriate interval and advice on the best timing of vaccination.

COVID-19 vaccines may still be administered to the person after exercising clinical judgement by the doctor, clarification of the relevant medical conditions and an informed consent to vaccination is obtained. In such case, the vaccinators should input in the "Remark field" in eHS(S) the brief reason of overriding a "Medical Exemption Certificate". Please see Annex XII "Summary of Remarks for Vaccine Recipients (For mRNA vaccine)" for further details.

#### 6.8 Observation

- 6.8.1 All persons should be observed for 15 minutes after vaccination. Those with a history of immediate allergic reaction of any severity to a vaccine or an injection, and those with a history of anaphylaxis due to any cause should be observed for 30 minutes. Please refer to the Consensus Interim Recommendations on the Use of COVID-19 Vaccines in Hong Kong at https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24008.html.
- 6.8.2 Clients with the following reactions to prior COVID-19 vaccines should also be observed for at least 30 minutes after receiving the next dose:
  - (a) superficial symptoms like rash, itchiness, urticarial, etc. that appear within 1 hour, but without other systemic allergic symptoms such as shortness of breath, wheezing, low blood pressure, etc.;
  - (b) Symptoms that appear later than 1 hour that are self-limiting or resolve by an oral anti-allergy drug.
    - Please refer to the "An Interim Guidance Notes on Common Medical Diseases and COVID-19 Vaccination in Primary Care Settings" for further details. (https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidance\_notes.pdf)
- 6.8.3 If vaccine recipient experiences discomfort, clinic/ PCVS staff should give timely intervention, report to the doctor, and provide emergency management along with the

doctor as indicated.

6.8.4 For adverse events following immunisation (AEFI), VSS doctor should conduct medical assessment and report to the Drug Office online at <a href="https://www.drugoffice.gov.hk/eps/do/en/healthcare\_providers/adr\_reporting/index.html">https://www.drugoffice.gov.hk/eps/do/en/healthcare\_providers/adr\_reporting/index.html</a> (Please see section 8).

#### **6.9** Emergency management

- 6.9.1 The doctor should arrange qualified personnel, who are trained in emergency management of severe immediate reactions, with qualification such as Basic Life Support, to standby for emergency management and give timely intervention as indicated.
- 6.9.2 Emergency equipment (with age-appropriate parts) is highly recommended and should include, but is not limited to:
  - (a) Age-appropriate sized Bag Valve Mask
  - (b) BP monitor with Age-appropriate size cuff.
  - (c) AED Defibrillation Pad and age-appropriate pad (if applicable)

The clinic/ PCVS should be equipped with registered adrenaline ampoule [1:1000] (at least three) with 1mL syringes (at least three) and 25-32mm length needles (at least three) for adrenaline injection; or registered age-appropriate adrenaline auto-injector (150 micrograms and 300 micrograms) for management of anaphylaxis.

- 6.9.3 The doctor should keep training of personnel responsible for emergency management up-to-date and under regular review.
- 6.9.4 Clinic / PCVS staff should have written protocol and training materials in place for quick and convenient reference.
- 6.9.5 Adrenaline, if needed, could be given in form of adrenaline autoinjectors of 300 microgram IMI or Adrenaline in ampoules, with reference to the bodyweight. In cases when adrenaline autoinjectors are not available, the dosage of adrenaline should be adjusted according to body weight and age, with reference to the following extracted from the Chapter 5 Monitoring and Management of Adverse Events Following Immunisation of the Hong Kong Reference Framework for Preventive

Care for Children in Primary Care Settings<sup>1</sup>:

Table 22. Quick reference for dosage of adrenaline (The recommended dose for adrenaline is 0.01mg/kg body weight) (Adopted from Immunization Action Coalition)

	Age group	Range of weight (kg)*	Range of weight (lb)	Adrenaline dose lmg/ml injectable (1:1000 dilution) IM
Infants and Children	1-6 months	4-8.5 kg	9-19 lb	0.05 ml (or mg)
	7-36 months	9-14.5 kg	20-32 lb	0.1 ml (or mg)
	37-59 months	15-17.5 kg	33-39 lb	0.15 ml (or mg)
	5-7 years	18-25.5 kg	40-56 lb	0.2-0.25 ml (or mg)
	8-10 years	26-34.5 kg	57-76 lb	0.25-0.3 ml (or mg)†
Teens	11-12 years	35-45 kg	77-99 lb	0.35-0.4 ml (or mg)
	≥ 13 years	46+ kg	100+1b	0.5 ml (or mg);

Note: If body weight is known, then dosing by weight is preferred. If weight is not known or not readily available, dosing by age is appropriate.

- 6.9.6 Should anaphylaxis happen after vaccination, clinic /PCVS staff should take the following actions:
  - (a) Call ambulance
  - (b) Inform the doctor-in-charge immediately, and provide emergency management, e.g. adrenaline injection and airway management as appropriate
  - (c) Monitor blood pressure and pulse every 5 minutes and stay with patient until ambulance arrives
- 6.9.7 For details of management of anaphylaxis, please refer to section 9 of the Online Training for COVID-19 Vaccination Programme provided by HKAM (<a href="https://elearn.hkam.org.hk/en">https://elearn.hkam.org.hk/en</a>).
- 6.9.8 Please refer to **Section 6.14** for the management for adolescents in case of emergency.
- 6.9.9 Should there be cases with anaphylaxis or severe adverse reaction after vaccination requiring **on-site transferral to hospital via ambulance**, VSS doctors should report these cases to the Central Medical Team of the Department of Health, after immediate management, by phone (Tel: 3975 4859); followed by submitting the Report on Cases Referred to Hospitals (For private clinic, **Annex VIIIa**; For PCVS, **Annex VIIIb**) to the Central Medical Team by email (email addresses listed in the form) with password protection of the file, or fax (Fax: 2544 3908) within the same day of occurrence of

<sup>\*</sup>Rounded weight at the 50th percentile for each age range

<sup>†</sup>Maximum dose for children

<sup>‡</sup>Maxim20or teens

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 5 Monitoring and Management of Adverse Events Following Immunisation, Hong Kong Reference Framework for Preventive Care for Children in Primary Care Settings – Module on Immunisation (<a href="https://www.healthbureau.gov.hk/pho/rfs/english/pdf\_viewer.html?rfs=PreventiveCareForChildren&file=ModuleOnImmunisation\_Chapter5">https://www.healthbureau.gov.hk/pho/rfs/english/pdf\_viewer.html?rfs=PreventiveCareForChildren&file=ModuleOnImmunisation\_Chapter5</a>).

the incident.

#### 6.10 Vaccination arrangement for persons recovered from previous COVID-19 infection

6.10.1 Recovered persons should take one dose less if the interval between an infection and a COVID-19 vaccination was at least 14 days. Recovery is defined as 14 days after the date of first positive test. The recovered persons should receive the remaining doses according to the interval for the next dose. The actual number of doses given would be marked as the dose sequence in the vaccination record. For further information, please refer to the factsheet on COVID-19 Vaccination for Persons with Prior COVID-19 Infection:

(https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/factsheet\_priorcovid19infection\_eng.pdf)

- To facilitate the checking of previous COVID-19 history and the relevant interval 6.10.2 between discharge and vaccination BEFORE vaccination, the eHS(S) has been enhanced with the following new features:
  - (a) For persons who have used HKID as the identity document for admission to hospitals under the Hospital Authority and on the day of vaccination, previous COVID-19 discharge record, if any, would also be displayed when HKID is used to retrieve the vaccine recipient's page on eHS(S).

#### Documentary proof for assessing clients with prior COVID-19 infection 6.11

- 6.11.1 The Green box of "COVID-19 Discharge Record" will be displayed only for locally infected client using HK Identify Card (HKIC) as identity document and was admitted to a HA hospital. Recipients' positive nucleic acid test results or reported positive rapid antigen test results since the fifth wave of COVID-19 would also be displayed. The Green box will not be shown for recovered patients who:
  - (a) did not use HKIC as identity document during HA's hospital admission, e.g foreign passports, two-way permits, etc
  - (b) had COVID-19 infection outside HK
  - (c) had not reported his/her local COVID-19 infection to Department of Health The screen cap of the "green box" is attached for your easy reference.



The eHealth System (Subsidies) is enhanced to capture the "prior COVID-19 6.11.2

infection status" by adding a tick-box.

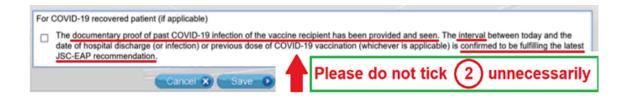
Please refer to the following User Manual and Quick Guide for more information: User Manual on COVID-19 Vaccination Programme:

https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/covidvaccine/ehs.html

**Ouick Guide for Private Clinics:** 

https://www.ehealth.gov.hk/en/covidvaccine/doc/quick-guide-for-private-clinics.pdf

6.11.3 The tick-box have to be ticked by the vaccinators whenever the proof of past COVID-19 infection has been shown by the client to the vaccinator and the recommended interval is fulfilled. If the Green box of "COVID-19 Discharge Record" is already displayed, there is no need to tick the tick-box. The screen cap is attached for your easy reference.



6.11.4 The proof of past COVID-19 infection in paper or electronic format are equally acceptable. For the accepted supporting document types, please refer to

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/factsheet\_priorcovid19infection\_eng.pdf If the proof is not in English or Chinese, it should be presented together with a written confirmation in English or Chinese, bearing all the relevant information with the client's identity particulars matched.

- 6.11.5 When the tick-box is ticked, please enter the following information in the "Remark" field:
  - (a) Recovered from COVID-19 infection
  - (b) Date of discharge (or infection)
  - (c) Place of discharge (or infection) (e.g. HK, mainland China, country name, etc)

    Example: "Recovered from COVID-19 infection, 1 May 2021, UK"

Please see Annex XII "Summary of Remarks for Vaccine Recipients (For mRNA vaccines)" for further details.

- 6.11.6 If documentary proof cannot be provided, the provision of next dose (Inactivated or mRNA vaccine) as in general public can be acceded to.
- 6.11.7 If the name on the documentary proof is not an exact match with the client's

available identity document, passport and travel document, then the documentary proof has to be assessed by the on-site healthcare professionals on a case-by-case approach.

#### 6.12 Co-administration of COVID-19 vaccines with other vaccines

6.12.1 COVID-19 vaccines can be co-administered with, or at any time before or after, any other vaccines including live attenuated vaccines under informed consent. If clients/ parents of children wish to space out COVID-19 vaccine with live attenuated vaccines (e.g. Measles, Mumps, Rubella & Varicella (MMRV), Live Attenuated Influenza Vaccine (LAIV)), an interval of 14 days is sufficient.

The above recommendation is also updated in FAQ#8 (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106953.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106953.html</a>) and FAQ#8 (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/faq\_children\_adolescents\_eng.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/faq\_children\_adolescents\_eng.pdf</a>) accordingly.

\*The latest updates and implementation schedule will also be communicated to VSS doctor by means of email. VSS doctors should check their registered email account for the latest updates. VSS doctors may also refer to the Government's thematic webpage for the latest updates

(https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html)

#### For co-administration of SIV and COVID-19 vaccine in PCVS

6.12.2 Please refer to the thematic webpage:

( <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106096.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106096.html</a> ) and the Vaccination Guide for Co-Administration of Seasonal Influenza Vaccine and COVID-19 Vaccines at Same Visit:

( <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/vssdg\_ch5\_appendix\_h.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/vssdg\_ch5\_appendix\_h.pdf</a>)

6.12.3 PCVS are encouraged to actively offer co-administration of seasonal influenza vaccine (SIV) and COVID-19 vaccine to Hong Kong residents of <u>50 years old or above (Year of Birth)</u> at the <u>same visit</u>. Starting from 22 March 2023, PCVSs may provide co-administration service of COVID-19 vaccines and SIV for Hong Kong residents aged 6 months to under 18 years old (Date of Birth).

To align with practice in Community Vaccination Centers (CVCs), PCVS should not charge the above mentioned group of person. The Government would

reimburse to the enrolled doctor a subsidy of \$260 for each PCVS self-procured dose administered to the aforementioned eligible persons under the Vaccination Subsidy Scheme (VSS).

- Please be reminded that PCVS can provide mRNA vaccine to appropriate clients of age  $\geq 12$  years old only, except the designated PCVSs.
- 6.12.4 To allow more flexibility in PCVS, online booking will not be made available to the public.
- 6.12.5 For <u>other eligible groups</u> or if the 2 vaccines are administered at <u>different days</u> for VSS eligible groups, extra charge is allowed. These extra charges would be shown in the online directory (<a href="https://apps.hcv.gov.hk/public/en/SPS/Search">https://apps.hcv.gov.hk/public/en/SPS/Search</a>) as transparent information for the public.
- 6.12.6 To ensure clients receive correct information on the fee charged, please state clearly the extra charge on the price poster and give clear explanation by clinic staff whether your PCVS has stocked SIV for provision to the public, which types of clients are offered free SIV and which are not.
- 6.12.7 PCVS should obtain informed consent for both COVID-19 and SIV vaccines. Please use the VSS module in the eHS(S) to claim subsidy for vaccinations using the PCVS self-procured SIV and CVCVSS module for vaccinations using the government supplied SIV. CVCVSS module has been added to the existing PCVS practices providing COVID. The transaction number start with TC instead of TG.



#### **6.13 Non-local Vaccination Declaration**

- 6.13.1 Individuals could register the non-local vaccination records with the Government by voluntary declaration for obtaining a local vaccination record QR code before 2 November 2023 via online system.
  - (https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202109/14/P2021091400572.htm?fontSize=1)
  - . The arrangement facilitates these persons to carry and view the records in electronic format.
- 6.13.2 This QR code CANNOT replace the original non-local vaccination record as a proof of vaccination. Thus, for arrangement of subsequent dose, recipients have to show the original non-local vaccination record, instead of this QR code, to the doctors for assessment. The vaccinator should input the non-local COVID-19 vaccination history [date, place and type of vaccination] under "Remarks" in the eHealth System. Please see Annex XII "Summary of Remarks for Vaccine Recipients (For mRNA vaccines)" for further details.
- 6.13.3 Also, recipients' self-declaration via this declaration channel **would NOT be** reflected in eHS(S). Doctors should check with the recipients their COVID-19 vaccination history, including those given <u>outside Hong Kong</u> before vaccination.
- 6.13.4 If clients have declared his/her non-local vaccination record to the Government, and then received vaccination in Hong Kong as well as registered with eHealth by the

same identity document, they can use the "Vaccines" function on the eHealth app to view both the local and non-local electronic vaccination records. They can also input their non-local vaccination record to the eHealth app for uploading to the eHealth system.

#### **6.14 Vaccination arrangement for adolescents**

6.14.1 Please refer to the latest COVID-19 vaccination recommendation for individuals with previous COVID-19 infection by the JSC via

https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/static/24008.html.

Please refer to the infographics for reference:

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/poster recommend dose.pdf

\*The latest updates and implementation schedule will also be communicated to VSS doctor by means of email. VSS doctors should check their registered email account for the latest updates. VSS doctors may also refer to the Government's thematic webpage for the latest updates (<a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html</a>).

- 6.14.2 Immunocompromised persons have to bring with the relevant doctor's letter. An updated doctor's template can be downloaded here:

  <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/medical\_certificate\_of\_third\_dose\_eligibility\_for\_immunocompromised\_persons.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/medical\_certificate\_of\_third\_dose\_eligibility\_for\_immunocompromised\_persons.pdf</a>
- 6.14.3 For all clients below age of 18 years, paper consent (**Annex VI**) should be completed and signed by parent/guardian before vaccination. The recipient should bring the signed consent to the clinic/PCVS on the day of vaccination, otherwise, clinic/PCVS staff should provide a blank consent form for parent/guardian to sign before vaccination.
- 6.14.4 Similar to the vaccination arrangement for adults, a smart card reader should also be used for adolescents aged 12 to 17 years to capture their personal identifiers for HKID holders.
- 6.14.5 In order to ensure the unique identifier to be used in different COVID-19 vaccination systems, please remind the recipient/ parent/ guardian to use the same identity document for vaccination.
- 6.14.6 Please also see the Points to Note and FAQs on COVID-19 vaccination for Children

and Adolescents:

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/faq\_children\_adolescents\_chi.pdf https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/faq\_children\_adolescents\_eng.pdf

- 6.14.7 Mid-anterolateral thigh injection **should be offered to all adolescents** (both male and female) aged 12 17 as the site of vaccination. Adolescents aged 12 17 could make an informed choice to opt-out from thigh injection and receive vaccination in deltoid. Please refer to **section 6.6** for the technique of mid-anterolateral thigh injection.
- 6.14.8 For vaccination for persons of age 12-17 years old, in case of emergency, age appropriate measures should be taken including the use of age-appropriate blood pressure cuffs for measuring blood pressure, age-appropriate bag-valve masks for airway protection. Please see section 6.9 for emergency equipment and management.
- 6.14.9 Other process of vaccination, including information provision, verification of informed consent, vaccine preparation and administration and resting, should follow section 6.

#### **6.15** Immunocompromised person

For immunocompromised persons, a medical proof of immunocompromised status (or doctor's letters in other formats with valid contents) signed by a registered medical practitioner, should be presented for inspection by the vaccinator before administrating of the third dose ( second dose for COVID-19 recoverer) or onward doses of COVID-19 vaccine. The proof or doctor's letter should be returned to the client after inspection. A sample template of the medical certificate could be found at

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/medical\_certificate\_of\_third\_dose\_eligibility for\_immunocompromised\_persons.pdf.

Please enter the following standard wordings in the "Remark" field in eHS(S): "Doctor's letter for additional booster in 2023/24 seen". Please see Annex XII "Summary of Remarks for Vaccine Recipients (For mRNA vaccines)" for further details.

#### 6.16 Vaccination for pregnant and lactating women

Pregnant women are at high risk of developing complications from COVID-19

infections.

COVID-19 vaccine can be safely given at any time during pregnancy. The World Health Organization(WHO) recommended that COVID-19 vaccination in midsecond trimester is preferred to optimize protection of the pregnant women, the foetus and the infant.

WHO doses not recommend discontinuing breastfeeding because of vaccination. As an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine is not a live vaccine, the mRNA does not enter the nucleus of the cell and is degraded quickly. It is biologically and clinically unlikely to pose a risk to the breastfeeding child.

### 7 Waste management

- 7.1 Regulation of clinical waste handling is under the purview of Environmental Protection (EPD). Please find details in the website: Department (https://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/en/information.html). All clinical waste generated should be properly handled and disposed (including proper package, storage and disposal) in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Clinical Waste) (General) For details, please refer to the EPD's Code of Practice (CoP) for the Regulation. of Clinical Clinical Management Waste (Small Waste Producers) (http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/file/doc06 en.pdf).
- 7.2 Clinical waste generated (mainly used needles, syringes, ampoules and cotton wool balls fully soaked with blood) should be disposed of directly into sharps box with cover. Clinical waste must not be collected or disposed of as municipal solid waste or other types of wastes.
- 7.3 Alcohol swabs and cotton wool balls slightly stained with blood, which are not clinical waste by definition, should also be properly handled and disposed of as general refuse. For details, please refer to the CoP published by the EPD (<a href="http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/file/doc06\_en.pdf">http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/file/doc06\_en.pdf</a>).
- 7.4 Discard the used vials in the sharp boxes and be handled as clinical waste, or to discard as chemical waste and handled in accordance with EPD guidelines.
- 7.5 The specifications of a typical sharps box are given in Annex B of Code of Practice for the Management of Clinical Waste (Small Clinical Waste Producers) (the CoP) published by the EPD (<a href="http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/file/doc06">http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/file/doc06</a> en.pdf).
- 7.6 Every container of clinical waste must bear a label. Please find details in Annex B of Code of Practice for the Management of Clinical Waste (Small Clinical Waste Producers) (the CoP) published by the EPD (<a href="http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/file/doc06\_en.pdf">http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/file/doc06\_en.pdf</a>).
- 7.7 Clinic /PCVS staff should provide suitable area for temporary storage of clinical waste.

  Please find details in the Code of Practice for the Management of Clinical Waste (Small Clinical Waste Producers) (the CoP) published by the EPD

  (http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste/file/doc06\_en.pdf)
- 7.8 When the licensed collector comes to collect clinical waste stored on-site, the clinic staff

should sign on the Clinical Waste Trip Ticket.

7.9 The Waste Producer Copy (pink copy) of the Clinical Waste Trip Ticket should be forwarded to the doctor / medical organization (of the venue) representative for record.

### 8 Reporting of adverse events following immunisation

#### 8.1 Adverse events following immunisation (AEFIs)

- 8.1.1 Adverse events following immunisation (AEFIs) <sup>2</sup> are any untoward medical occurrence which follows immunisation and which does not necessarily have a causal relationship with the usage of the vaccine. The adverse event may be any unfavourable or unintended sign, abnormal laboratory finding, symptom or disease. The early detection will decrease the negative impact of these events on the health of individuals.
- 8.1.2 Like all vaccines, the mRNA COVID-19 vaccine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. Please refer to relevant Package insert or consult healthcare providers for details.
- 8.1.3 There are reports of allergic reactions occurred with mRNA vaccine, including a very small number of cases of severe allergic reactions (anaphylaxis) which have occurred when mRNA vaccine has been used in vaccination campaigns. As for all vaccines, mRNA vaccine should be given under close supervision with appropriate medical treatment available.
- 8.1.4 For more information on the possible side effects of COVID-19 vaccines, please refer to the website at https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106934.html.

### 8.2 Reporting of AEFIs

8.2.1 Clinic /PCVS staff should inform the vaccine recipients what to expect after receiving the vaccine (common side effects) and advise them to read the fact sheet in **Annex I** (as the fact sheet would be updated from time to time as necessary, clinic / PCVS staff should use the latest version available at <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/covid19vaccinationfactsheet\_comirnaty\_chi.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/covid19vaccinationfactsheet\_comirnaty\_chi.pdf</a> for the relevant information.) Clinic / PCVS staff should also encourage vaccine recipients to tell healthcare professionals such as doctors and pharmacists of the suspected adverse event occurred after immunisation so that they can report to DH the suspected adverse event after vaccination. Informed consent should also be obtained from the recipient that the DH would continue to access the relevant

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Vaccine Safety Basics by WHO (<a href="https://iris.who.int/handle/10665/340576?locale-attribute=en&">https://iris.who.int/handle/10665/340576?locale-attribute=en&</a>)

information and medical records for continue monitoring of the medical outcome of the vaccination.

- 8.2.2 VSS Doctors are encouraged to report the following AEFIs:
  - (a) All suspected serious<sup>2</sup> adverse events, even if the adverse event is well known;
  - (b) Suspected drug interactions including vaccine-drug and vaccine-herb interactions;
  - (c) Non-serious adverse events but the adverse events are deemed medically significant by the healthcare professional (e.g. increased frequency or unusual presentation of a known adverse event);
  - (d) Unexpected adverse events, i.e. the adverse events are not found in the product information or labelling (e.g. an unknown side effect).
- 8.2.3 Please conduct medical assessment and report to the Drug Office online at <a href="https://www.drugoffice.gov.hk/eps/do/en/healthcare\_providers/adr\_reporting/index.">https://www.drugoffice.gov.hk/eps/do/en/healthcare\_providers/adr\_reporting/index.</a> html.

• is life-threatening,

• requires intervention to prevent one of the outcomes above (medically important)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An AEFI will be considered serious, if it:

<sup>•</sup> results in death,

<sup>•</sup> requires in-patient hospitalization or prolongation of existing hospitalization,

<sup>•</sup> results in persistent or significant disability/incapacity,

<sup>•</sup> is a congenital anomaly/birth defect,

### 9 Management of clinical incident

- 9.1.1 Clinical incident is defined as any events or circumstances that caused injury to vaccine recipients or posed risk of harm to vaccine recipients in the course of provision of clinical service.
- 9.1.2 VSS doctor should have plans to handle clinical incidents (e.g. incorrect vaccine administered). Appropriate actions should be taken, including inform the recipients/ parents/ guardians as appropriate, attend to the concerned clients as soon as possible and make necessary arrangements.
- 9.1.3 VSS doctor should attend all clinical incident immediately and provide appropriate interventions. Clear documentation of clinical assessment and interventions, including but not limited to medications used, should be done according to the practice of VSS doctor.
- 9.1.4 Following all necessary immediate interventions, the doctor in private clinic should inform the PMVD and the doctor in PCVS should inform Central Medical Team (CMT) at the earliest possible by phone, followed by the Clinical Incident Notification Form (For private clinic: **Annex IXa**; For PCVS: **Annex IXb**). The form should be returned to the PMVD or CMT by fax or email with password protection of the file within the same day of occurrence of the incident.
- 9.1.5 Summary of the incident, with preliminary assessment and immediate remedial actions should be included in the notification form.
- 9.1.6 The doctor should conduct a full investigation of the medical incident and submit the Clinical Incident Investigation Report (For private clinic: Annex Xa; For PCVS: Annex Xb) to the PMVD or CMT within 7 days from the occurrence of the incident.

### **List of Annexes**

Annex I	Fact sheet
Annex II	Package insert of mRNA vaccine
Annex III	Checklist of items during onsite inspection
Annex IV	Daily Fridge Temperature Chart
Annex V	Temperature Excursion Incident Report Form (COVID-19)
Annex VI	Consent Form
Annex VII	Sample of a COVID-19 Vaccination Card
Annex VIIIa	Report on Cases Referred to Hospitals (For Private clinic)
Annex VIIIb	Report on Cases Referred to Hospitals (For PCVS)
Annex IXa	Clinical Incident Notification Form (For Private clinic)
Annex IXb	Clinical Incident Notification Form (For PCVS)
Annex Xa	Clinical Incident Investigation Report (For Private clinic)
Annex Xb	Clinical Incident Investigation Report (For PCVS)
Annex XI	Interim Operation Workflow and Guidance Notes on Intramuscular mid-
	anterolateral thigh injection (mRNA vaccines)
Annex XII	Summary of Remarks For Vaccine Recipients (For mRNA vaccines)
Annex XIII	Useful link of the document about the vaccination programme

Annex I

### **Fact sheet on COVID-19 Vaccination (To Vaccine recipients)**

Please download the latest version available at

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/factsheet\_covidvaccine\_mrna\_chi.pdf

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/factsheet covidvaccine mrna eng.pdf

(Factsheet - Chinese) (Factsheet - English)

Annex II

### Package Insert of mRNA vaccines

Please download the latest version at <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106959.html">https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/106959.html</a>

Annex III

# Checklist of items during onsite inspection for COVID-19 Vaccination Programme under the VSS

A)	Booking/ appointment system
	Should provide vaccine information before confirmation of appointment
	Venue setting  Segregation of vaccine storage/ handling and workflow if both inactivated and mRNA vaccines are provided in the same hospital/ clinic  Display poster/ factsheet to indicate the type of vaccine (mRNA vaccines) to be provided  Venue disinfection  Have the Doctors' Guide in place for easy reference
D)	Certificate of online training for COVID-19 Vaccination Programme offered by the Hong Kong Academy of Medicine
<b>E</b> )	Medical consumables and equipment  Adrenaline auto-injector or 1:1000 adrenaline ampoule for injection and 1mL syringes and 25-32mm needles
	70%-80% alcohol-based hand rub
	Alcohol preps/ alcohol swab for skin disinfection before vaccination
	Dry sterile gauzes/ cotton wool balls for post-injection compression
	Sharps boxes/ clinical waste containers
	Card reader
	Printer
<b>F</b> )	Vaccine/ Vaccines storage Use of purpose-built vaccine refrigerators
	Maintain cold chain of the vaccines (+2°C to +8°C)
	Check and record temperature on the Daily Fridge Temperature Chart.
	Stock level vs consumption record of vaccines

## Doctors' Guide for the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme at Clinics under VSS /PCVSs Daily log to monitor the utilization and stock balance Label and appearance of vaccines Disposal of vaccine vials and packaging materials Wastage reporting and preventive measures to avoid unnecessary vaccine wastage **G)** Administrative procedures before vaccination Check identity of recipient Check vaccination record in eHealth System (Subsidies) [eHS(S)]. H) Obtaining informed consent Provide factsheet of the COVID-19 vaccine to recipients and go through the contents ☐ Handle enquiries about COVID-19 vaccination ☐ Verify the verification checklist and tick the check box I) Vaccine preparation Assign a designated area and dedicated person-in-charge for vaccine preparation Label each prepared vaccine syringe with "name of vaccine", "use before date and time" and "Lot number" Use within 12 hours for Comirnaty bivalent and monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccines as well as Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5 vaccine after first puncture Discard unused vaccines that are prepared longer than the labeled time J) Checking before vaccine administration Check for contraindications and assess suitability to receive vaccine. 3 checks

when taking out the vaccine from storage

before preparing the vaccine

before administering the vaccine

•	7 rights
	The right patient
	The right vaccine
	The right time (e.g. correct age, correct interval, vaccine not expired)
	The right dosage
	The right route, needle length and technique
	The right site
	The right documentation (e.g. Document the name, DOB and gender of recipient, vaccine provider, vaccine type/ name, name of manufacturer and date of vaccination on the vaccination card.)
K)	Observation and reminder to recipients after vaccine administration
	Arrange recipients to have rest for at least 15 minutes before leaving the clinic.
	Remind recipients to attend the appointment for the next dose if applicable.
<b>L</b> )	Vaccination record  Issue vaccination card to recipient

### M) Clinical waste management

The above checklists are by no means exhaustive. Please refer to the Doctors' Guide for more information on details of the guidelines.

Annex IV

### **Daily Fridge Temperature Chart**

The acceptable temperature range is +2°C to +8°C but Strive for five! (+5°C). Should check the current, the maximum and the minimum temperatures inside the refrigerator three times daily (once in am, once at noon and once in pm) and record in the form. Please reset the maximum/minimum temperature thermometer after recording

Frie	dge Mo	odel:			S	ernal no	o.:				Locatio	n:			
			МС	ONTH _					YEA	R			_		
Date	N	forning		Comments,	Initials	Г	Noon		Comments,	Initials	Af	ftermoo	n	Comments,	Initials
	I	idge ter		if any*		(Fri	idge ter	mp)	if any*		(Fri	idge te	mp)	if any*	
	Current	_	_	-		Current	_	Max.	1		Current		_	- 6	
1				<del> </del>	$\vdash$				-			V			
2			$\vdash$	+		$\vdash$	$\vdash$	$\vdash$				7			
3			$\vdash$	<del>                                     </del>				$\vdash$	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>					
4			$\vdash$	†		$\vdash$									
5				1											
6															
7															
8															
9															
10															
11															
12															
13															
14															
15						h			4						
16		1													
17							11								
18															
19															
20															
21															
22															
23															
24															
25															
26															
27															
28															
29															
30															
31															

<sup>\*</sup> If the fridge temperature is abnormal during checking, please fill the relevant code in the comments column and inform PMVD.

DO	Door opened for extended time	TTD	Thermostat turned down	PF	Power failure
----	-------------------------------	-----	------------------------	----	---------------

Annex V

### **Temperature Excursion Incident Report Form (COVID-19)**

To:	Pharmacist (Department of Health)	Tel No.:	2125 2583	Fax. No.:	3693 4431	Ref. No.:	
		Email: pl	2125 2590 harm_cmt@dl	h.gov.hk			
Part 1	_						
Name	of Doctor:						
Name	of Clinic:						
	ess of Clinic:						
	none Number:						
	e Location:						
Part l	<u>II</u>						
Repor	t when the temperature on refriger	ator is rea	d <i>outside th</i>	e recommen	ided range (	(2°C-8°C)	
Date of	of Occurrence:		Ti	me of Occur	rence:		
1.	What was the temperature insid	e the refri	gerator at the	time the pro	oblem was	Current:	°C
	discovered?					Min.:	°C
						Max.:	°C
2.	How long had the vaccines 1 temperatures <sup>3</sup> ?	peen expo	osed to the	inappropria	te storage		
3.	Has an inventory check of	the vacci	nes within	the refriger	ator been	☐ Yes	□ No
	conducted? (Please refer to Part	t III for de	tails)				
4.	Did the refrigerator resume r	ormal aft	ter electricit	y supply re	sumed or	☐ Yes	☐ No
	plugged to another functioning	power sup	pply?				
5.	Have all the affected vaccin	es been	labelled wi	th "DO NO	OT USE"	☐ Yes	□ No
	(quarantined)?						
6.	Could the affected vaccines	be transf	Ferred and	be stored i	n another	☐ Yes	□ No
	refrigerator?						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Please provide the total amount of time by calculating the difference between the time of discovery and the time of the last temperature check

### Part III

List of COVID-19 vaccines affected:

Vaccine name	Lot no.	Quantity

P	ar	t	Ι	V

Probable causes(s) for the temperature excursion:

Power not plugged in or not turned on
Power failure
Prolonged opening of refrigerator door
Refrigerator door cannot be properly closed
Unit's temperature knob setting is incorrect
Other:

Pa	rt	V
Γа	ΠL	v

K	Remedial action taken to restore the cold chain to the recommended range $(2 \text{ C} - 8 \text{ C})$

### Part VI (To be completed by the Department of Health)

Conside	Consideration for affected vaccines to be released or disposed:								

### **Vaccine Report Form Relating to Discrepancy/Defective**

To:	Pharmacist (Department of Health)	Tel No.:	2125 2583 2125 2590	Ref. No.:	
		Email:	pharm_cmt(	adh.gov.hk	
<u>Part</u>	<u>I</u>				
Na	nme of Doctor:				
Na	nme of Clinic:		Telephone Num	nber:	
Ad	ldress of Clinic:				
<u>Part</u>	<u>II</u>				
Da	ate & Time of Occurrence:				
Br	and of Vaccine:				
Ba	atch Number (and/or BPR):				
Ex	piry Date (and/or Use-by date):				
Qυ	uantity:				
Da	ate of Reporting:	1	Signature:		
			Position:		
			Name of Contac	et:	
==== *For	Department of Health to fill in		=========		
Da	ite:		Signature:		
Re	eference Number:		Position:		
			Name of Contac	et:	

Annex VI

### **Vaccination Consent Form under the Government Programme**

English: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/consent\_form\_for\_covid19\_vaccination\_eng.pdf">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/consent\_form\_for\_covid19\_vaccination\_eng.pdf</a>
Traditional Chinese: <a href="https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/consent\_form\_for\_covid19">https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/consent\_form\_for\_covid19</a> vaccination chi.pdf

Annex VII

### Sample of a COVID-19 Vaccination Card

Please refer the sample of vaccination card:

https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/sample\_covidvaccinationrecord.pdf

**VSS** 

(RESTRICTED) Annex VIIIa To: Central Medical Team From:\_\_\_\_\_ clinic Email: nurse\_cmt@dh.gov.hk Name:\_\_\_\_\_(Doctor / Nurse) duty\_ro\_cmt@dh.gov.hk Date: Report on Cases Referred to Hospital (To be completed by clinic) Points to Note: -For all cases which required medical attention and referral to hospital, clinic should inform (For medical the Central Medical Team after immediate management by phone (3975 4859); followed by this written Report on Cases Referred to Hospital. team) The completed form should be returned to the Central Medical Team by email (nurse cmt@dh.gov.hk and duty ro cmt@dh.gov.hk) or fax (2544 3908) as soon as possible and within the same day after the incident. Particulars of the person who was referred to hospital Age: Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Sex:\_\_\_\_ ID number: Date sent to hospital (dd/mm/yyyy): \_\_\_\_\_ Time (24 hr format): \_\_\_\_\_: Hospital (if known): **Reason(s)/ Preliminary Diagnosis:** Π. COVID-19 vaccine given to the person on the day Vaccine Not given Vaccine given Name of COVID-19 vaccine: Dose sequence: \_\_\_\_\_dose • Time given: \_\_\_\_\_\_ am / pm\* Ш. **Details Details of event:** 

[Updated on 20230621]

**Symptoms & Time of onset:** 

(RESTRICTED) Others: IV. Management provided at clinic V. Condition of the patient on leaving clinic Awake / Verbal / Pain / Unresponsive \* Vital Signs: BP /Pulse SaO2 VI. Information given to relatives (if applicable) VII. Other information if applicable VIII. Reporter's Information Name (in Full): Mr/Ms\_\_\_\_\_ Post: Please tick the appropriate box below: **Doctor** Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Nurse Pharmacist/ dispenser Clerk Other healthcare professionals, please specify: Name of clinic:

Date:

Name of enrolled doctor:

Time (24 hr format): \_\_\_\_:\_\_\_

\_(dd/mm/yyyy)



### (RESTRICTED)

Annex VIIIb

		From:	PCVS
Email: nurse_cm	@dh.gov.hk	Name:	(Doctor / Nurse)
duty_ro_cn	nt@dh.gov.hk	Tel:	
		Date:	
Report on Cases R	eferred to Hospital (To be	completed by PCVS)	
Points to Note:	- For all cases which i	required medical attention a	and referral to hospital, PCVS should inform
(For medical	the Central Medical	Team after immediate man	nagement by phone (3975 4859); followed by
team)	this written Report	on Cases Referred to Hospi	tal.
	- The completed form	should be returned to the	Central Medical Team by email
	(nurse cmt@dh.gov	.hk and duty ro cmt@dh.g	gov.hk) or fax (2544 3908) as soon as possible
	and within the same	day after the incident.	
IX. Particular	s of the person who was ref	erred to hospital	
Name:	S	ex: Age:	ID number:
Date sent to hospit	al (dd/mm/yyyy):	Time (24 )	hr format)::
Hospital (if known	):		
X. COVID-1	9 vaccine given to the person	n on the day	
□ Vaccine Not	given		
□ Vaccine give	1		
Name of	COVID-19 vaccine:		
• Dose sec	quence:	dose	
• Time giv	ven::	_ am / pm*	
XI. Details			
Details of event:			

### (RESTRICTED)

Symptoms & Time of onset:		,		
XII. Management provided at PCVS				
Management provided at 1 CV 5				
XIII. Condition of the patient on leaving PCVS				
Awake / Verbal / Pain / Unresponsive *	Vital	Signs : BP	/Pulse	SaO2
XIV. Information given to relatives (if applicable	e)			
Brown Market (in approximately				
XV. Other information if applicable				
XVI. Reporter's Information				
Name (in Full) : Mr / Ms	Post	: Please tick the	appropriate box b	elow:
Phone:		Doctor		
Phone: Email:		Nurse		
	_ _ _	Nurse Pharmacist/ di	spenser	
	_ _ _	Nurse Pharmacist/ di Clerk		
	_ _ _	Nurse Pharmacist/ di Clerk	spenser are professionals, p	
Email:		Nurse Pharmacist/ di Clerk Other healthca	are professionals, p	
		Nurse Pharmacist/ di Clerk Other healthca	are professionals, p	lease specify:

Annex IXa

# **COVID-19 Vaccination Programme under the VSS CLINICAL INCIDENT NOTIFICATION FORM**

D ' / A N				uspected Clinical Includ		1			
Points to Note: - Clinical Incident is defined as any events or circumstances (i.e. with any deviation									
				-	y to client or posed risk of h				
				-	r provision of clinical servic	e			
	-			ald be notified by any stat					
	-		•	get all details confirmed t					
	-	Notifica	tion should b	oe made as soon as possi	<b>ble</b> (by phone to the PMVD a	at 2125 2299			
		And fol	lowed by fax	(Fax Number: <b>2713 957</b>	76) or email in form of with p	assword			
	encrypted file (Email: covid19_vss@dh.gov.hk) after completion of this form,								
		within t	the same wo	rking day upon discover	ry of (suspected) incident				
	-	A follov	v up full inve	estigation report by the V	SS Doctor should be submitted	ed within 1			
		week up	on discovery	y of (suspected) incident					
XVII. Brie	f Facts								
Name of VSS	S clinic invo	lved:							
Date of disco	very (dd/	mm/yyyy)	):	Time	(24 hr format):				
Date of occur	rrence (dd/1	mm/yyyy)	:	Time	(24 hr format):				
Place of occu	rrence:			At the VSS clinic					
				Others, please specify:					
Stage of care	when			Pre-vaccination					
incident occu	ır			During vaccination					
				Post-vaccination					
Number of v	accine recip	oient(s) af	fected: _						
Demographi	cs of clients	affected:							
Person (1,	Gender	Age	Type of	Level of injury as per	Consequence	Name and			
2, 3)	(M/F)		harm/	initial assessment by	(e.g. referred to AED/	lot number			
			injury	medical team	other specialties/ repeat or	of vaccine			
				(M, 1, 2, 3)	additional procedure and	involved			
				(See next page)	investigation, etc.)				
				1 5 /					

Summary of	the inciden	t: (includi	ing what happe	ned. how	it hap	pened,	and what actio	ns were take	n etc.
Do not put in	any person	al inform	ation of the per	sons affec	ted in	the in	cident; And Do	not put in a	ny name,
post or rank	post or rank of staff involved in the incident.)								
Any property	y damage?			Yes, detail	s:				
			<u> </u>	No					
XVIII. Rep	orter's Info	rmation							
					Post:	Pleas	e tick the approp	oriate box be	low:
Name (in Fu	ll) : Dr / Mr	· / Ms				Doct	or		
						Nurs	e		
Phone:						Phar	macist/ dispense	r	
						Clerk	ζ		
Email:						Othe	r healthcare prof	essionals, pl	ease specify:
Name of org	anisation/ so	ervice pro	vider:						
Name of enro	olled doctor	:							
Date:			(dd/m	m/yyyy)	Time	(24 h	r format):		

### Classification of level of Injury

Level of	The level of injury is defined as follows,
Injury	Level M Near miss OR incidents that caused no or minor injury, which may or may not
	require repeat of investigation, treatment or procedure, or additional monitoring (including
	telephone follow-up).
	Level 1 No or minor injury was resulted AND additional investigation or referral to other
	specialty (including AED) was required for the client.
	Level 2 Significant injury was resulted AND additional investigation or referral to other
	specialty (including AED) was required for the client.
	Level 3 Significant injury was resulted AND resulted in death or arrest or requiring
	resuscitation or permanent loss of function was resulted or expected.

Annex IXb

# Private Clinic Vaccination Station CLINICAL INCIDENT NOTIFICATION FORM (RESTRICTED)

Case Number (assigned by Central Medical Team):\_\_\_\_\_

Notification Form for Suspec	cted Clinical Incide	nt						
(To be completed by organisation / service provider)								
Points to Note	- Clinical In	cident is	defined as any events or circumstances (i.e. with any					
(for Medical operator):	deviation f	from usu	al medical care) that caused injury to client or posed risk of					
	harm to cl	ient in th	in the course of direct patient care or provision of clinical service					
	- Clinical inc	cident cou	ald be notified by any staff of any rank					
	- It is not req	quired to g	get all details confirmed to make a notification					
	- Notification	n should	be made as soon as possible (by phone to the Central Medical					
Team at 3975 4859) And followed by this written Clinical Incident Notification								
- The completed from should be returned to the Central Medical Team by email								
(nurse_cmt@dh.gov.hk and duty_ro_cmt@dh.gov.hk and mo_cmt@dh.gov.hk								
	(2544 3908	3) as soon	as possible and within the same day after the incident.					
	- A follow up	p full inve	estigation report by the Doctor in-charge of the PCVS should be					
	submitted t	to the Cer	ntral Medical Team by email within 1 week upon discovery of					
	(suspected)	) incident						
XIX. Brief Facts								
Name of Private Clinic Va	accination Station	involved	l:					
Date of discovery (dd/m	m/yyyy):		Time (24 hr format):					
Date of occurrence (dd/m	m/yyyy):		Time (24 hr format):					
Place of occurrence:			At the private clinic vaccination station					
			Others, please specify:					
Stage of care when			Pre-vaccination Pre-vaccination					
incident occur			During vaccination					
			Post-vaccination					
Number of vaccine recipie	ent(s) affected:							
Demographics of clients a	ffected:							
<u> </u>								

Person	Gender	Age	Type of	Level	of injury		Consequence	Name and batch of
(1, 2,	(M/F)		harm/ injury	as pe	er initial	(e.	.g. referred to AED/	vaccine involved
3)				asses	sment by	oth	er specialties/ repeat	
					cal team		additional procedure	
				(M,	1, 2, 3)		d investigation, etc.)	
					Annex II)		<i>5</i> , ,	
				(				
Cummany	of the ineid	ont. (ina	ludina what han	nanad	haw it han	2014.04	d, and what actions we	re taken etc. Do
-			-					
				ons ajje	ctea in the	incu	dent; And Do not put i	n any name, post or
rank of staf	j invoivea i	n tne inc	riaent.)					
Any proper	ty damage	??			Yes, detai	ls:		
					No			
XX. Re	porter's In	formatio	n					
						Post	: Please tick the approp	riate box below:
Name (in F	ull) : Mr /	Ms			_		Doctor	
							Nurse	
Phone:				_			Pharmacist/ dispenser	
							Clerk	
Email:							Other healthcare prof	essionals, please specify:
Name of or	ganisation	/ service	provider:					
Name of en	rolled doct	tor:						
Date:				mm/yy			e (24 hr format):	
			`				,	

### Classification of level of Injury

Level of	The level of injury is defined as follows,
Injury	Level M Near miss OR incidents that caused no or minor injury, which may or may not
	require repeat of investigation, treatment or procedure, or additional monitoring (including
	telephone follow-up).
	Level 1 No or minor injury was resulted AND additional investigation or referral to other
	specialty (including AED) was required for the client.
	Level 2 Significant injury was resulted AND additional investigation or referral to other
	specialty (including AED) was required for the client.
	Level 3 Significant injury was resulted AND resulted in death or arrest or requiring
	resuscitation or permanent loss of function was resulted or expected.

Annex Xa

# COVID-19 Vaccination Programme under the VSS CLINICAL INCIDENT INVESTIGATION REPORT

# Clinical Incident Investigation Report (To be completed by the VSS Doctor)

**Points to Note:** 

- Report should be made within 1 week upon discovery of the incident
- Do not put in any personal information of the persons / staff affected involved in the incident

XXI. Brief	f Facts									
Name of VSS	clinic invol	lved:								
Date of disco	Date of discovery (dd/mm/yyyy): Time (24 hr format):									
Date of occur	rence (dd/n	nm/yyyy):			Time (24	4 hr format):				
Place of occur	rrence:			At th	ne VSS clinic					
				Othe	rs, please specify:					
Stage of care	when			Pre-v	vaccination					
incident occu	r			Duri	ng vaccination					
				Post-	-vaccination					
Number of va	accine recip	ient(s) aff	ected: _							
Demographic	es of clients	affected:								
Person (1,	Gender	Age	Type of h	arm/	Level of injury as	Consequence	Name and	Ī		
2, 3)	(M/F)		injury	y	per initial	(e.g. referred to AED/ other	lot number			
					assessment by	specialties/ repeat or	of vaccine			
					medical team	additional procedure and	involved			
					(M, 1, 2, 3)	investigation, etc.)				
Summary of	the incident	t: (includii	ig what hap	pened.	. how it happened)					
Actions taker	for this inc	cident:					-	_		

Remedial measures to prevent future similar occurrences:
Other recommendations and comments:
Reporter's Information
Name (in Full) : Dr
Phone:
Email:
Date:

Annex Xb

# Private Clinic Vaccination Station CLINICAL INCIDENT INVESTIGATION REPORT (RESTRICTED)

Case Number (assigned by Central Medical Team):\_\_\_\_\_

Clinical Incident I	Clinical Incident Investigation Report							
(To be completed by the Doctor in-charge of the PCVS))								
Points to Note:	-	Report should be made within 1 week upon discovery of the incident						
	-	Do not put in any personal information of the persons / staff affected involved in the incident						
	-	The completed form should be returned to the Central Medical Team by email						
		(nurse cmt@dh.gov.hk and duty ro cmt@dh.gov.hk and mo cmt@dh.gov.hk) fax (2544						
		3908)						

XXII. Brief Facts												
Name of Private Clinic Vaccination Station involved:												
Date of discovery (dd/mm/yyyy):						Time (24 hr format):						
Date of occurrence (dd/mm/yyyy):					Time (24 hr format):							
Place of occurrence:					At the private clinic vaccination station							
					Others, p	lease specify:						
Stage of care when					Pre-vacci	Pre-vaccination Pre-vaccination						
incident oc	cur				During vaccination							
					Post-vaccination							
Number of vaccine recipient(s) affected:												
Demograph	nics of clier	nts affec	ted:									
Person	Gender	Age	Type of	Level of	injury as	Consequence	Name and batch					
(1, 2,	(M/F)		harm/	per initial		(e.g. referred to AED/ other	of vaccine					
3)			injury	assessment by		specialties/ repeat or	involved					
				medical team		additional procedure and						
				(M, 1, 2, 3)		investigation, etc.)						
				(See Annex II)								

Summary of the incident: (including what happened. how it happened							
Actions taken for this incident:							
Remedial measures to prevent future similar occurrences:							

Other recommendations and comments:								
Reporter's Information								
Name (in Full) : Dr	_							
Phone:	-							
Email:	_							
Date:								

#### Annex XI

### Interim operation workflow and guidance notes on Intramuscular midanterolateral thigh injection (mRNA COVID-19 vaccine)

### Background for Intramuscular Injection at Mid-anterolateral Thigh

Over 17 million doses of the Comirnaty vaccines have been administered to children and adolescents in multiple countries since May 2021. Myopericarditis is a known side effect of the Comirnaty vaccine reported in both overseas and locally, with the majority occurred following the second dose in adolescents.

On 15 September 2021, to balance the risk and benefit in the local setting, the Joint Scientific Committee on Vaccine Preventable Diseases and the Scientific Committee on Emerging and Zoonotic Diseases and the Chief Executive's Expert Advisory Panel (JSC-EAP) recommend persons aged 12 to 17 years to receive one dose of the Comirnaty vaccine, instead of two doses. The JSC-EAP also noted the study results of intravenous injection of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine and acute myocarditis in mouse model and the hypothesis regarding providing intramuscular injection of the Comirnaty vaccine at mid-anterolateral thigh to minimise the potential side effects of the vaccine.

On 23 December 2021, the JSC-EAP presented that emerging data suggest that two doses of Comirnaty vaccine with a longer interval would result in better immune response. The risk of myocarditis and/or pericarditis is also lowered when compared with a shorter interval. In view of the emergence of the Omicron variant, the JSC-EAP recommended persons aged 12 to 17 years to receive the second dose of the Comirnaty vaccine, at least 12 weeks between the two doses. The JSC-EAP also recommends intramuscular injection of the Comirnaty vaccine at midanterolateral thigh, especially for male children and adolescents.

This consensus interim recommendations provided an update on top of the previous JSC-EAP interim recommendation dated 15 September 2021.

Currently, the risk of myocarditis or pericarditis from mRNA vaccine injection was unknown and could not be estimated from the available data.

While the prevailing requirements on COVID-19 vaccination should be followed, the following additional information and workflow should be implemented.

### At Info Zone and injection booths:

Confirm choice of injection site with client by medical team:

For those aged 12 to 17 years adolescents (male or female):

- Offer mid-anterolateral thigh injection as the site of injection.
- Those who made an informed choice to opt-out from midanterolateral thigh injection, can choose to receive the vaccine in deltoid muscle.

### For those aged 18 years or above:

- The workflow is unchanged at the moment and deltoid muscle remains the default site of injection.
- The clients can still choose to receive the mRNA vaccine in their mid-anterolateral thigh on-demand basis.

### Advice to clients for mid-anterolateral thigh injection

- For injection of mRNA vaccine at the mid-anterolateral thigh (大腿前外側中段部位 i.e. vastus lateralis muscle or 'thigh'), the clients should be explained the pros and cons of thigh injection (i.e. the background of this paper), local side effects and how to relieve injection site pain, etc.
- Those who have made an <u>informed choice</u> to receive the vaccine at their thigh should be brought to the special '<u>Thigh Booth</u>' for injection. 'Thigh Booths' should be available at every mRNA vaccine providing venue. The 'Thigh Booth' has front and back opaque curtain, +/- top covered depending on the setup of venue.

### Precautions for thigh injection

Clients with below conditions may not be suitable for thigh injection

- Thigh muscle atrophy/ myopathy
- Infection/ inflammation/ swelling/ presence of wounds or scar tissues/ moles at site of injection
- Other clinical conditions as deemed necessary

## Additional workflow inside injection booth for clients for injection at thigh muscle

Confirm age of and injection site with clients:

Confirm the age of clients

- Confirm with clients that they will have the injection at thigh muscle and have understood the pros and cons without further question.
- Enquire whether they want the injection to be done on the thigh
  of the left or right lower limb.

### Input of injection site to eHS(S) (Additional input):

 If the client chooses to be vaccinated at thigh, this should be documented clearly in the Remarks field of eHS(S);

e.g. "Left thigh" or "Right thigh"

### Roll up pants/ Undress client for thigh injection in "Thigh booth" only:

- Ensure the privacy of clients at all times. Curtains at the thigh booth, both front and back, should be closed before the client undresses.
- Chaperon should be present if deemed appropriate and necessary.
   Parents / guardians are not chaperons.
- The two curtains should be left open in between clients for better ventilation.

#### Choice of needle:

- A 1-inch or 1.5-inch needle with needle gauge 22-25G can be used for mid-anterolateral thigh injection for teenagers or adults<sup>1</sup>.
- Please NOTE the LDV syringes with 1" fixed needle, which are currently provided for mRNA vaccination, are suitable for intramuscular vaccine administration at mid-anterolateral thigh.
- In case the client is of larger build or obese, it is suggested to use
  a longer needle (i.e. 1.5" needle) to avoid inadvertent
  subcutaneous injection. For reference, ACIP guideline<sup>1</sup> suggests a
  1.5" needle should be used for Men >118kg (260lbs) or Women
  >90kg (200lbs) for deltoid injection in adults.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>ACIP Guideline (General Best Practice Guidelines for Immunization: Best Practices Guidance of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices) (https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/administration.html)

 The 1" needle of a standard 1-ml syringe can be replaced by a 1.5" needle when necessary. The preparation of vaccine using this special syringe should be performed in the dilution booth on-site.

### Dilution of mRNA vaccine if 1.5" needle is used

- NO change to dilution method and syringe labelling procedure, only replace a LDV 1-ml syringe with a standard 1-ml syringe and a CHANGED 1.5" needle.
- Prepare only when inoculator makes a request to the dispensary/ dilution booth on-site when the use of 1.5" needle is required.
- For dilution/ reconstitution, GET READY a standard 1-ml syringe with a CHANGED 1.5" needle to be used to draw the required dose of vaccine. The remaining vaccine content in the same vial would be drawn using LDV syringes for a total of 6 doses/vial.
- In occasional circumstances when more than one standard 1-ml syringe with a CHANGED 1.5" needle is needed, it is suggested each vial can be drawn by a <u>maximum of 3 standard 1-ml syringes</u> and 3 LDV syringes.
- Content should not be transferred from withdrawn syringe back to vials for withdrawal into syringe with 1.5 inch needle.

### Locate the mid-anterolateral thigh muscle for injection

Please refer to Figures 1 & 2 for injection site illustration and slides for step-by- step instructions.

- · Arrange client in sitting position. This can help relax the client.
- · Visually divide area between greater trochanter of femur and lateral femoral condyle into thirds and select the middle third.
- Estimate the anatomical position of the injection site which is around one hand's width above the knee to one hand's width below the greater trochanter of femur. The outer middle third of the muscle is used for injections. The width of the muscle extends from the mid-line of the thigh to mid-line of the outer thigh.2

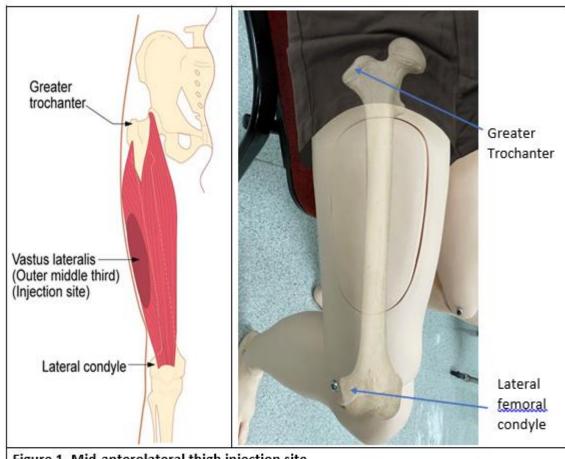


Figure 1. Mid-anterolateral thigh injection site

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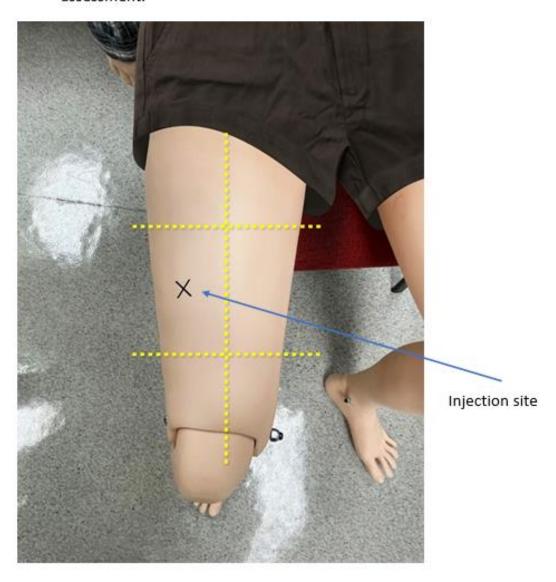
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>7.4 Intramuscular injections. Clinical Procedures for safer patient care. https://opentextbc.ca/clinicalskills/chapter/6-8-iv-push-medicationsand-saline-lock-flush/

### Figures 2. Procedures of mid-anterolateral thigh injection

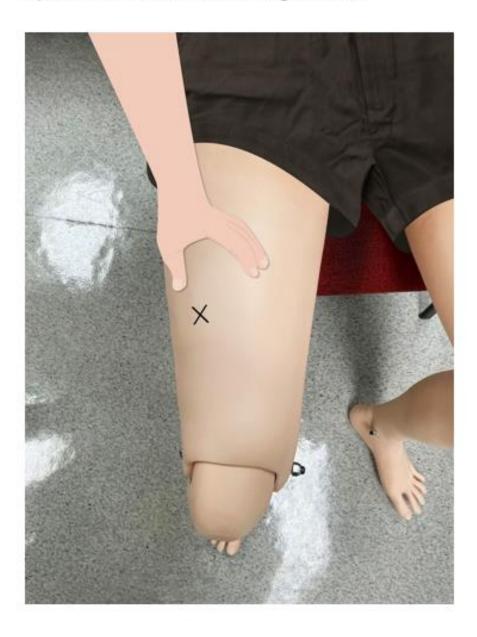
- Visually divide area between greater trochanter of femur and lateral femoral condyle into thirds and select the middle third.
- The top border of the vastus lateralis muscle can be visually determined about a hand-width below the greater trochanter.
- Visually estimate the bottom border of the vastus lateralis muscle which is about a hand-width above the knee



- 2. Identify the side borders of vastus lateralis muscle
- The side borders are from the mid anterior thigh to the mid lateral thigh
- The midpoint of the middle segment is the ideal site for injection
- The chosen site should be based on <u>individualised</u> client assessment.



Spread the skin to isolate the muscle to avoid injection into subcutaneous tissue. For clients with little muscle mass, squeeze the muscle to avoid hitting the bone.



- 6. Disinfect the injection site properly before injection
- 7. The needle should be injected at 90 degrees angle.
- Aspirate before injection. Remove the needle and discard it if blood is aspirated.



### Common local side effects

Common local side effects on the leg where client received the mid-anterolateral thigh injection include but are not limited to the following:

- Pain
- Numbness
- Redness
- Swelling

### Post-vaccination advice

The advice is similar to intramuscular injection to deltoid. The following measures can help to relieve possible mid-anterolateral thigh injection site pain:

- Placing a clean, cool, and wet towel over the area
- Taking paracetamol to relieve pain if not contraindicated

Prepared by PMVD, CHP Version 3.0 10 December 2023

**Annex XII** 

# **Summary of Remarks For Vaccine Recipients (For mRNA vaccines)**

Type of recipients	Scenarios	Input in "Remark" in eHS(s)	
HK residents	Recipients use solely HKSAR passport as	HKID number as listed in the HKSAR passport.	
	the identity document for the 1st dose		
		E.g. HKID: G1234567.	
Persons with different	Different identity documents registered in the	State the identity document used in the previous vaccination	
identity document	previous vaccination		
		E.g. HKSAR passport was used for the 1 <sup>st</sup> dose.	
Persons with Medical	Administer to recipients before the expiry of	Brief reason of overriding a "Medical Exemption Certificate".	
Exemption Certificate	a Medical Exemption Certificate		
		E.g. The recipient is suitable for vaccination after	
		assessment by the Allergy Clinic.	
Persons with thigh injection	-	"Left thigh" or "Right thigh"	
		E.g. Right thigh	
Persons with shorten	Any dose earlier than the recommended	"Explained to [relationship with the minor / adult recipient ],	
vaccination interval	interval	understood and consented to the xx dose with interva	
		<xxdays.< td=""></xxdays.<>	
		E.g 1. Explained to the recipient's mother, she understood	

		and consented to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> dose with interval < 56 days.		
COVID-19 recovered	With history of COVID-19 infection (local	Recovered from COVID-19 infection, Date of discharge (or		
persons	and non-local)	infection), Place of discharge (or infection) [ e.g. HK,		
		mainland China, country name, etc)		
		E.g. Recovered from COVID-19 infection, 1 May 2021, UK.		
	Previous vaccination is less than 14 days	COVID-19 infection was fewer than 14 days from the X dose.		
	apart from infection			
		E.g. COVID-19 infection was fewer than 14 days from the 1st		
		dose.		
	Recipients denied COVID-19 infection but	E.g. No prior COVID-19 infection according to the recipient.		
	eHealth displays the history	Explained to the recipient and consent obtained.		
Persons with non-local	-	Date, place and type of vaccination		
vaccination record				
		E.g. Last dose (5th) Pifizer on 1 Jan 2023 in USA		
Immunocompromised	Immunocompromised persons who request	"Doctor's letter for x dose seen"		
persons	to vaccinate			
		E.g. Doctor's letter for additional booster in 2023/24 seen.		

Annex XIII
Useful links of the document about the vaccination programme

Document type	Document name	QR code of the link (can either click or scan)		
		ENG	СНІ	SChi
Webpage	COVID-19 Thematic website			
	About the Vaccines			
	About the Programme			
	FAQs			
Eligibility for receiving vaccination	Persons eligible for receiving vaccination			
	Samples of identity documents (Annex A of "Quick Guide to joining RVP")			

Package Insert of vaccines	BioNTech XBB.1.5 ( Pediatrics formulation / 10mcg)		
	BioNTech XBB.1.5 ( Toddler formulation / 3 mcg)		
	BioNTech bivalent		
	BioNTech monovalent XBB.1.5		
	Spikevax monovalent XBB.1.5		
Vaccination fact sheet	mRNA COVID-19 vaccine		
Consent form	Applicable to all mRNA / inactivated COVID-19 vaccines under the Government COVID-19 Vaccination Programme		
Expert Opinion	Expert Opinion		
	Recommendations from the Scientific Committee on Emerging and Zoonotic Disease and Scientific Committee on Vaccine Preventable Diseases		

Recommendation on number of doses and interval	How many doses of COVID-19 vaccine recommended for me?		
Information for children and adolescents	COVID-19 Resources from the Hong Kong Society for Paediatric Immunology Allergy and Infectious Diseases		
	Referral letter for Paediatric COVID-19 Vaccine Allergy Safety Assessment		
	FAQ - children and adolescents		
Information for persons with diseases or allergy	Interim Guidance Notes On Common Medical Diseases and COVID-19 Vaccination in Primary Care Settings		
	3 Important Considerations for individuals with chronic diseases		
	Examples of Chronic Diseases		
	Certification for Immunocompromised Persons		
Information for recovered persons	Factsheet on COVID-19 Vaccination For Persons with Prior COVID-19 Infection		

eHealth	User Manual of eHealth System (Subsidies) for COVID-19 Vaccination Programme		
	Quick Guide of Manual Input of Other Documents in the eHealth System (Subsidies) for COVID-19 Vaccination Programme		
	Consent form for eHealth		
	Register eHealth for your child		
Infection control	ICB Infection Control Guidelines		
	Recommendations on Hand Hygiene and Use of Gloves in Health Care Settings		
	Recommendations on the Management and Postexposure Prophylaxis of Needlestick Injury or Mucosal Contact to HBV, HCV and HIV		
	Prevention of Sharps Injury and Mucocutaneous Exposure to Blood and Body Fluids in Healthcare Settings		

	Code of Practice for the Management of Clinical Waste		
Others	COVID-19 Vaccination Online Training Platform		
	Reporting Adverse Drug Reactions		